

Put the words in order and make a sentence.

Example:

some / I / want / clothes / to / buy / new
I want to buy some new clothes.

1

will / I / midnight / home / be / before

2

our / class / He / is / student / the / best / in

3

have / I / a / seen / never / snake

4

was / when / She / sleeping / called / I / her

5

went / the / He / supermarket / to / some / buy / eggs / to



TEST PRACTICE

Section R3

Choose the correct answer in each sentence and write it on the line.

- 1 You _____ drive so quickly. You might get a speeding ticket.
A. should B. shouldn't C. must D. better
- 2 It's an adventure film about a boy _____ has special powers
A. which B. where C. when D. who
- 3 She works at a factory _____ makes office furniture.
A. which B. where C. when D. who
- 4 It's a great film. You _____ see it.
A. ought B. have C. need D. should
- 5 When you leave the office, please switch _____ your computer.
A. of B. off C. up D. in
- 6 You look really sick. You _____ see a doctor.
A. had B. should C. have D. was
- 7 You _____ come back late. They close the doors at 11pm.
A. won't be B. should C. mustn't D. are
- 8 You must _____ pork before you eat it.
A. cooking B. to cook C. cooked D. cook

Grammar Notes

'Should' and 'must' have very similar meanings but 'must' is stronger.

After both words we use the 'base form' of verbs.

You ~~must~~ see a doctor. You must see a doctor.

He ~~should~~ taking a break. He should take a break.



RELATIVE CLAUSES

1 People

I like guys **who** are kind. A good friend is a person **who** helps you.
That's the woman **who** killed her husband. I have many friends **who** are students.

Things

I enjoy books **which** are funny. He works for a company **that** sells computers.

2 Join the sentences by using 'who' or 'which'.

Example:

He is the guy. He asked me to go to the party.
He's the guy who asked me to go to the party.



1 I was talking to a student. He comes from India.

2 She has many friends. They are teachers.

3 He loves the new movie. The movie was directed by Tim Burton.

4 I like that shop. It sells Japanese comic books.

5 She was a very talented artist. She painted and wrote songs.



that = who / which

We can use 'that' instead of 'who' or 'which'. This is common in informal English.

I like people who are easy-going. This is the dog which bit me.

I like people that are easy-going. This is the dog that bit me.

3 Places

*This is the house **where** I used to live.*

*That is the school **where** my mother is a teacher.*

*Don't go into the room **where** your father is sleeping.*

*There's the shop **where** I bought my bag.*

Times

*Sunday is the day **when** we all eat together.*

*9 o'clock is the time **when** I usually go to bed.*

*Autumn is the season **when** the leaves fall off the trees.*

*4th April was the day **when** I had a party.*



4 Join the sentences by using 'when' or 'where'

Example:

That is the swimming pool. I have swimming lessons.

*That is the swimming pool **where** I have swimming lessons.*

1 I like the house. There's a big tree in the garden.

2 Friday is the day. We usually have fish and chips.

3 Midday is the time. The sun is hottest.

4 This is the classroom. We have English lessons.

5 That is the beach. There is a good cafe.

6 January is the month. I go skiing.

