

1. _____, the inventor of light bulb, was one of the first inventors to apply the principles.
 - A. It is Thomas Alva Edison
 - B. Thomas Alva Edison
 - C. Thomas Alva Edison is
 - D. Thomas Alva Edison is famous

2. Elizabeth in *Pride and Prejudice* and Elinor Dashwood in *Sense and Sensibility* _____ of Jane Austen's famous characters.
 - A. They are two
 - B. Two of them are
 - C. Two of them
 - D. Are two

3. Barack Obama has not one _____ two children.
 - A. And also
 - B. But
 - C. And there are
 - D. But there are

4. During the Indonesian Independence, the Indonesian society was happy, and the new government _____.
 - A. Was formed
 - B. Was to form
 - C. Is forming
 - D. Forming

5. World War II is generally considered to have happened _____ and 1945, although some conflicts in Asia that are commonly viewed as becoming part of the world war had begun earlier than 1939.
 - A. The 1939
 - B. Between 1939
 - C. In between 1939
 - D. In the between 1939

Line The platypus (*Ornithorhynchus anatinus*) is a semiaquatic mammal endemic to eastern Australia, including Tasmania. Together with the four species of echidna, it is one of the five extant species of monotremes, the only mammals that lay eggs instead of giving birth. It is the sole living representative of its family (*Ornithorhynchidae*), and genus

5 (*Ornithorhynchus*), though a number of related species have been found in the fossil record.

The unusual appearance of this egg-laying, duck-billed, beaver-tailed, otter-footed mammal baffled European naturalists when they first encountered it, with some considering it an elaborate fraud. It is one of the few venomous mammals, the male platypus having a spur on the hind foot that delivers venom capable of causing severe

10 pain to humans. The unique features of the platypus make it an important subject in the study of evolutionary biology and a recognizable and iconic symbol of Australia; it has appeared as a mascot at national events and is featured on the reverse of its 20-cent coin. The platypus is the animal emblem of the state of **New South Wales**.

Until the early 20th century, it was hunted for its fur, but it is now protected

15 throughout its range. Although captive breeding programs have had only limited success and the platypus is vulnerable to the effects of pollution, it is not under any immediate threat.

(<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platypus>)

6. The topic of the passage is...
 - A. The general information of platypus
 - B. The features of platypus
 - C. The unusual appearance of platypus
 - D. The platypus in this world
7. It can be inferred from the passage that...
 - A. The platypus is not a mammal
 - B. The platypus does not lay eggs
 - C. The platypus can be dangerous for human being
 - D. The platypus does rarely lives in Australia
8. The word 'its' in line 4 refers to...
 - A. Platypus
 - B. Species
 - C. Mammal
 - D. Representative
9. It can be inferred from the passage that...
 - A. The platypus gives birth
 - B. The platypus is not famous in Australia
 - C. The platypus is not hunted for its fur today
 - D. There are still many platypus living in Australia
10. The word 'features' in line 10 is closest in meaning with...
 - A. Descriptions
 - B. Characteristics
 - C. Explanations
 - D. characters