



**SOAL UJIAN MAPEL BAHASA INGGRIS  
SEMESTER GANJIL TP 2024/2025  
SMP NEGERI 210 JAKARTA**



**NASKAH SOAL UJIAN**

**1 Read this text to answer the questions below!**

Proboscis monkeys or *Nasalis larvatus* are endemic species that live in Borneo. People in Kalimantan call them *bahara bentangan*. There are two subspecies of Proboscis monkey. They are *Nasalis larvatus orientalis* and *Nasalis larvatus larvatus*. Proboscis monkeys have a unique nose. People can easily recognize them from the long nose. The females have a smaller nose than the males. Proboscis monkeys are diurnal primates. They are active during the day. In the evening, they look for trees to sleep in. They do not need a nest to sleep. Proboscis monkeys eat young leaves, fruits, lowers, and seeds. They also eat several types of insects. Illegal hunting becomes the main threat for proboscis monkeys. Illegal logging and forest fires make the number of their population decreasing.

Adapted from: Bekantan (*Nasalis larvatus*)

**How many subspecies of Proboscis monkey are there? {Point: 1}**

- A One
- B Two
- C Three
- D Four

**2 Read this text to answer the questions below!**

Proboscis monkeys or *Nasalis larvatus* are endemic species that live in Borneo. People in Kalimantan call them *bahara bentangan*. There are two subspecies of Proboscis monkey. They are *Nasalis larvatus orientalis* and *Nasalis larvatus larvatus*. Proboscis monkeys have a unique nose. People can easily recognize them from the long nose. The females have a smaller nose than the males. Proboscis monkeys are diurnal primates. They are active during the day. In the evening, they look for trees to sleep in. They do not need a nest to sleep. Proboscis monkeys eat young leaves, fruits, lowers, and seeds. They also eat several types of insects. Illegal hunting becomes the main threat for proboscis monkeys. Illegal logging and forest fires make the number of their population decreasing.

Adapted from: Bekantan (*Nasalis larvatus*)

**What makes proboscis monkeys different from other monkeys? {Point: 1}**

- A Proboscis monkeys have a unique nose.
- B The females are bigger than the males.
- C Proboscis monkeys eat fruits.
- D They live in Borneo.

**3 Read this text to answer the questions below!**

Proboscis monkeys or *Nasalis larvatus* are endemic species that live in Borneo. People in Kalimantan call them *bahara bentangan*. There are two subspecies of Proboscis monkey. They are *Nasalis larvatus orientalis* and *Nasalis larvatus larvatus*. Proboscis monkeys have a unique nose. People can easily recognize them from the long nose. The females have a smaller nose than the males. Proboscis monkeys are diurnal primates. They are active during the day. In the evening, they look for trees to sleep in. They do not need a nest to sleep. Proboscis monkeys eat young leaves, fruits, lowers, and seeds. They also eat several types of insects. Illegal hunting becomes the main threat for proboscis monkeys. Illegal logging and forest fires make the number of their population decreasing.

Adapted from: Bekantan (*Nasalis larvatus*)

**We can conclude that proboscis monkeys... {Point: 1}**

- A They are carnivore
- B Build nest on a tree
- C Sleep on a tree
- D Do not have tails

4 **Read this text to answer the questions below!**

Proboscis monkeys or *Nasalis larvatus* are endemic species that live in Borneo. People in Kalimantan call them bahara bentangan. There are two subspecies of Proboscis monkey. They are *Nasalis larvatus orientalis* and *Nasalis larvatus larvatus*. Proboscis monkeys have a unique nose. People can easily recognize them from the long nose. The females have a smaller nose than the males. Proboscis monkeys are diurnal primates. They are active during the day. In the evening, they look for trees to sleep in. They do not need a nest to sleep. Proboscis monkeys eat young leaves, fruits, lowers, and seeds. They also eat several types of insects. Illegal hunting becomes the main threat for proboscis monkeys. Illegal logging and forest fires make the number of their population decreasing.

