

**ĐỀ THAM KHẢO**

*Đề thi gồm 05 trang. Thí sinh làm bài trên giấy thi do cán bộ coi thi phát.*

Họ và tên thí sinh: ..... Số báo danh: .....

Chữ kí CBCT 1: ..... Chữ kí CBCT 2: .....

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from that of the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

Question 1: A. thanks                      B. bamboo                      C. relax                      D. garbage

Question 2: A. sound                      B. could                      C. about                      D. round

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in the following questions.*

Question 3: A. politic                      B. hospital                      C. medical                      D. electric

Question 4: A. depend                      B. advice                      C. listen                      D. affect

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

Question 5: She usually \_\_\_\_\_ out with friends on Sunday morning.

A. hang                      B. is hanging                      C. will hang                      D. hangs

Question 6: They \_\_\_\_\_ the homework at 8p.m last night.

A. did                      B. were doing                      C. have done                      D. do

Question 7: She thinks she \_\_\_\_\_ a new car soon.

A. will buy                      B. buys                      C. bought                      D. is buying

Question 8: The children \_\_\_\_\_ in many outdoor activities last summer.

A. join                      B. joined                      C. will join                      D. has joined

Question 9: The people in my village \_\_\_\_\_ on growing rice and raising cattle up to now.

A. have lived                      B. lived                      C. are living                      D. will live

Question 10: The children enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful lanterns in Mid -Autumn festival.

A. make                      B. to make                      C. making                      D. made

Question 11: We really want \_\_\_\_\_ the victims in the flooded area in northern Viet Nam.

A. help                      B. to help                      C. helping                      D. helped

Question 12: He will start his work \_\_\_\_\_ September.

A. at                      B. in                      C. on                      D. since

Question 13: There are two pictures \_\_\_\_\_ the wall.

A. on                      B. at                      C. in                      D. of

Question 14: The English test lasts \_\_\_\_\_ 8 a.m to 9a.m.

A. for                      B. in                      C. at                      D. from

Question 15: They went on walking \_\_\_\_\_ it started to rain.

- A. so                      B. though                      C. because                      D. despite

Question 16: I'd love to play table tennis, \_\_\_\_\_ I have to complete an assignment.

- A. however                      B. but                      C. since                      D. because

Question 17: When we visit a city, we usually \_\_\_\_\_ its downtown.

- A. look after                      B. find out                      C. look around                      D. pass down

Question 18: My sister and I are trying to \_\_\_\_\_ sweet food and soft drinks.

- A. carry out                      B. cut down on                      C. hand down                      D. come down with

Question 19: They went to see most of the \_\_\_\_\_ places.

- A. interested                      B. interesting                      C. interests                      D. interestingness

Question 20: I have been in \_\_\_\_\_ with the school for nearly a year about this.

- A. correspondence                      B. correspondent                      C. correspondently                      D. corresponded

Question 21: \_\_\_\_\_ from kimono or hanbok, Ao Dai is worn on many occasions.

- A. Difference                      B. Differences                      C. Differencing                      D. Differently

Question 22: Nam thanks Nga for showing him around the craft workshop.

Nam: Thank you very much for showing me around the craft workshop.

Nga: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

- A. I hope so                      B. No worries                      C. You're welcome                      D. Here you are

Question 23: Tom is asking Mai for some help

Tom: Could you tell me where to buy the best fruits and vegetables in your area?

Mai: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

- A. Sure                      B. No, I couldn't                      C. Thanks a lot                      D. Here you are

Question 24: Anne is talking to her mum

Anne: Can I watch the horror film, Mum?

Anna: " \_\_\_\_\_ It's late now"

- A. I hope so                      B. No, you couldn't                      C. Yes, please                      D. No, dear, you can't

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.*

England's traditions have been around for hundreds, even thousands of years. English cuisine is among the deep-rooted traditions that English people are proud to keep alive.

Typical English cuisine has developed (25) \_\_\_\_\_ many centuries, and people say that fish and chips is the most English dish of all. It is believed that fish and chips appeared in England in the 19th century. The (26) \_\_\_\_\_ fish and chip shop opened in London during the 1860s. Since then people have considered fish and chips to be England's national dish, and it is now a common takeaway in the United Kingdom.

The basic ingredients of the dish are fried fish served with chips. People in different places may (27) \_\_\_\_\_ peas, vinegar, lemon, or ketchup. Fish and chips is served

hot as the main dish in England. (28) \_\_\_\_\_ there is oil and carbohydrates in fish and chips, it is healthier than other takeaway dishes.

