



OPPOSITE ADJECTIVES



A. Trova il contrario: inserisci gli aggettivi della tabella al posto giusto

short	ugly	happy	early	small
boring	cheap	cold	safe	light

interesting	
dangerous	
large	
expensive	
beautiful	

late	
tall	
heavy	
hot	
sad	

COMPARATIVES & SUPERLATIVES

B. Completa la tabella: attenzione agli aggettivi irregolari!

Comparative Adjectives	Rules	Examples
One syllable	Add er	cleaner
Two syllables ending in -y	Change y to i and add er	busier
Two or more syllables that does not end with y	Use the word more or less	more active less generous

adjective	comparative	superlative
young		the
fat		the
pretty		the
comfortable		the
good		the
bad		the
boring		the
difficult		the

C. Completa le frasi con la forma corretta del comparativo di maggioranza

1. Chimpanzees are _____ (intelligent) than mice.
2. Science is _____ (interesting) than geography.
3. Trieste is _____ (safe) than Napoli.
4. My brother is _____ (tall) than me.
5. Chocolate is _____ (bad) than fruit for you .
6. Rome is _____ (far) than Florence from Trieste.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
		
tall	taller	the tallest

D. Confronta usando il comparativo di maggioranza. Scrivi delle frasi

Nick/ Sarah (tall)

Nick is taller than Sarah

1. English/ Maths (easy)

2. Your bag / my bag (pretty)

3. Adele / Laura Pausini (good)

4. Diamonds (=diamanti) / pearls (=perle) (expensive)

E. Completa le frasi con la forma corretta del superlativo.

Ricordati di inserire anche "the"

Superlative Adjectives	Rules	Examples
One syllable	Add est	cleanest
Two syllables ending in -y	Change y to i and add est	busiest
Two or more syllables that does not end with y	Use the word most or least	most active least generous

1. Basketball is the _____ - (exciting) game in the world.

2. Which is _____ (new) theatre in London?

3. I think orange is _____ (good) colour for our classroom walls.

4: _____ (tall) man in the world was 2.72 m. tall.

5: The Eiffel Tower is _____ (famous) building in Paris.

F. Inserisci il comparativo di maggioranza o il superlativo degli aggettivi fra parentesi.

Ex : Peter is shorter than (short) Vincent.

Glasgow is the largest (large) town in Scotland.

I think windsurfing is _____ (interesting) swimming.

Who is _____ (old)? Your father or your mother? (**attenzione: confronto tra 2 elementi!**)

The Po is _____ (long) river in Italy.

February is _____ (short) month of the year.

My brother is _____ (bad) me at sports.

New York is _____ (beautiful) city in the world.

My bike is _____ (old) your bike.