

SECTION 1

Questions 1-10

Complete the form below.

Write **ONE WORD AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer

Sailing Courses

Example: There will be a Taster Day on 22nd June

Two-day course

- This covers basic techniques.
- Children are always accompanied by their 1
- Cost: 2 £

Five-day course

- Cost: £125
- Children can sail alone from the third day onwards.
- Children learn how to sail in different kinds of weather.
- Children receive a 3on the last day.

Clothing

- Children should wear warm clothes.
- Children must wear 4
- Children are recommended to bring extra trousers which are 5.....
- Children are not allowed to wear 6.....

Additional information

- Visitors can buy a 7..... in the Marina Stores
- There is a free car park next to the 8.....
- Send the registration form two weeks before the course.
- Remember to include the name of Jacob's 9.....
- There is an optional form giving permission to take 10.....

PART 2

Questions 11-20

Question 11

Choose the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**.

11 At the present time, Stanley Island can be reached by

- A** hovercraft.
- B** plane.
- C** ferry.

Where can the following facilities and attractions be found?

Write the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**, next to questions 12-15.

- A** The North Coast
- B** The South Coast
- C** The East Coast

- 12 golf courses
- 13 family hotels
- 14 self-catering flats
- 15 nature walks

Questions 16-20

Complete the note below

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS** for each answer.

Advice to Visitors

Bring your own 16..... and insect spray

It may not be possible to use your 17 in the western area.

Don't drink water from 18.....

Be careful of the 19 as they bite

Try the local 20

PART 3

Questions 21-30

Questions 21-24

Choose the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**

Research on absence from work

- 21** Laura chose Burcock Engineering for her research because
- A** she was contacted by the managing director.
 - B** she knew several people who worked there.
 - C** she had already done a work placement there
- 22** What does Laura agree to do regarding the central theme of her research?
- A** check it is relevant
 - B** broaden the focus
 - C** be more specific in her aims
- 23** What does Laura expect to find from her research
- A** Absence rates are related to the type of work done.
 - B** A lot of worker absence is actually unnecessary.
 - C** Employee absence rates are increasing.
- 24** What employee information does the tutor think Laura will be able to obtain from company records?
- A** dates of birth
 - B** details of employment
 - C** individual records of absence

Questions 25 and 26

Choose **TWO** letters, **A-E**.

Which **TWO** recommendations does the tutor make about Laura's questionnaire?

- A** Leave a space for contact details.
- B** Specify a completion date.
- C** Provide a mixture of question types.
- D** Keep the length to a minimum.
- E** Trial it on someone before finalising it.

Questions 27 and 28

Choose **TWO** letters, **A-E**.

Which **TWO** things will Laura explain in her covering letter to participants?

- A** when the questionnaire should be completed
- B** the fact that participation in the survey is voluntary
- C** how long the questionnaire is likely to take
- D** purpose of the survey
- E** the benefits of participation in the survey

Questions 29 and 30

Choose **TWO** letters,

Which **TWO** activities does Laura already have definite dates for?

- A** completion of her finished assignment
- B** questionnaire distribution
- C** collection of completed questionnaires
- D** the next meeting with her tutor
- E** analysis of figures from the company's database

SECTION 4

Questions 31-40

Complete the notes below.

Write **ONE WORD ONLY** for each answer.

Transhumance

Two Types of Transhumance

- fixed: mainly in countries with predictable seasons, e.g. Switzerland
- nomadic: in areas with unpredictable climatic conditions, e.g. Somalia

Study on the Movement of Pastoralists

- for fixed transhumance, the pattern of movement is described as 31
- while for nomadic transhumance, the pattern is more complex and varied

Differences in terms of Homes

- fixed transhumance live in a semi-permanent shelter on high ground such as 32
- nomadic transhumance always stay in portable shelters, e.g. homes of the Gabra people carried on 33

Number of People Involved

- for fixed transhumance, only 34..... pastoralists make the journey
- however, all nomadic transhumance migrate with their livestock

Diet and Goods

- people who do not leave the valleys may become 35
- exchange animals with other communities for 36
- herds provide all needs-food and 37

Research in Algeria in North Africa

- they traditionally arrive in time to help local residents with the 38
- their homes are 39 which are temporary shelters
- a better term to describe this type of transhumance might be 40