

SECTION 1: VOCABULARY - MATCHING WORDS WITH DEFINITIONS

Match the following words related to natural disasters with their correct definitions. Write the letter of the definition next to the word.

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| • Earthquake | A. A massive wave caused by underwater earthquakes or volcanic eruptions. |
| • Tornado | B. A violent, rotating column of air that causes significant damage to buildings and trees. |
| • Tsunami | C. A severe and prolonged lack of rainfall that leads to water shortages. |
| • Hurricane | D. A rapidly spreading fire in a forest or grassland, often influenced by dry conditions. |
| • Volcano | E. A natural disaster where the ground shakes violently, often causing structural damage. |
| • Drought | F. A powerful, rotating storm with high winds and heavy rain, typically forming over warm ocean waters. |
| • Flood | G. An overflow of water that submerges land areas, often caused by heavy rain or melting snow. |
| • Wildfire | H. A mountain or opening in the Earth's surface from which molten lava, ash, and gases can escape. |

SECTION 2: GRAMMAR - DRAG AND DROP (FILL IN THE GAPS)

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb in parentheses. Drag the correct word into the gap.

- A massive earthquake (occur) _____ in Japan last year, causing widespread damage.
- After the tornado passed, the town (begin) _____ the process of rebuilding.
- Due to the hurricane, thousands of people (evacuate) _____ from their homes.
- The wildfire (spread) _____ rapidly through the dry forest, fueled by high winds.
- By the time the tsunami (arrive) _____ the coastal areas had already been evacuated.

SECTION 3: LISTENING COMPREHENSION (VIDEO)

watch the video carefully and answer the following questions based on what you hear and see.

Video Link:

1. What is the primary focus of the video?

- a) The history of natural disasters
- b) The science behind natural disasters
- c) How to prepare for natural disasters
- d) The impact of natural disasters on people

2. According to the video, what causes an earthquake?

- a) The movement of air masses
- b) The shifting of tectonic plates beneath the Earth's surface
- c) The impact of meteorites
- d) Human activities such as mining

3. What is one way that scientists predict natural disasters?

- a) By studying the wind patterns and temperature changes
- b) By using early warning systems like satellite technology
- c) By analyzing human activity and deforestation
- d) By measuring the volume of rainfall in specific areas

4. Which of the following is a characteristic of a tsunami?

- a) A large, violent wave caused by underwater volcanic activity
- b) A powerful windstorm that forms over warm ocean waters
- c) A sudden drop in the Earth's temperature leading to floods
- d) A huge storm surge caused by intense rainfall

5. What are some effects of volcanic eruptions mentioned?

- a) Earthquakes and flooding
- b) Ash clouds, lava flow, and pyroclastic flows
- c) Landslides and tornadoes
- d) Drought and extreme temperatures

SECTION 4: SPEAKING - VOICE RECORDING TASK

Identify the following natural disasters and record your voice



Section 5: Search Words (Vocabulary Puzzle)

Find and circle the words hidden in the grid. The words can appear horizontally, vertically, diagonally, and may be forwards or backwards.

A	D	R	O	U	G	H	T	N	I	U
W	F	E	X	K	W	I	Z	M	E	E
I	T	T	R	H	A	M	C	D	F	V
L	S	O	E	U	B	J	I	D	L	A
D	U	L	R	R	P	L	A	V	O	C
F	N	P	K	N	S	T	H	E	O	U
I	A	V	R	D	A	H	I	Q	D	A
R	M	D	N	A	L	D	O	O	F	T
E	I	A	I	U	Y	O	O	C	N	I
I	L	E	Q	W	J	W	X	E	K	O
E	A	R	T	H	Q	U	A	K	E	N

- EARTHQUAKE

TSUNAMI

LANDSLIDE
- EVACUATION

AFTERSHOCK

FLOOD
- DROUGHT

WILDFIRE

ERUPTION