Adapted from: Bekantan (*Nasalis larvatus*)

**What do proboscis monkeys eat? {Point: 1}**

- (A) meat
- (B) bird
- (C) leaf
- (D) tree

5 **Read this text to answer the questions below!**

Proboscis monkeys or *Nasalis larvatus* are endemic species that live in Borneo. People in Kalimantan call them bahara bentangan. There are two subspecies of Proboscis monkey. They are *Nasalis larvatus orientalis* and *Nasalis larvatus larvatus*. Proboscis monkeys have a unique nose. People can easily recognize them from the long nose. The females have a smaller nose than the males. Proboscis monkeys are diurnal primates. They are active during the day. In the evening, they look for trees to sleep in. They do not need a nest to sleep. Proboscis monkeys eat young leaves, fruits, lowers, and seeds. They also eat several types of insects. Illegal hunting becomes the main threat for proboscis monkeys. Illegal logging and forest fires make the number of their population decreasing.

Adapted from: Bekantan (*Nasalis larvatus*)

**Why do illegal logging and also forest fires make the number of proboscis monkeys' population decreasing? Because illegal logging and also forest fires... {Point: 1}**

- (A) kill all proboscis monkeys in Borneo
- (B) stop proboscis monkeys' population to grow
- (C) make people want to hunt proboscis monkeys
- (D) make proboscis monkeys lose their habitat

6 **Choose the noun groups in the sentences below!**

A big black gorilla is sleeping in its nest. {Point: 1}

- (A) A big
- (B) A big black gorilla
- (C) Sleeping in its nest.
- (D) in its nest

7 **Choose the noun groups in the sentences below!**

A small reddish-brown orangutan is swinging between. {Point: 1}

- (A) A small
- (B) Reddish-brown
- (C) Orangutan is swinging
- (D) A small reddish-brown orangutan

8 **Choose the noun groups in the sentences below!**

A strong, large, black gorilla is feeding on bamboo shoots. {Point: 1}

- (A) A strong
- (B) A strong, large, black gorilla
- (C) A strong, large, balck gorilla is feeding
- (D) A strong, large, black gorilla is feeding on bamboo shoots.

- 9 **Complete the paragraph with appropriate options below!**  
 Orangutans are the largest arboreal (9) \_\_\_\_\_. The malay word orangutan means men of the (10) \_\_\_\_\_. They are found in Borneo and Sumatra. Orangutans' arms are long. When they stand, (11) \_\_\_\_\_ hands almost touch the ground. Their arms are suited to their lifestyle because they spend most of their life in the trees. They also build their nests in trees of leafy branches. They use the large leaves from the tree to (12) \_\_\_\_\_ themselves from rain. Orangutans (13) \_\_\_\_\_ fruits, insects, bark, and sometimes meat. Deforestation and illegal (14) \_\_\_\_\_ make orangutans on the edge of extinction.  
**Orangutans are the largest arboreal (9) \_\_\_\_\_.** {Point: 1}  
 A Eat  
 B Protect  
 C Mammal  
 D Forest
- 10 **Complete the paragraph with appropriate options below!**  
 Orangutans are the largest arboreal (9) \_\_\_\_\_. The malay word orangutan means men of the (10) \_\_\_\_\_. They are found in Borneo and Sumatra. Orangutans' arms are long. When they stand, (11) \_\_\_\_\_ hands almost touch the ground. Their arms are suited to their lifestyle because they spend most of their life in the trees. They also build their nests in trees of leafy branches. They use the large leaves from the tree to (12) \_\_\_\_\_ themselves from rain. Orangutans (13) \_\_\_\_\_ fruits, insects, bark, and sometimes meat. Deforestation and illegal (14) \_\_\_\_\_ make orangutans on the edge of extinction.  
**The malay word orangutan means men of the (10) \_\_\_\_\_. They are found in Borneo and Sumatra. Orangutans' arms are long.** {Point: 1}  
 A Eat  
 B Protect  
 C Mammal  
 D Forest
- 11 **Complete the paragraph with appropriate options below!**  
 Orangutans are the largest arboreal (9) \_\_\_\_\_. The malay word orangutan means men of the (10) \_\_\_\_\_. They are found in Borneo and Sumatra. Orangutans' arms are long. When they stand, (11) \_\_\_\_\_ hands almost touch the ground. Their arms are suited to their lifestyle because they spend most of their life in the trees. They also build their nests in trees of leafy branches. They use the large leaves from the tree to (12) \_\_\_\_\_ themselves from rain. Orangutans (13) \_\_\_\_\_ fruits, insects, bark, and sometimes meat. Deforestation and illegal (14) \_\_\_\_\_ make orangutans on the edge of extinction.  
**They are found in Borneo and Sumatra. Orangutans' arms are long. When they stand, (11) \_\_\_\_\_ hands almost touch the ground.** {Point: 1}  
 A hunting  
 B their  
 C forest  
 D mammal
- 12 **Complete the paragraph with appropriate options below!**  
 Orangutans are the largest arboreal (9) \_\_\_\_\_. The malay word orangutan means men of the (10) \_\_\_\_\_. They are found in Borneo and Sumatra. Orangutans' arms are long. When they stand, (11) \_\_\_\_\_ hands almost touch the ground. Their arms are suited to their lifestyle because they spend most of their life in the trees. They also build their nests in trees of leafy branches. They use the large leaves from the tree to (12) \_\_\_\_\_ themselves from rain. Orangutans (13) \_\_\_\_\_ fruits, insects, bark, and sometimes meat. Deforestation and illegal (14) \_\_\_\_\_ make orangutans on the edge of extinction.  
**Their arms are suited to their lifestyle because they spend most of their life in the trees. They also build their nests in trees of leafy branches. They use the large leaves from the tree to (12) \_\_\_\_\_ themselves from rain.** {Point: 1}  
 A eat  
 B mammal  
 C protect  
 D forest

