

Name:

Class: S4...

Tel: 034 200 9294

Ngày GV giao bài: Thứ....., ngày.../....

Vocabulary & Grammar:

Reading:

Mini Test:



Ngày HS nộp bài: Thứ....., ngày.../....

GLOBAL ENGLISH 4

End of term revision: Grammar & Cambridge KET Reading

A. EXTRA VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	relief (n)	sự khuây khỏa	5	take advantage of (phr. v)	tận dụng, lợi dụng
2	communicate (v)	giao tiếp	6	nocturnal (adj)	(thuộc) đêm
3	emergency (n)	tình trạng khẩn cấp	7	creature (n)	sinh vật
4	disappointed (adj)	thất vọng	8	require (v)	đòi hỏi, yêu cầu

- ❖ Lưu ý: n = noun: danh từ, v = verb: động từ, adj = adjective: tính từ, phr. v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ.
- ❖ Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ **1 dòng** vào vở ghi.

B. HOMEWORK

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I. Fill in each blank with LITTLE/FEW or A LITTLE/A FEW.

0. Would you like a little coffee? Yes, please. But put a little sugar in it.
1. _____ of your friends will pass the course, which is a relief.
2. Can you speak French? Just _____. Enough for me to communicate.
3. The windows are so small that the room gets ____ air.
4. He is not popular. He has _____ friends.
5. _____ of these children will study, which is bad for the project.

II. Rearrange the words to make a correct sentence.

0. I / the table / when / arrived. / the guests / was setting

→ I was setting the table when the guests arrived.

1. He / studies hard / goes to bed. / before / he

→ _____.

2. After that, / after / they / start the meeting / finish lunch. / they

→ _____.

3. When / light a campfire. / the sun sets, / they

→ _____.

4. She / before / cooked dinner. / she / cleaned the kitchen

→ _____.

5. We / then / played football, / watched a movie.

→ _____.

III. Choose the correct words in the following sentences.

0. I would like **a few/a little** salt on my vegetables.

1. I can drink **a few/a little** wine.

2. Give me **a few/a little** examples.

3. She spends **a lot of / little** time studying every day, so she gets excellent grades.

4. They had **a lot of / little** money left after their vacation, so they decided to save it for emergencies.

5. I was disappointed because **few / plenty of** people came to my party.

IV. Combine the sentences using connectives.

0. He arrived at the park. He called his friends. (**when**)

→ When he arrived at the park, he called his friends.

1. She read a book. She went to bed. (**before**)

→ _____.

2. We packed our bags. We went to the airport. (**then**)

→ _____.

3. The teacher entered the room. The students stopped talking. (**when**)

→ _____.

4. She took a shower. She had breakfast. (**before**)

→ _____.

5. I bought a ticket. I entered the cinema. (**then**)

→ _____.

V. Choose the correct word in the box to complete the paragraph.

a few	few	a little	plenty of	little	a little
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There are (0) a few books in the library, but they are very useful for students. If you spend (1) _____ time reading every day, you can learn a lot. Some students don't make use of the library and show (2) _____ interest in studying. However, for those who put in (3) _____ effort, it can make a big difference. The school has provided (4) _____ materials, so students should take advantage of them. Even with (5) _____ opportunities, hard work can lead to success.

Part 4

– 10 questions –

Read the text. Choose the right words and write them on the lines.

Octopuses



Example An octopus is a creature which lives in the sea. It has a round head with two large eyes. People often think that

1 octopuses have eight legs, but they have

2 four pairs of arms. Octopuses live in oceans all

3 the world. Octopuses that live in warm water are small, and

4 that live in cold water are much

5 Most octopuses are 'nocturnal'. This means

6 that they sleep day, and move around and eat at

7 night. Octopuses usually live one or two years.

8 To move, octopuses usually use their arms to walk

9 the bottom of the sea. When they

10 need to, they can swim at forty kilometres an hour for a short

time. an octopus needs to hide from

..... creatures, it can change colour. It can also

get into very small spaces because its body is very soft.

Octopuses are very clever. For example, they can new things and open bottles. Octopuses can see very well with their large eyes, but they can't hear anything.

Example	which	it	where
1	quite	actually	still
2	about	of	around
3	both	those	each
4	bigger	big	biggest
5	all	some	the
6	during	since	for
7	past	along	between
8	Before	If	While
9	more	every	other
10	learn	learning	learned

PART 4: Questions 19–24

For each question, choose the correct answer.

Hobbies Around the World

Hobbies are activities that people do to relax or enjoy themselves. Many people enjoy sports such as football or basketball, but others prefer quieter hobbies like reading or painting. Some hobbies, like gardening, are very common because they don't require much (19) _____. For example, you only need a few tools to start planting flowers. Other hobbies, like photography, can (20) _____ expensive if you want to buy a professional camera.

One popular hobby is baking. Baking is great for families because it allows everyone to spend time together. Children often enjoy (21) _____ cookies or cakes. However, baking can be difficult if you don't have the right ingredients, and it's important to follow the recipe (22) _____.

In today's world, many people enjoy video games. Video games are fun and exciting, and you can even play with friends online. However, it's important not to spend (23) _____ time playing games, or you might forget to do other important things like homework. Hobbies are a great way to spend free time, but it's always good to have a (24) _____.

19.	A. effort	B. fun	C. practice
20.	A. do	B. look	C. be
21.	A. making	B. eating	C. buying
22.	A. happily	B. quickly	C. carefully
23.	A. too many	B. too much	C. some
24.	A. plan	B. problem	C. game