

# ÔN TẬP HK I

NO 1

## PART I. LISTENING

\* Listen to the conversation and tick T/F. You will listen TWICE.

Statements	T	F
1. Megan doesn't eat meat but she eats fish, cheese and eggs.		
2. For breakfast, she usually has a glass of coffee and some cake.		
3. She doesn't eat school meals because she doesn't like them.		
4. Her favourite meal is pizza.		
5. The passage is mainly about Megan's diet.		

\* Listen and fill each of the gaps with NO MORE THAN TWO words. You will listen TWICE.

6. This is \_\_\_\_\_ report of the Heart to Heart charity.  
A. May      B. June      C. July      D. August

7. Last July, we had a lot of volunteer activities in Cao Bang and \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Ha Giang      B. Son La      C. Dien Bien      D. Lao Cai

8. All the \_\_\_\_\_ and clothes were sent to 850 poor children in the two provinces.  
A. food      B. books      C. money      D. school bags

9. We'd like to thank 50 \_\_\_\_\_ for your time, efforts and endless love for kids.  
A. volunteers      B. students      C. teachers      D. children

10. Teaching children \_\_\_\_\_ and English is one of the useful activities.  
A. Chinese      B. Japanese      C. French      D. Vietnamese

## PART II: LANGUAGE AND GRAMMAR

\* Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others

11. A. started      B. washed      C. decided      D. visited

\* Choose the word whose stress is different from the others

12. A. across      B. brother      C. simple      D. common

\* Choose the best option to complete each sentence

13. Which word belongs to the topic "**Music and arts**"?

A. omelette      B. beef      C. eel      D. folk music

14. They raised money to help \_\_\_\_\_ people.

A. rich      B. homeless      C. poor      D. B and C

15. The coffee isn't sweet. I'll add more \_\_\_\_\_.

A. salt      B. pepper      C. sugar      D. lemon

16. My boyfriend is a \_\_\_\_\_. He plays a musical instrument, especially as a job.

A. poet      B. singer      C. comedian      D. musician

17. It is \_\_\_\_\_ to eat so much junk food.  
A. healthy      B. unhealthy      C. healthful      D. health

18. Mimi has a large \_\_\_\_\_ of stamps.  
A. collect      B. collection      C. collecting      D. collections

19. He's not really \_\_\_\_\_ tall as he looks on TV.  
A. from      B. than      C. as      D. at

20. \_\_\_\_\_ Peter at the party last night?  
A. Has you see      B. Have you seen      C. Did you see      D. Do you see

### PART III: READING (2pts)

\* Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to complete the passage.

It's important to (21)\_\_\_\_ well, especially when you are studying. If you are at primary school, you may not go home for lunch and have a cooked meal of meat or fish and vegetables. A chicken and lettuce sandwich, with some fresh fruit would be a light but (22)\_\_\_\_ lunch. Many people around the world eat plain, boiled rice two or three times a day.

Pupils and students (23)\_\_\_\_ often eat well when they're revising for an exam – they eat chocolate and (24)\_\_\_\_ lots of black coffee! And by the way, doctors say everybody should start the day with healthy breakfast. It's also good for you to drink a lot of (25)\_\_\_\_ through the day.

21. A. have      B. eating      C. having      D. eat

22. A. healthy      B. health      C. fresh      D. unhealthy

23. A. don't      B. doesn't      C. isn't      D. aren't

24. A. drink      B. drinking      C. have      D. having

25. A. wine      B. siro      C. water      D. soft drink

\* Read the text carefully then answer the questions.

Modern graffiti began in big cities in the United States in the 1970s. One of the first "taggers" was a teenager called Demetrius. He wrote his tag TAKI 183 on walls and in subway stations in New York. Other teenagers saw Demetrius's tag and started writing their own tags on walls, buses and subway trains all over New York.

Then, some teenagers started writing their tags with aerosol paint. Their tags were bigger and more colourful. Aerosol paint graffiti became very popular in the 1970s and 1980s and appeared on trains, buses and walls around the world. In the 1990s and 2000s, a lot of graffiti artists started painting pictures. In some countries, writing or painting on walls is a crime and street artists can have problems with the police. In other countries, artists can draw and paint in certain places. For example, in Taiwan, there are 'graffiti zones' where artists can paint on walls.

\* Choose the best answer.

26. When did modern graffiti begin?

A. in the 1970s B. in the 1980s C. in the 1990s D. in the 2000s

27. Demetrius wrote his tag TAKI 183 on walls and in subway stations \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. in London B. in Hanoi C. in New York D. in Sydney

28. After Demetrius, some teenagers started writing their tags with \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. sculpture B. portrait C. colours D. aerosol paint

29. Is graffiti legal in every country in the world?  
A. Yes, it is  
B. No, it isn't. In some countries, it is illegal

30. The word "*He*" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Demetrius B. Picasso C. Leona Davinci D. Vangogh

#### PART IV: WRITING (2pts)

\* Find out the mistake in each of the following sentences.

31. The author of this novel is the same like that one.

A B C D

32. The concert show was quite different than what I thought.

A B C D

\* Arrange the words to make sentences.

