C Choose the correct answer. Pay attention to the words in bold.

1 **Psychology** is the study of human *behavior / history*.
2 A **bystander** is a person who *watches / leads* an event.
3 If you think someone's behavior was **commendable**, you *don't like / admire* what they did.
4 The **victim** is the person who *commits / is hurt by* the crime.
5 If you **make an impression** on someone, they will probably *remember / forget* who you are.
6 When you feel **empathy** for someone, you *are afraid of / care about* them.
7 If a student is **present**, they are *in / away from* the classroom.
8 If you have a **tendency** to do something, it is *impossible / likely* that you will do it.
9 If you have a **responsibility** to do something, you *must / can* do it.
10 When a government **passes a law**, they *make a new rule / vote for a new leader*.

E Complete the sentences with the words below. Make any necessary changes.

exceptional • phenomenon • react • assume • in danger • approach
risk one's life • make a difference • heroism

1 If you want to … in your community, you can help by picking up trash in the parks and on the sidewalks.
2 People who experience *déjà vu* feel like a new experience or event is strangely familiar or has happened before. It's actually a common … .
3 Many people admire the … of firefighters.
4 Only athletes who are … at their sport get to compete at the Olympics.
5 When some people see spiders, they … by screaming. Other people don't mind them at all.
6 People who don't wear seatbelts, … every time they drive.
7 The hikers will be … serious … if they run out of water.
8 I didn't mention the party because I … you knew about it.
9 You should never … an angry dog.

LIVEWORKSHEETS