Now there are fish and chip shops in many countries, and it is becoming more and (29) \_\_\_\_\_ popular in other countries too. Preserving and promoting fish and chips is the way English people keep themselves associated with the past.

*Source: English 9 – Viet Nam Education Publishing House*

- Question 25: A. on                      B. over                      C. to                      D. at  
Question 26: A. earlier              B. later                      C. earliest              D. latest  
Question 27: A. eat                      B. buy                      C. take                      D. add  
Question 28: A. although              B. because                      C. when                      D. if  
Question 29: A. less                      B. more                      C. very                      D. much

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.*

*Mr Nam, grandfather, a 70-year-old farmer*

I was one of the few children in my village who was still at school at the age of 15. Every day, I got up early and walked to school. Learning then depended mostly on our teachers and textbooks. We had no library or lab. The nearest bookshop was six kilometres away. I learned simply by taking notes during class, memorising them, and doing the homework. Life then was simple. We rarely travelled outside our village, so we didn't know much about the world around us.

*Mai, granddaughter, a 15-year-old student*

Learning today is very different from my grandfather's time. It is easier and more convenient. Besides learning from teachers and textbooks, we use the Internet. It provides us with various online sources such as documents, clips, and programmes. Google helps us find the answers to almost any questions we have. The Internet also allows us to pursue our own interests. Learning has become more independent. Although most children in my village have fewer private learning facilities than the students in the city, we are still luckier than my grandfather's generation. We have TVs to watch at home and a library and computers at school.

*Source: English 9 – Viet Nam Education Publishing House*

Question 30: In Mr Nam's time, \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. there were no bookshops
- B. students did experiments in labs
- C. all children stayed on at school until they were
- D. teachers played an important role

Question 31: Few people travelled outside their village, so \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. life in the village was simple
- B. the villagers didn't know much about the world around
- C. none of the villagers knew about city life
- D. his school didn't have any learning facilities

Question 32: Learning now \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. uses some online programmes
- B. does not require textbooks
- C. depends only on the Internet
- D. does not require students to take notes

Question 33: The word "it" refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. my grandfather's time
- B. learning facilities
- C. the Internet
- D. learning today

Question 34: The word "we" refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. learning facilities
- B. students at my grandfather's generation
- C. children in the village
- D. students in the city

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

Question 35: What a shame! Peter can't get that job.

- A. I wish Peter can get that job.
- B. I wish Peter could get that job.
- C. I wish Peter would get that job.
- D. I wish Peter cannot get that job.

Question 36: If She spends a lot of time working, she will feel stressed.

- A. The more stressed she will feel, the more time she spends working.
- B. Unless she spends a lot of time working, she will feel stressed.
- C. The more time she spends on work, the more stressed she feels.
- D. She will feel stressed even though she spends a lot of time working.

Question 37: The teacher: "Do you finish your homework, Zoe?"

- A. The teacher asked Zoe if she finished her homework.
- B. The teacher suggests that Zoe should finish her homework.
- C. The teacher told Zoe that she finished her homework.
- D. The teacher asked Zoe if she finishes her homework.

Question 38: The smartphone is broken down. I just bought it yesterday.

- A. I just bought the smartphone yesterday so that it is broken down.
- B. I just bought the smartphone yesterday because it is broken down.
- C. Yesterday I who is broken down just bought it.
- D. The smartphone which I just bought yesterday is broken down

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful email/ paragraph in each of the following questions.

Question 39:

a. In general, I can read articles and write some basic topics in English. However, I can't speak English fluently. I want to improve my pronunciation, and hope to be able to practise my English with native speakers.

b. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards,

c. I would also like to have more information about the starting date, course duration, teachers' experience, fees and course certificate.

d. Dear Ms Smith,

I saw your advertisement about the language courses on your website. I am interested in learning English, and I am writing to enquire about the English courses at your center.

A. b – a – c – d

B. c – d – a – b

C. c – a – d – b

D. d – a – c – b

Question 40:

a. Summer holidays were a cherished break, extending for about three months, creating a sense of endless freedom. They used to go to school by foot or by bike.

b. In the past, students had lessons in the morning only. They had the usual subjects like Math, Literature, Ethics, History, and Geography.

c. During leisure time, they immersed themselves in the world of books and engaged in traditional games.

d. For them, although the old school life had many difficulties, there was a great time with many beautiful memories.

e. They often did not take extra classes and had little homework. Therefore, they had a lot of time to have fun as well as help their parents with housework and farm work.

A. b – d – c – e – a

B. d – c – e – b – a

C. b – e – c – a – d

D. b – c – d – e – a

HÉT