13 **Complete the paragraph with appropriate options below!**

Orangutans are the largest arboreal (9) \_\_\_\_\_. The Malay word orangutan means men of the (10) \_\_\_\_\_. They are found in Borneo and Sumatra. Orangutans' arms are long. When they stand, (11) \_\_\_\_\_ hands almost touch the ground. Their arms are suited to their lifestyle because they spend most of their life in the trees. They also build their nests in trees of leafy branches. They use the large leaves from the tree to (12) \_\_\_\_\_ themselves from rain. Orangutans (13) \_\_\_\_\_ fruits, insects, bark, and sometimes meat. Deforestation and illegal (14) \_\_\_\_\_ make orangutans on the edge of extinction.

**Orangutans (13) \_\_\_\_\_ fruits, insects, bark, and sometimes meat. {Point: 1}**

- (A) protect
- (B) mammal
- (C) forest
- (D) eat

14 **Complete the paragraph with appropriate options below!**

Orangutans are the largest arboreal (9) \_\_\_\_\_. The Malay word orangutan means men of the (10) \_\_\_\_\_. They are found in Borneo and Sumatra. Orangutans' arms are long. When they stand, (11) \_\_\_\_\_ hands almost touch the ground. Their arms are suited to their lifestyle because they spend most of their life in the trees. They also build their nests in trees of leafy branches. They use the large leaves from the tree to (12) \_\_\_\_\_ themselves from rain. Orangutans (13) \_\_\_\_\_ fruits, insects, bark, and sometimes meat. Deforestation and illegal (14) \_\_\_\_\_ make orangutans on the edge of extinction.

**Deforestation and illegal (14) \_\_\_\_\_ make orangutans on the edge of extinction. {Point: 1}**

- (A) hunting
- (B) their
- (C) forest
- (D) mammal

15 **Read these text to answer the questions below!**

Last week, my parents and I went to Bogor to spend our weekend. We went there by car and arrived at the hotel at ten in the morning. On the first day, we went to Bogor Botanical Garden. The garden was very big. I rented a bicycle to go around the garden. After a few hours spending our day in the garden, we went to a restaurant in the middle of the garden to have some lunch. On the second day, we went to Taman Topi. It was not far from the hotel. We decided to walk there. There were some buildings with the designs of giant hats. That's why it's called Taman Topi. We took some photos there and tried some local food at the food court. After we had lunch, we went back to the hotel. After we checked out from the hotel, we went home to Jakarta. It was a lovely holiday.

**What day did the writer go to Bogor to spend the holiday last week? {Point: 1}**

- (A) Wednesday
- (B) Thursday
- (C) Monday
- (D) Saturday

16 **Read these text to answer the questions below!**

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**Where did the writer rent a bicycle? {Point: 1}**

- (A) At the hotel.
- (B) At Bogor Botanical Garden
- (C) At the food court
- (D) At Taman Topi

17 **Read these text to answer the questions below!**

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**How many days did the writer spend the holiday? {Point: 1}**

- A 1 day
- B 2 days
- C 3 days
- D 4 days

18 **Read these text to answer the questions below!**

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**We can conclude that .... {Point: 1}**

