

PRACTICE TEST 1

Student's name:

Class:

I. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks

It is natural for young people to be critical of their parents at times and to blame them for most of the misunderstandings between them. They have always complained, more or less justly, that their parents are old-fashioned, possessive and dominant; (1) _____; that they talk too much about certain problems and that they have no sense of humor, at least in parent-child relationships. I think it is true that parents often underestimate (2) _____ and also forget how they themselves felt (3) _____.

Young people often irritate their parents with their choices in clothes and hairstyles, in entertainers and music. This is not their motive. They feel cut off from the adult world into which they have not yet been accepted. So they create a culture and society of their own. Then, if it turns out that their music or entertainers or vocabulary or clothes or (4) _____, this gives them additional enjoyment. They feel they are superior, at least in a small way, and that they are leaders in style and taste.

If you plan (5) _____, co-operation can be part of that plan. You can charm others, especially parents, into doing things the ways you want, and (6) _____ with your sense of responsibility and initiative, so that they will give you the authority to do what you want to do.

Question 1. A. that they do not trust their children to deal with obstacles

B. that it does not trust their children to deal with obstacles

C. that does not trust their children to deal with obstacles

D. which they do not trust their children to deal with obstacles

Question 2. A. his teenage children

B. our teenage children

C. your teenage children

D. their teenage children

Question 3. A. after they were young

B. when they were young

C. as well as they are young

D. when they are young

Question 4. A. their parents hairstyles irritate

B. irritates their parents hairstyles

C. hairstyles irritate their parents

D. hairstyles irritating their parents

Question 5. A. controlled your life

B. to be control your life

C. to control your life

D. controlling your life

Question 6. A. impress others

B. to impress others

C. others be impressed

D. impressing others

II. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Many people see large urban cities as a wonder of human imagination and creativity. They represent how far the human population has come in terms of community development. Many positive things come from urbanization, but there are also negatives. This article will discuss and present data on the implications of urbanization on the physical health of humans living in these large urban areas.

As it would be expected, developing countries tend to see more negative physical health effects than modern countries in regard to urbanization. One example of a developing country experiencing **these problems** is China. China is a country that in the past 30-40 years went from being an agrarian based society to a significant industrialized country. This industrialization has in effect caused the need for more centralized cities, centralized meaning having lots of jobs and living spaces within a close proximity. This is what is

known as urbanization. In most recent decades, since China's change to being more of an industrial based economy, the country has experienced record high numbers of people migrating within its borders. In effect, the number of cities with over 500,000 people has more than doubled. These migrations are typically of people from rural areas of China moving to the new urban areas. Due to this large influx in the urban population, there are many possibilities for health challenges among these people.

One very common and fairly obvious negative aspect of highly **congested** urban areas is air pollution. Air pollution is defined as any harmful substance being suspended in the air. This could include particulate matter, most commonly attributed to industrial plants and refineries waste, or chemicals like CO₂ or Methane (which are also products of plants and refineries as well as cars and other modes of transportation). Due to a vast number of people in these urbanized cities, the air pollution is known to be very extreme. These conditions can lead to many different health problems such as: Asthma, cardiovascular problems or disease, and different types of cancer (most commonly lung cancer). When exposed to these conditions for a prolonged period of time, one can experience even more **detrimental** health effects like: the acceleration of aging, loss of lung capacity and health, being more susceptible to respiratory diseases, and a shortened life span.

Another way that urbanization affects the populations' health is people's change in diet. For instance, urban cities tend to have lots of accessible, quick, and easy to get food. This food is also more than likely not as high quality as well as contains a large amount of sodium and sugar. Because this food is so accessible, people tend to eat it more. This increase in consumption of low-quality food can then lead to diabetes, hypertension, heart disease, obesity, or many other health conditions.

(Adapted from <https://medium.com>)

Question 7. Why are urban populations easy to get diseases from food, according to the last paragraph?