33. school / She/ two months / finished / ago.

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34. puppetry / traditional art form. / Water / is a

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\* Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed above it.

35. Lien is more beautiful than Linh. (as)

→ Linh isn't \_\_\_\_\_

36. My painting is not like your painting. (different)

→ My painting is \_\_\_\_\_

\* Make sentences using the words and phrases given.

37. They / not / go / camping / yesterday / because / it / rain / heavily.

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38. I / enjoy / watch / films / TV / every day.

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39. No / dishes / Vietnam / as / famous / Pho

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## NO 2

### PART II: LANGUAGE AND GRAMMAR

\* Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others

11. A. visited      B. painted      C. added      D. knocked

\* Choose the word whose stress is different from the others

12. A. simple      B. brother      C. across      D. common

\* Choose the best option to complete each sentence

13. Which word belongs to the topic "**Food and drink**"?

A. omelette      B. puppet      C. picture      D. dance

14. He likes \_\_\_\_\_ activities such as cleaning up the park and donating food for children.

A. sport      B. tutor      C. indoor      D. community

15. My favorite \_\_\_\_\_ is roast chicken.

A. biscuit      B. juice      C. dish      D. subject

16. The piano is her favorite \_\_\_\_\_.

A. sculpture      B. drawing      C. instrumentD. concert

17. It is \_\_\_\_\_ to eat so much junk food.

A. healthy      B. health      C. healthful      D. unhealthy

18. Mimi has a large \_\_\_\_\_ of stamps.

A. collect      B. collecting      C. collection      D. collections

19. He's not really \_\_\_\_\_ tall as he looks on TV.

A. as      B. than      C. from      D. at

20. \_\_\_\_\_ Peter last week?

A. Has you meet      B. Have you met      C. Did you meet      D. Do you meet

### PART III: READING

\* Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to complete the passage.

It's important to eat well, especially when you (21)\_\_\_\_\_ studying. If you are at primary school, you may not go home for lunch and have a cooked meal of meat or fish and vegetables. A chicken and lettuce sandwich, with some fresh fruit would be a light but (22)\_\_\_\_\_ lunch. Many people around the world eat plain, boiled rice two or three times a day.

Pupils and students don't often eat (23)\_\_\_\_\_ when they're revising for an exam – they eat chocolate and (24)\_\_\_\_\_ lots of black coffee! And by the way, doctors say everybody should start the day with healthy breakfast. It's also good for you to drink a lot of (25)\_\_\_\_\_ through the day.

21. A. am      B. is      C. are      D. be

22. A. healthy      B. health      C. fresh      D. unhealthy

23. A. quick      B. slow      C. good      D. well

24. A. have      B. having      C. drink      D. drinking  
25. A. soft drink      B. water      C. siro      D. wine

\* Read the text carefully then answer the questions.

Modern graffiti began in big cities in the United States in the 1970s. One of the first "taggers" was a teenager called Demetrius. He wrote his tag TAKI 183 on walls and in subway stations in New York. Other teenagers saw Demetrius's tag and started writing their own tags on walls, buses and subway trains all over New York.

Then, some teenagers started writing their tags with aerosol paint. Their tags were bigger and more colourful. Aerosol paint graffiti became very popular in the 1970s and 1980s and appeared on trains, buses and walls around the world. In the 1990s and 2000s, a lot of graffiti artists started painting pictures. In some countries, writing or painting on walls is a crime and street artists can have problems with the police. In other countries, artists can draw and paint in certain places. For example, in Taiwan, there are 'graffiti zones' where artists can paint on walls.

\* Choose the best answer.

26. Where did modern graffiti begin?

A. in Australia      B. in India      C. in China      D. in the United States

27. Demetrius wrote his tag TAKI \_\_\_\_\_ on walls and in subway stations in New York.

A. 163      B. 173      C. 183      D. 193

28. The word "He" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Demetrius      B. Picasso      C. Leona Davinci      D. Vangogh

29. After Demetrius, some teenagers started writing their tags with \_\_\_\_\_.

A. aerosol paint      B. portrait      C. colours      D. sculpture

30. Is graffiti legal in every country in the world?

A. Yes, it is  
B. No, it isn't. In some countries, it is illegal

#### PART IV: WRITING

\* Find out the mistake in each of the following sentences.

31. We no wear uniforms at our school every day.

A    B      C      D

32. Her book is different as mine.

A    B      C    D

\* Arrange the words to make sentences.

33. her work / She/ two months / finished / ago.

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34. puppetry / the 11<sup>th</sup> century. / Water / began / in

\* Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed above it.

35. Juan is taller than Patricia. (as)

→ Patricia isn't \_\_\_\_\_

36. My painting is not like your painting. (different)

→ My painting is \_\_\_\_\_

\* Make sentences using the words and phrases given.

37. We / not / go / on a picnic / yesterday / because / it / snow / heavily.

38. I / like / build / dollhouses / very much.

39. No / dishes / Hai Duong / as / famous / Banh-Dau Xanh