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Vocabulary & Grammar:

Use of English:

Listening:

Mini Test:

GLOBAL ENGLISH 9

UNIT 4 – VOCABULARY REVISION & IELTS SPEAKING

Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu đề có chú thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

A. EXTRA VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	quite a long time	khá lâu	7	narrow down (phr.v)	thu hẹp, giới hạn lại
2	get through (phr.v)	hoàn thành, vượt qua	8	journal article (n.phr)	bài báo học thuật
3	no chance of V-ing	không có cơ hội	9	source (n)	nguồn thông tin (trong nghiên cứu học thuật)
4	to have an effect on	có sự ảnh hưởng, tác động đến	10	psychology project (n.phr)	dự án tâm lý học
5	apart from (prep)	ngoài ra, ngoại trừ	11	bibliography (n)	danh mục tài liệu tham khảo
6	assessment (n)	sự đánh giá, bài kiểm tra			

*Note: *n = noun: danh từ;*

prep = preposition: giới từ;

n.phr = noun phrase: cụm danh từ;

phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ

*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ **1 dòng** vào vở ghi.

B. HOMEWORK

I. Fill in the blanks with the given words in the box (some words may not be used). Change the form of the words if necessary.

receptor	habitat	quarantine	poacher	sanitation	cholera	shade	<i>predator</i>
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Many animals in zoos are kept in enclosures to ensure their safety and the safety of the visitors. This practice helps prevent interactions with dangerous 0. **predators**. The preservation of wildlife and their habitats is becoming more challenging as 1. _____ loss continues to increase due to human activity. Many animals are at risk, and efforts are being made to protect them from illegal hunting. Unfortunately, the work of 2. _____ can lead to the extinction of vulnerable species. Additionally, the spread of infectious diseases like 3. _____ is also a growing concern in certain areas, highlighting the need for better 4. _____ systems to prevent outbreaks. In some cases, infected individuals may need to be placed in 5. _____ to stop the disease from spreading further.

II. Circle the correct answer.

0. The bird was kept in a(n) _____ while it was recovering.

A. enclosure

B. cage

C. retina

1. Scientists need to _____ the results of the experiment to understand the effects better.

A. analyse

B. eradicate

C. vaccinate

2. The company plans to _____ its operations into new markets next year.
A. pollinator B. contaminate C. expand
3. Many animals in the wild are constantly on the move to _____ food and shelter.
A. interpret B. hunt for C. shade
4. The government has launched a new _____ program to protect people from disease outbreaks.
A. vaccination B. instinct C. predator
5. Different species in the ecosystem are _____ and rely on each other for survival.
A. colour-blind B. interdependent C. in danger of

III. Match the words with the correct definitions.

Column A		Column B
0. illustrate	0- C	A. the process of being affected by or transmitting a disease
1. contaminate	1-	B. an animal that eats only plants
2. infection	2-	C. make clearer
3. antibiotic	3-	D. to make a substance or place dirty or harmful by adding something dangerous to it
4. perceive	4-	E. to become aware of something through the senses, especially sight or hearing
5. herbivore	5-	F. a medicine that destroys bacteria

IV. Circle the correct answer to complete each sentence.

0. She always excels (at) on / with maths and science at school.
1. He decided to blame the accident **for** / into / on his younger brother.
2. The meeting **approves of** / consists of / insists on five important topics.
3. I can always **laugh at** / count on / excel at my best friend for support.
4. The teacher **believed in** / coped with / shouted at the student for not paying attention.
5. We should never **interfere with** / specialize in / insist on other people's personal matters.

V. Rewrite the passive sentences into active sentences.

0. The new policy was introduced by the company last year.

→ The company introduced the new policy last year.

1. The invitations were sent by the organizer two weeks before the event.

→ _____.

2. The results are announced by the committee after the final decision.

→ _____.

3. The proposal was rejected by the board due to insufficient evidence.

→ _____.

4. All the donations are processed by the charity before they are distributed.

→ _____.

5. The stolen painting was recovered by the police after a month-long investigation.

→ _____.

Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới 1 dòng để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài đọc.



PART 4

For questions 35–42, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given. Here is an example (0).

Example:

- 0 Making new friends was easy for her.

DIFFICULT

She didn't _____ new friends.

The gap can be filled with the words 'find it difficult to make', so you write:

0	F	I	N	D	I	T	D	I	F	F	I	C	U	L	T	T	O	M	A	K	E		
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Write the missing words IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

- 35 Despite winning the race, he wasn't very pleased.

EVEN

He wasn't very pleased, _____ the race.

- 36 It's a fairly long time since I last watched this programme.

QUITE

I haven't watched this programme _____ time.

- 37 Were you able to complete all your work yesterday?

GET

Did you manage _____ all your work yesterday?

- 38 His first novel was better than this one.

GOOD

This novel is not _____ one he wrote.

- 39 I'm sorry, could you wait for a moment, please?

MIND

I'm sorry, _____ for a moment, please?

- 40 We're so late now that we definitely won't get to the party on time.

CHANCE

We're so late that we have _____ to the party on time.

- 41 The food she eats affects her health badly.

EFFECT

The food she eats _____ her health.

- 42 The only thing I did at the weekend was housework.

APART

I did _____ housework at the weekend.



Questions 1–5

Choose the correct letter, A, B or C.

- 1 What problem does Fumiko have with her psychology project?
A She isn't interested in the topic.
B She can't find enough information.
C She doesn't know what to focus on.
- 2 What point does Victor make about Fumiko's tutor?
A He explores his students' key interests.
B He is a very hard-working member of staff.
C He uses a limited range of project titles.
- 3 What has Fumiko already read on her topic?
A book extracts
B journal articles
C internet material
- 4 According to Mr Dresden, Fumiko's project must include
A some graphic data.
B a bibliography.
C a public survey.
- 5 Victor and Fumiko arrange to
A get in contact in half an hour.
B meet up in the library.
C have lunch together.