- A The writer lives in Jakarta
- B There was no swimming pool at the hotel
- C The writer went to Taman Topi alone
- D Taman Topi was a place full of hats

19 **The man \_\_\_\_\_ a good shoes for his tournament. {Point: 1}**

- A has
- B have
- C had
- D was

20 **They \_\_\_\_\_ any new dress for their party. {Point: 1}**

- A doesn't have
- B doesn't has
- C don't have
- D doesn't has

21 **\_\_\_\_\_ The family \_\_\_\_\_ a new house? {Point: 10}**

- A does, have
- B do, have
- C don't, has
- D doesn't. haved

22 **\_\_\_\_\_ Mike \_\_\_\_\_ new shirt for his date? {Point: 1}**

- A Does, have
- B Do, have
- C Don't, has
- D Doesn't, have

- 23 **Mika \_\_\_\_\_ a new good shoes. {Point: 1}**
- (A) have
  - (B) has
  - (C) had
  - (D) have had
- 24 **\_\_\_\_\_ My family \_\_\_\_\_ a big house and many rooms? {Point: 1}**
- (A) do, have
  - (B) does, has
  - (C) don't have
  - (D) does, have
- 25 **Fill in the blanks with the past continuous or the past simple.**  
While we \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch, a street singer \_\_\_\_\_ (sing) my favorite song. {Point: 1}
- (A) having lunch, was singing
  - (B) had lunch, sang
  - (C) had lunch, was singing
  - (D) were having lunch, sang
- 26 **Fill in the blanks with the past continuous or the past simple.**  
While we \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch, a street singer \_\_\_\_\_ (sing) my favorite song.  
{Point: 1}
- (A) having lunch, was singing
  - (B) had lunch, sang
  - (C) had lunch, was singing
  - (D) were having lunch, sang
- 27 **Fill in the blanks with the past continuous or the past simple.**  
My mother \_\_\_\_\_ (call) me when I \_\_\_\_\_ (cycle) around the garden. {Point: 1}
- (A) was calling, cycled
  - (B) is calling, cycling
  - (C) is calling, was cycling
  - (D) called, was cycling
- 28 **Fill in the blanks with the past continuous or the past simple.**  
My father \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV when we \_\_\_\_\_ (come). {Point: 1}
- (A) is watching, came
  - (B) watched, was coming.
  - (C) was watching, came
  - (D) watch, come.
- 29 **Fill in the blanks with the past continuous or the past simple.**  
The phone \_\_\_\_\_ (ring) while we \_\_\_\_\_ (have) dinner. {Point: 1}
- (A) is ringing, having dinner
  - (B) was ringing, have dinner
  - (C) rang, were having
  - (D) ringing, having

- 30 **Fill in the blanks with the past continuous or the past simple.**  
The sun \_\_\_\_\_ (shine) when I \_\_\_\_\_ (get) up this morning. {Point: 1}
- A is shining, get
  - B was shining, got
  - C shone, was getting
  - D shine, is getting
- 31 What is recount text? {Point: 1}
- A A text which tells about the things happened in the past
  - B A text which tells about describe people, things, and place
  - C A text which tells about report the news
  - D A text which tells about fiction, or imaginative
- 32 The type of recount text are.... {Point: 1}
- A Fiction and non- fiction
  - B report and describe
  - C Personal, factual, biographical
  - D personal, group, biographical
- 33 The generic structures of recount text are.... {Point: 1}
- A orientation, non-orientation, climacs
  - B events, re orientation, non-orientation
  - C orientation, events, re orientation
  - D re orientation, climacs, non orientation
- 34 The language features of recount text are use... {Point: 1}
- A simple present tense
  - B simple past tense
  - C past continuous tense
  - D past perfect tense
- 35 **Fill in the blanks by choosing the options with the suitable possessive adjectives!**  
Galang and 35) \_\_\_\_\_ friends are writing a report about the life of Gorillas and Orangutans. Galang divides the task for 36) \_\_\_\_\_ friends. Monita's task is to find information about Gorillas. 37) \_\_\_\_\_ notes are about the physical appearance of a gorilla. Andre and Pipit work together to ind information about orangutans. 38) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to take notes about the physical appearance of orangutans. Galang is the captain of the group. 39) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to collect all of the information and write them as a report. Galang and 40) \_\_\_\_\_ friends should submit their report on Monday.  
**Galang and 35) \_\_\_\_\_ friends are writing a report about the life of Gorillas and Orangutans. {Point: 1}**
- A his
  - B her
  - C him
  - D their

