PHÒNG GD & ĐT VIỆT TRÌ
TRƯỜNG THCS DỮU LÂU

ĐỀ THAM KHẢO TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10
TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG NĂM HỌC 2024 – 2025.
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
Đề thi có: 03 trang
Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, *Không kể thời gian giao đề*

Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (0,8 điểm)

1. **A.** <u>c</u>ancer	**B.** <u>c</u>oncentrates	**C.** <u>c</u>entury	**D.** <u>c</u>ancel
2. **A.** est<u>a</u>blish	**B.** <u>a</u>rtisan	**C.** attr<u>a</u>ction	**D.** h<u>a</u>ndicraft
3. **A.** program<u>s</u>	**B.** invite<u>s</u>	**C.** laugh<u>s</u>	**D.** envelope<u>s</u>
4. **A.** help<u>ed</u>	**B.** remark<u>ed</u>	**C.** watch<u>ed</u>	**D.** struggl<u>ed</u>

Câu II. Chọn một phương án đúng nhất A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau. (3,2 điểm)

1. Michael rarely returns to his hometown, _____?
A. doesn't he **B.** hasn't he **C.** does he **D.** has he

2. The decision was postponed, _____was exactly what he wanted.
A. which **B.** that **C.** who **D.** whom

3. I work in an aircraft factory and _____
A. so do my brother **B.** my brother doesn't, either
C. neither do my brother **D.** my brother does, too

4. I want to _____a table at the Muong Thanh Hotel.
A. maintain **B.** reserve **C.** manage **D.** allow

5. She_____speak more loudly because we can hardly hear what she is saying.
A. ought to **B.** shouldn't **C.** mustn't **D.** will

6. _____the film begins with a terrible disaster, it has a happy ending.
A. Because of **B.** In spite of **C.** Although **D.** Because

7. Nowadays, people tend to go on a holiday _____ than they did in the past so that they can broaden their knowledge of the surrounding world and enjoy their life more.
A. frequently **B.** more frequent **C.** frequentlier **D.** more frequently

8. My elder sister isn't_____to carry that heavy suitcase.
A. so strong **B.** too strong **C.** strong enough **D.** enough strong

9. It _____ that some foreigners had collected rubbish on Cat Ba Beach.
A. reports **B.** had been reported **C.** reported **D.** was reported

10. She wore _____ the party last night.
A. a long white wedding dress **B.** a white long wedding dress
C. a wedding white long dress **D.** a long wedding white dres

11. Make sure you _____us a visit when you are in town again
A. give **B.** do **C.** pay **D.** have

12. The match between Arsenal and MU was _____ because of bad weather.
A. kept out **B.** set out **C.** sent off **D.** called off

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ đồng nghĩa với từ được gạch chân.

13. It's extremely **rude** not to say "Thank you" when you are given something.
A. casual **B.** careless **C.** embarrassing **D.** impolite

14. I received housing benefit when I was **unemployed.**
A. out of order **B.** out of fashion **C.** out of work **D.** out of practice

Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu đáp lại phù hợp ở các tình huống giao tiếp sau.

15. *Two friends are talking about the plan for tonight.*
Minh: "_____."
Hoa: "I'd love to. Thank you."
A.Would you like to go to the new coffee shop with me?
B. What would you do if you can afford a new car?
C. Would you like a cake?
D. Why do you spend so much time playing games?

16. Two classmates are talking after the closing ceremony.
Linda: "What are you thinking of doing when you leave school?" **- Tom:** "_____"
A. I'm not that great at technology.
B. Not much. My dad is an engineer.
C. I'm not sure. Maybe something with history.
D. Oh, languages are definitely not my strengths.

Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau: (0,8 điểm)

1. It takes my children fifteen minutes to go to the school by bike every day.
A **B** **C** **D**

2. When it began to rain, the BBQ was prepared in the garden by the Smiths.
A **B** **C** **D**

3. I would rather hang out with ours friends tonight, so I try to finish my homework.
A **B** **C** **D**

4. His teacher suggested he spends less time playing computer games and learning more.
A **B** **C** **D**

Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc trong các câu sau. (0,8 điểm)

1. This is my last day here. I **(fly)** ..... to Ho Chi Minh City tomorrow.
2. The walls **(not paint)** ..... since I saw it.
3. I don't mind **(ride)** ..... a bike to school on rainy days.
4. Students are encouraged **(think)**..... greatively.

Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu sau. (0,8 điểm)

1. Housework has ..... been regarded as women's work. **(tradition)**
2. What is the correct..... of this word? **(pronounce)**
3. We apologize for the delay and any ..... caused. **(convenient)**
4. Many English words have been ..... over the centuries. **(simplicity)**

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Câu VI. Chọn một phương án đúng nhất A, B, C hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau. (0,8 điểm)

HAS GOOGLE MADE US STUPID?

The rise of Google and other search engines has changed the way we remember information, according to research. **(1)** ……we now have access to all the information we could possibly want at the touch of a button, we no longer need to store so much information in our heads. It's been suggested that this is actually changing the way our brains store and recall information. We're quite likely **(2)** …… information that we believe we can find online and more likely to remember something that we might not be able to access on the internet. We are now better at remembering where we can **(3)** …… of the information than we are at remembering the information itself. Interestingly, the brain is a malleable organ, **(4)** …… changes according to our circumstances. So, it's not just Google that can change the way we remember things. We have always looked to "experts" to remember things for us. And even in more informal ways, long-term couples also learn to rely on each other for remembering information.

Now, where did I put my keys?

1. A. However	**B.** Although	**C.** Because	**D.** Because of
2. A. forgetful	**B.** forgot	**C.** forgettable	**D.** to forget
3. A. get hold	**B.** make use	**C.** take notice	**D.** take care
4. A. that	**B.** which	**C.** what	**D.** who

Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn và chộn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (0,8 điểm)

The price of holidays can fluctuate a great deal throughout the year, so you can save a lot if you are flexible with your travel dates and avoid peak holiday times. It can be also cheaper if you book well in advance. Before your departure, make sure you get as much information about your destination as you can. Find out if you require any special visas or permits to travel there. Think about spending money as well. Will you be able to access your own money easily enough or will you need to take cash with you? Think about eating larger lunches and smaller evening meals to help your money go further, as lunch is generally cheaper. Make sure that you keep sufficient identification with you at all times. It may also help to email a copy of your passport details to yourself, in case ***it*** is lost or stolen. Label your suitcases clearly so that they can be easily identified as yours. It can be useful to store a copy of your ***itinerary*** in a prominent place in your suitcase so that the airline will know where to find you if your luggage gets lost.

Be sure to pack any medication or other essential items in your hand luggage. If your flight is delayed, or your luggage is lost, these can be difficult to obtain in an airport or foreign country.

1. Which can be the best title for the passage?

A. Travel procedures	**B.** Travel advice
C. How to adjust travel dates	**D.** Protect your luggage

2. According to the passage, your luggage should be.....

A. stored in a safe place.	**B.** tagged in case of being lost.
C. packed with your passport.	**D.** painted a bright colour.

3. The underlined word **"*it*"** refers to your .....

A. identification **B.** luggage **C.** passport **D.** flight

4. What is the word ***"itinerary"*** in closest meaning to?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

A. a plan of a journey
B. a plan of holiday
C. a plan of a vacation
D. a plan of camping

Câu VIII. Đọc đoạn văn và trả lời các câu hỏi. (0,8 điểm)

As for transportation, ecotourists might prefer a biking or walking tour to a bus tour which may contribute to air pollution. They often avoid travelling on a cruise ship, as a cruise ship is a great source of air and water pollution, with harmful emissions sent into the air and passengers' waste dumped into the sea. A cruise ship might also cause damage to coral reefs and the ecosystem that it travels near.

What about accommodation? Ecotourists can choose hotels and tourism companies that hire mainly local staff, as a way to contribute to the local economy. They can also directly benefit the local people by staying in their homes and studying local traditions.

What else makes tourists become ecotourists? Ecotourists can take part in activities or projects to protect the local environment, such as recycling used products or cleaning up the beach. In general, if they make their trip environmentally and socially responsible, they are ecotourists.

1. Do ecotourists prefer a walking tour or a bus tour?
-.....
2. Are harmless emissions released into the air by a cruise ship?
-.....
3. How can ecotourists benefit the local economy and local people?
-.....
4. What activities or projects can ecotourists take part in to protect the local environment?
-.....

Câu IX. Hoàn chỉnh câu thứ hai sao cho không thay đổi nghĩa so với câu đã cho. (1,2 điểm)

1. They require special permits to access Son Doong Cave.
-> Special permits .....
2. "Did your sister help you type your essay yesterday morning, Susan?" Jim asked.
-> Jim asked .....
3. Promise to try harder , otherwise, I won't help you.
-> If.....
4. Nam last flew a kite with his friend last summer.
-> Nam has .....
5. She is a gentler presenter than other students in the class.
-> She presents.....
6. Because of her lack of confidence, she failed to become the best orator.
-> Because .....

The end.

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