

Money

1  24 Listen and repeat. Match the symbols with words in the box.

Vocabulary Money and Maths

cent coin dollar equals euro minus
note pence plus pound

1 \$ dollar 3 € 5 p 7 -
2 £ 4 c 6 + 8 =

2 Label the money.

cents cents dollar euros pence pounds

	Coins	Notes
the USA	 fifty ¹ <u>cents</u>	 one ² <u> </u>
the UK	 twenty ³ <u> </u>	 five ⁴ <u> </u>
some European countries	 twenty ⁵ <u> </u>	 ten ⁶ <u> </u>

3 Read the text. Did you label the money in Exercise 2 correctly?

A currency is the money we use in a country. Different countries have different currencies.

The British pound (£)

The British pound is one of the oldest currencies in the world. There are notes for 5, 10, 20 and 50 pounds. The new notes are plastic, not paper. There are lots of coins: 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 50 pence. You can say 'pence' or 'p'. The other coins are 1 pound and 2 pounds.

Currencies

The US dollar (\$)

The US dollar is a popular currency. There are notes: 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 dollars and coins: 1, 5, 10, 25, 50 cents and 1 dollar. The coins have names. One cent is a 'penny', 5 cents is a 'nickel', ten cents is a 'dime', 25 cents is a 'quarter' and 50 cents is a 'half dollar.'

4 Read the text again. Circle (True) or F (False).

1 The new British notes aren't paper. T / F
2 The US dollar is the oldest currency in the world. T / F
3 The Euro has eight notes. T / F
4 Some US cents have names. T / F

5 How much money have you got? Do the maths and write.

LOOK!

1 cent, 2 cents, 3 cents ...
1 penny, 2 pence, 3 pence ...

1 £1 + 50p = £1.50
One pound plus fifty pence equals one pound fifty.

2 £5 - 20p = £

3 \$20 - \$1.10 = \$

4 €50 + €2.20 = €

6 In your notebook, answer the questions.

1 What currency do you use in your country?
2 Which note and coin from the text do you like best? Why?
3 What other currencies do you know?

The Euro (€)

The Euro is a new currency and many European countries use it. There are notes for 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200 and 500 euros. There are eight coins: the cents are 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 50 and the euros are 1 and 2. The coins are the same on one side, but on the other side there are different pictures for each country. For example, Austria has Mozart, Belgium has the king and France has a tree.