- 36 **Fill in the blanks by choosing the options with the suitable possessive adjectives!**  
Galang and 35) \_\_\_\_\_ friends are writing a report about the life of Gorillas and Orangutans. Galang divides the task for 36) \_\_\_\_\_ friends. Monita's task is to find information about Gorillas. 37) \_\_\_\_\_ notes are about the physical appearance of a gorilla. Andre and Pipit work together to ind information about orangutans. 38) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to take notes about the physical appearance of orangutans. Galang is the captain of the group. 39) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to collect all of the information and write them as a report. Galang and 40) \_\_\_\_\_ friends should submit their report on Monday.  
**Galang divides the task for 36) \_\_\_\_\_ friends. Monita's task is to find information about Gorillas.** {Point: 1}  
 A his  
 B her  
 C him  
 D their
- 37 **Fill in the blanks by choosing the options with the suitable possessive adjectives!**  
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 A his  
 B her  
 C him  
 D their
- 38 **Fill in the blanks by choosing the options with the suitable possessive adjectives!**  
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**38) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to take notes about the physical appearance of orangutans. Galang is the captain of the group.** {Point: 1}  
 A his  
 B her  
 C him  
 D their
- 39 **Fill in the blanks by choosing the options with the suitable possessive adjectives!**  
Galang and 35) \_\_\_\_\_ friends are writing a report about the life of Gorillas and Orangutans. Galang divides the task for 36) \_\_\_\_\_ friends. Monita's task is to find information about Gorillas. 37) \_\_\_\_\_ notes are about the physical appearance of a gorilla. Andre and Pipit work together to ind information about orangutans. 38) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to take notes about the physical appearance of orangutans. Galang is the captain of the group. 39) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to collect all of the information and write them as a report. Galang and 40) \_\_\_\_\_ friends should submit their report on Monday.  
**39) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to collect all of the information and write them as a report.** {Point: 1}  
 A his  
 B her  
 C him  
 D their



40 **Fill in the blanks by choosing the options with the suitable possessive adjectives!**

Galang and 35) \_\_\_\_\_ friends are writing a report about the life of Gorillas and Orangutans. Galang divides the task for 36) \_\_\_\_\_ friends. Monita's task is to find information about Gorillas. 37) \_\_\_\_\_ notes are about the physical appearance of a gorilla. Andre and Pipit work together to ind information about orangutans. 38) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to take notes about the physical appearance of orangutans. Galang is the captain of the group. 39) \_\_\_\_\_ task is to collect all of the information and write them as a report. Galang and 40) \_\_\_\_\_ friends should submit their report on Monday.

40) **Galang and 40) \_\_\_\_\_ friends should submit their report on Monday. {Point: 1}**

- A his
- B her
- C him
- D their

41 **What an Experience!**

This was my first experience going to Karimunjawa. It was so fun. I was so excited days before the trip. I went there with other winners from different schools. We had the holiday last month, from April 21st to April 22nd. We went there by ferry. Karimunjawa is a group of islands located north of Java, around 83 kilometers from Jepara. There are two options if you want to get there. The first one is using a ferry, which costs 81,000 rupiah. It takes 1 hour 45 minutes. The other option is using a car ferry, which is cheaper, only 72,000 rupiah. However, it takes longer to get there, around 6 hours. The committee provided us the first option because it took less time. We departed from Jepara in the morning so we could spend more time in the afternoon exploring the islands. Once we got there, we were taken straight to the hotel where we had lunch. The next thing to do was enjoying the sunset at Bukit Love Karimunjawa. It was amazing! As soon as the sky got darker, we went back to the hotel. We had dinner before we continued our activity. We explored the hotel premises. The next day, we did other activities. We went snorkelling after we finished our breakfast. We had a chance to have our pictures taken with beautiful fish and coral reefs there. I also spent time swimming with sharks. It was both exciting and thrilling. We went back to the hotel once we finished all the activities. We packed before we left the islands. Although it was a short holiday, we enjoyed ourselves. It was really fun.