- A. Because of the change in people's diet.
- B. Because this food is so delicious that people have a tendency to eat more than normal.
- C. Because the way people get this food is rather accessible, quick and easy.
- D. Because of the low quality and the high proportion of sodium and sugar in this food.

Question 8. The word "**detrimental**" in paragraph 3 is opposite in meaning to _____.

- A. negative
- B. harmful
- C. beneficial
- D. damaging

Question 9. The following are the air pollution sources mentioned in paragraph 3, **EXCEPT** _____.

- A. chemicals
- B. industrial factories
- C. sewage
- D. refineries waste

Question 10. What does the phrase "**these problems**" in paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. industrialized countries
- B. lots of jobs and living spaces
- C. negative physical health effects
- D. immigrants

Question 11. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A. One of the negative health effects comes from the overpopulation in industrialized countries.
- B. People in developed countries suffer less harmful health effects from urbanization than those in developing nations.
- C. The bad health effects from urbanization are not greater than the benefits it brings to people in urban cities.
- D. Living in urban areas for a long time will make the life expectancy of inhabitants lengthen.

Question 12. The word "**congested**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. contaminated
- B. sparse
- C. fresh
- D. overcrowded

Question 13. Which of the following could be served as the best title for the passage?

- A. Urban cities - The new opportunity for community development
- B. Urbanization - Pros and cons
- C. Urbanization - How people's health is impacted?
- D. Developing countries - The fastest urbanization

III. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks

Is it worth reading books, (14) _____ nowadays there are so many other forms of entertainment? (15) _____ people say that even paperback books are expensive, and not everyone can borrow books from a library. They might add that television is more exciting and that viewers can relax as they watch their favourite programme. All that may be true, but books are still very popular. They encourage the reader to use his or her imagination for a start. You can read a chapter of a book, or just a few pages, and then stop. Of course, it may be so (16) _____ that you can't stop! There are many different kinds of books, so you can choose a crime novel or an autobiography, or a book (17) _____ gives you interesting information. If you find it hard to choose, you can read reviews or ask friends for ideas. Personally, I can't do without books, but I can (18) _____ up television easily enough. You can't watch television at bus stops!

- | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Question 14. | A. however | B. or | C. Therefore | D. since |
| Question 15. | A. Some | B. Little | C. Much | D. Few |
| Question 16. | A. gripping | B. imagined | C. current | D. interest |
| Question 17. | A. which | B. whose | C. when | D. what |
| Question 18. | A. give | B. look | C. turn | D. pick |

IV. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the answer to each of the question.

National parks play a highly valuable role in documenting climate change. Researchers have utilized the vast tracts of pristine wilderness to collect data on species and habitats. At first, they collected observational data on foot; now, they use sophisticated methods such as aerial surveillance with drones like those used in Northrop Grumman's Wildlife Challenge to collect information on polar bears.

Observational longitudinal data collection shows the effects of climate change that impact vegetation and animal species. The pika is the perfect example of an animal who may need to be relocated from the parks due to climate change, as described in Smithsonian Magazine. The park service is taking this very seriously. "It is openly discussing the possibility of "assisted migration": manually relocating some animals and plants if it turns out **they** can't survive within the park's changing landscapes."

National Park research also documents glacier retreat, finding that some ice fields have lost as much as 85 percent in the last five decades, according to U.S. Geological Survey. Glacier Park might be recognizable only as a historical name by 2030, it projects. It's not just glaciers retreating. The Conversation notes that national park data shows that trees are also affected by climate change: "Climate change is killing trees due to increased drought, changes in wildfire patterns and increased bark beetle infestations. Tracking of trees in ... national parks has contributed to a database that revealed how climate change has doubled tree mortality since 1955 across the western United States."

We should not forget that at its **inception**, the National Parks Service's long-term intention was to protect the parks and "leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations."

(Source: <https://now.northropgrumman.com/>)

Question 19. According to paragraph 1, what do NOT scientists capitalize on when keeping record of climate change?

- A. tracts of pristine wilderness
- B. Observation information gathered when walking.
- C. aerial surveillance with drones
- D. Reports of jungles turning into residential areas.

