

QUESTIONS ABOUT DISTANCE – SHOULD/SHOULDN'T

B. GRAMMAR

1. HỎI VÀ TRẢ LỜI VỀ KHOẢNG CÁCH (ASK & ANSWER ABOUT DISTANCE)

Cách dùng	“How far” là câu hỏi thường được dùng để hỏi về khoảng cách, quãng đường giữa 2 địa điểm. Ta đặt “It” làm chủ ngữ trong câu để nói về khoảng cách.
Cấu trúc	How far is it from A to B? It is (about) + khoảng cách
Ví dụ	How far is it from your house to Tan Son Nhat airport? (Khoảng cách từ nhà bạn tới sân bay Tân Sơn Nhất bao xa?) It's about 200 km (Khoảng 200 km)
Lưu ý	Trong câu trả lời về khoảng cách ta thường dùng “about” (khoảng chừng) khi không biết chính xác về khoảng cách đó.

• BÀI TẬP VẬN DỤNG CƠ BẢN:

Bài 1: Khoanh tròn vào đáp án đúng.

- How far is it from your apartment (from/to) the city centre?
- It is (at/ about) 1 kilometre.
- It is not very (near/far) from my house to the post office. It is just 500 metres.
- How far (is it/ it is) from your country to Japan?
- How (far/ much) is it from your location to the train station?
- My house is 2 kilometers (near/ far) from my grandparents' bungalow.
- How far (is it/ are they) from here to the local museum?
- I think it is about 200 (metres/ metre) from here to the nearest bus stop.
- My school is not far (from/to) my house. I can walk to school every day.

10. How far is it (from/ at) your office to the supermarket?

Bài 2: Diền một từ thích hợp vào chỗ trống.

- How _____ is it from your house to the city centre?
- How far is it from this restaurant to the nearest _____? It is about 1 kilometer from this restaurant to the nearest bank?
- How far _____ it from Hanoi to Ho Chi Minh City?
- It is about 5 kilometres from my house _____ yours.
- How far is _____ from your company to your apartment?
- It is _____ 3 kilometres.
- How far is it from my school to yours? _____ is about 8 kilometres
- How far is it _____ where you live to your company?

Bài 3: Dựa vào những câu trả lời cho trước, hãy viết câu hỏi về khoảng cách.

1. _____?

It is about 300 metres from here to the nearest post office.

2. _____?

It is about 3,900 kilometers from New York to California.

3. _____?

It is about 200 metres from my house to my family store.

4. _____?

It is about 4576.89 miles from Beijing to Berlin.

5. _____?

It is about 1 kilometer from my hotel to the beach.

6. _____?

It is approximately 4 kilometers from here to the airport.

7. _____?

It is about 60 kilometers from my parent's house to mine

Bài 4: Dựa vào gợi ý cho sẵn trong ngoặc, trả lời các câu hỏi về khoảng cách sau đây:

1. How far is it from your house to the gym? (300 metres)

2. How far is it from where you live to where you work? (2 kilometres)

3. How far is it from Hanoi to Hoi An? (about 800 kilometres)

4. How far is it from Earth to Mars? (about 34 miles)

5. How far is it from Earth to the nearest star? (4.2 light-years)

2. SHOULD/ SHOULDN'T (Nên/ không nên)

*** Câu trúc**

- (+) S + should + V
- (-) S + shouldn't + V
- (?) Should + S + V?

Ex: You should drive more carefully. (*Bạn nên lái xe cẩn thận hơn.*)
 You shouldn't eat too much sugar. (*Bạn không nên ăn quá nhiều đường.*)
 Should he go to bed early? (*Anh ấy có nên đi ngủ sớm không?*)

BÀI TẬP VẬN DỤNG CƠ BẢN

Ex1 : Use should/shouldn't to complete each sentence.

1. Tom eat so many sweets. It's bad for his teeth.
2. He's fifteen. He drive a car.
3. Pregnant women smoke as it can damage the baby.
4. We go somewhere to relax for our holiday.
5. People drive fast in the town centre.
6. You ask the teacher to help you if you don't understand the lesson.
7. I buy the dress or the skirt
8. She tell lies.
9. That's a fantastic book. You read it
10. The doctor said: you eat healthy food. You eat fast food.
11. You drink fruit juice and water. You drink wine or beer.
12. I don't think you smoke so much.
13. You exercise more.
14. I think I you try to speak to her.
15. You are overweight. You go on a diet.
16. Where we park our car?
17. You never speak to your mother like this.
18. The kid spend so much time in front of the TV.
19. I tell her the truth or should I say nothing?
20. I think we reserve our holiday in advance.

Ex2: Match the sentences in column A with others in column B.

Cột A	Cột B
1. It's too far to walk.	a. You should learn the language before you go.
2. Someone doesn't know which way to go.	b. You should ask a policeman.
3. Someone is going to live overseas.	c. You should wear an overcoat.
4. It's going to be a cold day.	d. You should pay by cheque.
5. Someone is feeling hot and has a headache.	e. You should call the police.
6. Someone has seen somebody breaking into a shop window.	f. You should see a doctor.
7. Someone hasn't got any money with them.	g. You should take a rest.
8. It's raining.	h. You should take a taxi.
9. Someone has to get up early in the morning.	i. You should set your alarm clock.
10. Someone is tired out.	j. You should take an umbrella.

1..... 2..... 3..... 4..... 5.....
 6..... 7..... 8..... 9..... 10.....

Ex3: Choose a suitable verb to complete each following sentence.

brush wear fasten go stay study take visit

1. If you have time you should the National Museum.
2. When you are driving a car, you should your seatbelt.
3. You should helmet when riding a motorbike.
4. It's late and you are tired. You should to bed.
5. You should your teeth at least twice a day.
6. It's too far from here. You should a taxi to get there.
7. If you want to pass the exam, you should more.
8. He wants to lose weight, so he should less
10. He is ill. He should at home.