**What is the text about? {Point: 1}**

- A A Narrative text
- B A Recount text
- C A Report Text
- D A Descriptive Text

42 **What an Experience!**

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**Where did the writer go? {Point: 1}**

- A Karimunjawa
- B West Java
- C Jepara
- D East Java

43 **What an Experience!**

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**How much the total costs that the wirter pay for using Ferry? {Point: 1}**

- (A) 81.000 rupiah
- (B) 72.000 rupiah
- (C) 110.000 rupiah
- (D) 153.000 rupiah

44 **What an Experience!**

This was my first experience going to Karimunjawa. It was so fun. I was so excited days before the trip. I went there with other winners from different schools. We had the holiday last month, from April 21st to April 22nd. We went there by ferry. Karimunjawa is a group of islands located north of Java, around 83 kilometers from Jepara. There are two options if you want to get there. The first one is using a ferry, which costs 81,000 rupiah. It takes 1 hour 45 minutes. The other option is using a car ferry, which is cheaper, only 72,000 rupiah. However, it takes longer to get there, around 6 hours. The committee provided us the first option because it took less time. We departed from Jepara in the morning so we could spend more time in the afternoon exploring the islands. Once we got there, we were taken straight to the hotel where we had lunch. The next thing to do was enjoying the sunset at Bukit Love Karimunjawa. It was amazing! As soon as the sky got darker, we went back to the hotel. We had dinner before we continued our activity. We explored the hotel premises. The next day, we did other activities. We went snorkelling after we finished our breakfast. We had a chance to have our pictures taken with beautiful fish and coral reefs there. I also spent time swimming with sharks. It was both exciting and thrilling. We went back to the hotel once we finished all the activities. We packed before we left the islands. Although it was a short holiday, we enjoyed ourselves. It was really fun.

**How long did the wirter spend his holiday? {Point: 1}**

- (A) a week
- (B) 3 days 2 night
- (C) 2 days 1 night
- (D) 1 day

45 **What an Experience!**

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**What did the writer do for the next thing?** {Point: 1}

- (A) enjoying the snorkelling
- (B) watching the fish
- (C) enjoying the the sunset at Bukit Love Karimunjawa
- (D) having a delicious breakfast

46 **Read the following text to answer questions!****The Magic Box**

Once upon a time, there was a poor farmer who lived with his wife. One day, he dug up his field and found a big box. He took it home with him and showed it to his wife. His wife cleaned the box and kept it in their house.

One sunny morning his wife dropped an apple into it. Suddenly the box began fill up with apples. No matter how many the apples were taken out, more apples took their place. So the farmer and his wife decide to sell the apples and in short time they were able to live quite comfortably. One day, the farmer dropped a gold coin into the box. At once, apples disappeared and the box began to fill itself with coins. Every day, the farmer and his wife collected hundreds of gold coins from the box. Soon they became very rich.

Having heard that his son had gone rich, the farmer's grandfather visited the couple. He was not very strong and he could not go out to work anymore. So the farmer asked the old man to help him take the money out of the box. When his grandfather told his son that he was tired and wanted to have arrest, the farmer shouted at him, " why are you so lazy? Why can't you work harder?" The old man didn't say anything, and continued to work until he fell into the box and suddenly died. At once, the money disappeared and the box began to fill up with dead grandfathers.

The farmer had to pull them out and bury them. To do this, he had to spend all the money he had collected. When he had used up all the money, the box broke and the farmer was just as poor as he was before.

Which statement is **TRUE** according to the story? {Point: 1}

- (A) The box was full of valuable things when it found
- (B) The farmer had to pull out his father's bodies and bury them
- (C) The poor farmer was finally killed by his father
- (D) The farmer's wife was happy after the father passed away

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The farmer had to pull them out and bury them. To do this, he had to spend all the money he had collected. When he had used up all the money, the box broke and the farmer was just as poor as he was before.

**What we can learn from the story? {Point: 1}**

- A Being honest is not always wise
- B It is good to be honest in life
- C We must respect our parents
- D Being a miser is sometimes important

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The farmer had to pull them out and bury them. To do this, he had to spend all the money he had collected. When he had used up all the money, the box broke and the farmer was just as poor as he was before.

**What is the meaning of word "prosperous" in the third paragraph? {Point: 1}**

- A Rich
- B Pour
- C Smart
- D Wise

49 **The man \_\_\_\_\_ his breakfast this morning. {Point: 1}**

- A eat
- B ate
- C eating
- D eaten

50 **I \_\_\_\_\_ the games yesterday. {Point: 1}**

- A won
- B win
- C winning
- D wan