Question 20. Which best serves as the title for the passage?

- A. The importance of research and science for the national parks.
- B. The importance of national parks is more than for scenery.
- C. Consider modernizing and privatizing national parks.
- D. The implications of climate change for biodiversity conservation.

Question 21. The word "they" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. parks
- B. species
- C. migration
- D. researchers

Question 22. The word "inception" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. genesis
- B. conclusion
- C. debut
- D. establishment

Question 23. According to paragraph 3, in what way does climate change affect trees?

- A. It makes trees experience longer growing seasons.
- B. It creates a negative change of wood density.
- C. It increases death rates of trees through disturbances.
- D. It causes lumber from trees to be less durable.

V. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph/ letter in each of the following questions.

Question 24. a. Additionally, doing exercise may combat health conditions and diseases such as heart disease, high blood pressure, diabetes, depression, anxiety, many types of cancer, arthritis, and falls.
b. Exercise has numerous benefits for people of all ages, genders, and physical abilities.
c. Firstly, it controls your weight by burning calories and building muscle mass.
d. Finally, exercise helps us promote better sleep by helping you fall asleep faster, get better sleep, and deepen your sleep.
e. It also improves your mood by stimulating brain chemicals that leave you feeling happier, more relaxed, and less anxious.

- A. b - c - d - a - e
- B. c - e - b - d - a
- C. c - d - e - a - b
- D. b - c - e - a - d

Question 25. a. Moreover, she has shown excellence in her product knowledge and customer service skills.
b. Erica has been an absolute joy to work with. She is very pleasant and courteous to our customers.
c. Dear Sir/ Madam,
d. Besides, Erica demonstrates the characters and qualities that you look for in an employee.
e. Sincerely,
f. It is with great pleasure that I write this recommendation letter for Erica Rudi. I have been Erica's immediate supervisor for the last five years.

- A. c - f - d - a - b - e
- B. c - a - f - b - d - e
- C. c - f - b - d - a - e
- D. c - b - f - a - d - e

Question 26. a. Finally, it makes our planet a better place to live for future generations.

b. Moreover, by saving the environment, we are protecting our ecosystem and other natural resources.

c. Also, the effects of climate change can also be reduced greatly.

d. Firstly, when we protect the environment, we are saving ourselves from the problems that will arise in the future.

e. It is important to save the environment for the survival of the planet and the living beings in it.

f. In conclusion, it is vital to preserve and protect life on Earth.

A. e - d - b - c - a - f **B.** e - d - c - b - f - a **C.** e - d - a - f - b - c **D.** e - d - c - a - f - b

Question 27. a. Thank you for giving us the best gift. I would love to come and visit you one day in the North Pole!

b. I have been writing to you every year since I was 4, and I want you to know that I have tried to be very good this year.

c. Dear Santa, My name is Windy and I am 16 years old.

d. This year for Christmas I just want my family to be healthy and happy.

e. I made my mommy, daddy, and sister feel better when they were sick and I also studied harder to have better results.

f. And I wish you a very merry Christmas!

Love, Windy.

A. c - e - a - d - b - f **B.** c - a - d - e - b - f **C.** c - b - e - d - a - f **D.** c - b - d - a - f - e

Question 28. a. Sounds good! Now let's decide on a social issue. Is the top problem facing teens today peer pressure, body shaming, or bullying?

b. Hmm. I think this time we should focus on a problem teens struggle with every day because this won't be a big campaign. However, we'll try to use your ideas for another project, Mai.

c. Well, bullying, peer pressure, and body shaming, for instance, are major problems among teenagers today although many people don't feel comfortable talking about them.

d. I agree with you. Hmm... so Mark, what do you think? Should we focus our campaign on a general social issue or one affecting mainly teens?

e. Can you give us some examples?

f. I think it's bullying because it's very common today, and ...

