

Test Macmillan Rep Matura Unit 1

1 Complete the sentences with the correct words. Some letters have been given.

- Teenagers do too little sport and eat too much fatty food, which is why more and more of them are becoming o _ _ _ e.
- 'What's Barrie's m _ _ _ _ l s _ _ _ s?' 'He's single.'
- My Uncle Benjamin is 84, so he has a lot of w _ _ _ _ s on his face.
- My older sister Clara, who is quite n _ _ _ w-m _ _ _ d, is not at all open to new ideas.
- I like to put my t _ _ _ _ t on every morning and go jogging.

2 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- You look really **embarrassed** / **upset** / **exhausted**. Is something wrong?
- Peter's very **outgoing** / **patient** / **reliable** – if he promises to do something, he always does it.
- It was very **unimaginative** / **unselfish** / **impolite** of you to share all your sweets with your little brother.
- I need to buy a leather **handbag** / **scarf** / **hoodie** to go with my new coat.
- He works out at the gym daily, which is why he's got such a **handsome** / **muscular** / **plain** body.

3 Translate the fragments in brackets to complete the sentences.

- Boris always _____ (tyje) whenever he stops playing tennis.
- I'm afraid _____ (jestem beznadziejny w) chess. I always lose.
- She _____ (ma przebite uszy) and wears some beautiful gold earrings.
- Why don't you go _____ (wybierzesz ciemniejsze kolory)? You look very good in black.
- Why are you _____ (w złym nastroju)?

4 Match the words in the box with the definitions below. There are two extra words.

attitude	wisdom	pride	freedom	kindness	admiration	self-esteem
----------	--------	-------	---------	----------	------------	-------------

- a person's opinion of their own value: _____
- the quality of possessing knowledge and good judgment: _____
- the ability to say or do what one chooses: _____
- an opinion about something: _____
- the quality of being friendly and willing to help: _____

1 Choose the correct form of the verb to complete the dialogue.

A: You (1) **don't seem** / **aren't seem** to care much about fashion, Ken.

B: That's true. I always wear whatever (2) **feels** / **is feeling** comfortable. I don't believe that how you look is important.

A: So, I guess that means you're not keen on shopping?

B: Certainly not! What about you?

A: I really love it. I always look for new styles and colours to try on. I (3) **sometimes get** / **'m sometimes getting** inspiration from Maria. She (4) **is looking** / **looks** great in whatever she wears.

B: Is it true you are studying to become a fashion designer?

A: Well, at the moment I (5) **'m attending** / **attend** evening classes, but my goal is to get into a good design school.

2 Complete the email with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Hey Cara,

It's strange that you're not here, but I hope you (1) _____ (**have**) a great time in Paris this week! I (2) _____ (**look**) for your posts on social media at least once a day. It's obvious that you (3) _____ (**enjoy**) your time there, and I can see that Petra (4) _____ (**make**) the most of it too. (5) _____ (**you / think**) you'll have a chance to visit any of your friends there, or are you too busy looking at the latest fashions? I'm dealing with all your work while you're away, so don't worry about a thing; just enjoy yourself!

Love,
Sue

3 Choose the correct answer: A, B or C.

My sister Ariel is a really artistic person, so she (1) ___ creating unusual outfits from her own designs. Normally, she (2) ___ while I am reading or doing my homework, but when it (3) ___ obvious that she is about to finish a piece, I run away as fast as I can. You see, while she (4) ___ a piece, she always has a specific person in mind, and all too often that person is me! I love my sister, so I think her clothes are cool, but they (5) ___ me at all, so I'll do just about anything to avoid wearing them.

- | | | |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1 A love | B is loving | C loves |
| 2 A sews | B is sewing | C sew |
| 3 A becomes | B become | C is becoming |
| 4 A designs | B is designing | C are designing |
| 5 A don't suit | B aren't suiting | C not suit |

4 Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first, using the word given in capitals. Do not change the word given. You can use a maximum of five words.

EXTENDED

- 1 Isn't your passport about to expire? **GET**
Don't _____ a new passport?
- 2 I wish you wouldn't keep interrupting me when I'm trying to concentrate! **ALWAYS**
You _____ when I'm trying to concentrate!
- 3 Joan's current research is about styles of shoes in 15th century Europe. **CURRENTLY**
Joan _____ styles of shoes in 15th century Europe.
- 4 Every time I watch a film online, my Internet connection slows down! **FOREVER**
My Internet connection _____ when I watch a film online.
- 5 Stephen says he is going to the best design school, no matter what it takes. **MEANS**
_____ to the best design school, no matter what it takes.

___ / 5

6 Przeczytaj tekst. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, tak aby otrzymać logiczny i gramatycznie poprawny tekst. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B albo C.

One of my favourite family members is my uncle Steve. Although he's already (1) ___ his fifties, he's very fit and handsome. He's still single – he has never (2) ___ married. What I like best about him is that he's totally (3) ___ – he cares deeply about other people and is always trying to help those in need. He has been involved in charity work for many years and likes to show how (4) ___ he can be when others have problems.

Steve is a computer specialist. He started his own business several years ago, and I think he enjoys running his own company. He's really (5) ___ computers. So, whenever I've got a problem with my PC, I always send him a 'computer down! SOS!' message.

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1 A in | B on | C with |
| 2 A made | B got | C stayed |
| 3 A unreliable | B impatient | C unselfish |
| 4 A careless | B helpful | C outgoing |
| 5 A for | B on | C into |

7 🚩 W zadaniach 1–5 spośród podanych opcji wybierz tę, która jest tłumaczeniem fragmentu podanego w nawiasie, poprawnie uzupełniającym lukę w zdaniu. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B albo C.

- 1 If you're bored, maybe you should ____ (*zacząć*) a hobby such as drawing or playing an instrument.
A start out
B join in
C take up
- 2 He is ____ (*bardzo towarzyską*) person who loves making new friends.
A a very outgoing
B a very unsociable
C a very easygoing
- 3 Although the train normally leaves at three, technical problems ____ (*powodują opóźnienie*).
A cause a delay
B are causing a delay
C have causing a delay
- 4 ____ (*Nie wolno ci*) be late for class again or you'll be in trouble with the professor.
A You don't have to
B You don't need to
C You mustn't
- 5 Stella ____ (*zawsze ćwiczy grę na pianinie*) at this time – can you call back later?
A is always practising the piano
B always practises the piano
C has always practised the piano