

GRAMMAR REVIEW: UNITS 1 & 2

Complete the sentences using the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

- She _____ (teach) at an elementary school.
- I _____ (usually walk) to work, but today I _____ (drive) because it's raining.
- They _____ (not drink) coffee, so they _____ (have) tea this morning instead.
- Look! The cat _____ (sleep) on the couch right now.
- My sister _____ (practice) the piano every evening, but today she _____ (play) the guitar.
- He _____ (go) to the gym every Saturday, but this Saturday he _____ (go) for a run instead.
- It _____ (snow) heavily in winter.
- We _____ (read) the newspaper every morning.
- The chef _____ (prepare) a special dish at the moment.
- I _____ (not usually watch) TV in the mornings, but today I _____ (watch) the news.
- She _____ (exercise) regularly to stay healthy.
- Right now, the kids _____ (play) outside in the garden.
- Birds _____ (sing) in the morning and _____ (fly) south for the winter.
- This month, we _____ (study) plants in biology class.
- My aunt and uncle _____ (visit) us every summer, but this summer they _____ (travel) to Italy.
- They _____ (plan) a big family gathering next month.
- We _____ (organize) a school concert on Friday evening.
- Listen! Someone _____ (play) the violin beautifully in the other room.

Highlight the key words
will help you!

this week

usually

now

every day



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2 Complete the sentences using state verbs.

- He _____ (want) to learn more about history.
- I _____ (not understand) why she is upset.
- They _____ (seem) really happy with their new home.
- She _____ (remember) all her friends' birthdays by heart.
- We _____ (need) more time to finish the project.
- My brother _____ (own) a collection of rare stamps.
- I _____ (think) that's a great idea for the party.
- She _____ (not mind) waiting a few more minutes.
- He _____ (believe) in working hard to achieve success.
- They _____ (have) a very close relationship with their neighbors.

Remember! State verbs are often used in simple tenses.



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3

Complete the sentences using CAN or HAVE TO. Read carefully to choose the right verb tense (present or past) and check if you need affirmative or negative.

- She _____ (swim) across the lake because she's very strong.
- I _____ (wake up) early tomorrow; there's an important meeting.
- They _____ (attend) the conference yesterday; it was mandatory.
- He _____ (drive) well, so he usually gives us a ride.
- We _____ (wear) helmets when riding bikes.
- She _____ (speak) three languages fluently.
- You _____ (pay) the bill by the end of the month.
- They _____ (come) to school today; it's a day off.
- I _____ (study) harder if I want to pass the test.
- He _____ (carry) the heavy box without help.
- We _____ (call) her yesterday because I was busy.
- She _____ (take) the final exam tomorrow, so she's studying hard.
- They _____ (go) hiking because they're prepared for it.
- I _____ (cook) tonight; we already have leftovers.
- You _____ (show) your ID to enter the concert.

Attention!! Check if you need present or past tense and affirmative or negative.



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Transform these adjectives into adverbs. Then, write the comparative form



ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	COMPARATIVE ADVERB
FAST		
CLEAR		
BAD		
GOOD		
QUICK		
PROFESSIONAL		
EFFICIENT		
PATIENT		
SIMPLE		
CAREFUL		
CALM		
CORRECT		



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5 Complete the sentences with comparative adverbs from the adjectives in brackets.

- She runs _____ (fast) than anyone on the team.
- He speaks _____ (clear) than his colleague during presentations.
- They finished their work _____ (quick) than expected.
- My dog behaves _____ (good) than my cat, especially around strangers.
- She reacts _____ (calm) than I do in stressful situations.
- The students answered the questions _____ (correct) than last time.
- He handled the negotiation _____ (professional) than his assistant.
- This year's model performs _____ (efficient) than the previous one.
- The children played _____ (happy) when they were outside.
- She replied _____ (patient) than her coworker to the customer's complaint.
- He drives _____ (careful) than most people on the road.
- The teacher explained the concept _____ (simple) than last week.

Attention!! 2 steps are required
1. Transform the adjective into an adverb
2. Use the comparative adverb



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