A. b - e - d - a - c - f **B.** e - c - d - b - a - f **C.** f - d - a - e - b - c **D.** b - d - e - a - f - c

VI. Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks

ARE YOU READY TO BECOME AN INTERNATIONAL UN VOLUNTEER?

* The minimum age to serve as an international UN Volunteer is 18 years old.

* You can contribute your time, skills and knowledge through volunteering with the UN. This is (29) _____ opportunity to create a positive impact and be a (30) _____ force for achieving peace and development. Make a difference to the lives of many!

* The registration process follows a few simple steps, all of which (31) _____ before you can apply for onsite or online volunteering assignments.

* In order to apply for assignments, candidates need to register in our Global Talent Pool.

- Question 29.** A. an B. Ø (no article) C. a D. the
- Question 30.** A. significant B. signify C. signification D. significantly
- Question 31.** A. be completed B. must be complete C. must complete D. must be completed

JOB - MARKETING STAFF

REQUIREMENTS:

- * Experienced in marketing, communications or related fields.
- * Knowledge of current marketing trends, techniques and best practices.
- * Ability (32) _____ develop and (33) _____ marketing plans and strategies

APPLY NOW

(34) _____ you be ready, please send us at email address: hello@reallygreatsite.com

- Question 32.** A. to B. from C. of D. at
- Question 33.** A. implement B. impair C. import D. impoverish
- Question 34.** A. Do B. Should C. If only D. Were

VII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Grandparents are becoming the forgotten generation, with youngsters now too busy to listen to their stories from the olden days.

A study of 1,000 five- to 18-year-olds reveals just 21 per cent will visit their older relatives to hear about how their lives were different in the past; such as where they worked, how it was living in the war, and how they met the love of their life. More than half of youths have no idea what job their grandparent did before retirement. Sadly, one in ten admit they are simply not interested in their grandmother's or grandad's talents and interests, and a quarter only turn up to see them for pocket money. But 23 percent claim the reason they don't know anything about their older relatives is that they don't really get the chance to talk properly.

Researchers found that although 65 per cent of youngsters do see their grandparents every single week, 37 per cent claim this is only because their parents want them to. And while 39 per cent talk to their grandparents on the phone, Facebook or Skype at least once a week - 16 per cent once a day - conversation is rarely focused on what they are doing or have done in the past. Four in 10 kids have no idea what their grandparent's proudest achievements are, while 30 per cent don't know if they have any special skills or talents. And 42 per cent don't spend any time talking about their grandparent's history -and are therefore clueless about what their grandmother or grandad was like when they were younger. Perhaps due to this lack of communication and respect, just six per cent of children say they look up to their grandparents as a role model and inspiration.

Question 35. Which of the following could be the main idea of the passage?

- A. Young people's tendency to neglect their grandparents
- B. Grandparents' loneliness in their old age
- C. Grandparents' attitudes towards youngsters
- D. Young people's disinterest in their grandparents' stories

Question 36. According to the study in paragraph 2, which information is **NOT TRUE**?

- A. Nearly a quarter of young people don't have suitable opportunities to talk to older relatives.
- B. Over 50% of the young don't know about their older relatives' past professions.
- C. Most of youths visit their grandparents to ask for pocket money.
- D. Merely one fifth of people in the survey keep asking about the bygone time of their grandparents.

Question 37. According to the last paragraph, the proportion of the young voluntarily visiting their older family members every week is _____.

- A. 39%
- B. 27%
- C. 28%
- D. 65%

Question 38. The word '**them**' in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. relatives
- B. youngsters
- C. talents
- D. grandparents

Question 39. The phrase '**look up to**' in paragraph 3 is **OPPOSITE** in meaning to?

- A. dread
- B. disrespect
- C. imagine
- D. admire

Question 40. Which of the following can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- A. Youngsters nowadays are too indifferent to their grandparents' lives in the past.
- B. Most young people use modern technology to keep in touch with their older generation.
- C. Children's lack of communication with grandparents leads to mutual misunderstanding.
- D. Grandchildren never care for their elderly relatives' special skills and talents.

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