

**KEMENTERIAN AGAMA REPUBLIK INDONESIA
KANTOR KEMENTERIAN AGAMA KABUPATEN WONOSOBO
FKKM MTs KABUPATEN WONOSOBO**

SUMATIF TENGAH SEMESTER GANJIL TAHUN PELAJARAN 2024/2025

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris

Hari, tanggal :

Kelas : VIII (DELAPAN)

Waktu :

PETUNJUK UMUM:

1. Tulislah lebih dahulu nama, nomor peserta, dan kelas pada lembar jawab yang telah tersedia!
2. Bacalah lebih dahulu setiap soal sebelum Anda mengerjakan!
3. Kerjakan lebih dahulu soal-soal yang Anda anggap mudah!
4. Periksa kembali pekerjaan Anda sebelum diserahkan kepada pengawas!

SELAMAT MENGERJAKAN!

Choose the correct answer by crossing (X) A, B, C or D, do it on your answer sheet!

1. Andika heard that Dino won the prize on the singing contest. Andika wants to congratulate Dino.
What should Andika say to Dino?
A. I'm sorry to hear that, Dino.
B. I hope you will win the contest.
C. Congratulations on your wedding.
D. Congratulations on winning the contest.

2. Rina : I won the swimming competition yesterday.
Sari : That's great. Congratulations!
Rina : ...
Sari : You are welcome.

The best expression to complete the dialogue is ...

- A. I hope so
B. Thank you
C. I don't think so
D. I agree with you
3. Your friend was accepted in a good high school. How would you congratulate him?
A. Congratulations! Good luck for your study.
B. Thank you for your achievement
C. Happy graduation!
D. Happy anniversary!

Text for number 4-5

Dear Joana,

Let me congratulate your success as the best pop singer in 2024. I hope you always perform the best in the next show.

Love,

Cindy.

4. Why is the text written?
A. To congratulate the winner.
B. To announce singing competition.
C. To inform the singing competition.
D. To thank the winner
5. "I hope you always perform the best in the next show." The word "perform" can be replaced with ...
A. play
B. sing
C. read
D. dance

Text for number 6-8

Last holiday was my worst holiday because I did not go anywhere. I just stayed at my home. In the morning, I woke up and had a breakfast. After that, I played with my cat. In the afternoon, I had a lunch and after that I took a nap. In the evening, I watched TV until I felt boring. My daily activities were like that during the holiday. So, I was sure last holiday was my worst holiday.

6. Where did the writer spend his holiday?
 - A. in the hotel
 - B. in the beach
 - C. in his home
 - D. in his room
7. What did the writer do before take a nap?
 - A. He had lunch
 - B. He watched a movie
 - C. He played with his cat
 - D. He had breakfast
8. What did the writer feel about the holiday?
 - A. He felt satisfied
 - B. He felt glad
 - C. He felt annoyed
 - D. He felt happy

Text for number 9-13

Last holiday, my family and I went to Yogyakarta. We stayed at Garuda Hotel which is not far from Malioboro.

The first day, we visited Prambanan. There are three big temples, the Brahmana, Syiwa and Wisnu temples. They are really amazing. We visited only Brahmana and Syiwa temples, because Wisnu temple is being renovated.

The next day, we went to Yogyakarta palace. We spent about two hours there. We were lucky because we were led by a smart and friendly guide. Then we continued our journey to Borobudur. We arrived there at four p.m. At 5 p.m. we heard the announcement that Borobudur gate would be closed.

9. The text above mainly discusses about ...
 - A. the writer's trip to Yogyakarta
 - B. the writer's first visit to Prambanan
 - C. the writer's impression about the guide
 - D. the writer's experience at Yogyakarta Palace
10. What kind of text is the text above?
 - A. descriptive
 - B. narrative
 - C. recount
 - D. report
11. The purpose of the text is ...
 - A. to tell the past events
 - B. to entertain readers
 - C. to describe the smugglers
 - D. to inform readers about events of the day
12. What are the big temples in Prambanan?
 - A. paria, brahmana, and temples
 - B. brahmana, syiwa, and wisnu temples
 - C. wisnu, syiwa, and borobudur temples
 - D. borobudur, syiwa, and brahmana temples

13. Why did they only visit Brahmana and Syiwa temples?
- A. because there was no Wisnu temple
 - B. because wisnu temple was amazing
 - C. because wisnu temple was too small
 - D. because wisnu temple was being repaired

Text for number 14-17

The Legend of Lake Toba

Long time ago, a young man lived in a valley in North Sumatera. He was poor and lived with nobody. Every day, he went to the river and caught some fish to eat.

One day, he went fishing after working in the fields. But not like the other days, he got nothing even after waiting for hours. When he decided to go home, he felt the rod jolted. That's fish! He pulled the rod out and he was jolly to see a small goldfish. Imagining that he would eat a goldfish, he went home excitedly.

At home, the young man put the small fish on the table. He prepared some firewood to cook. When everything was ready, he went back to the kitchen. But he saw nothing on the table! The fish disappeared! Instead, he saw a beautiful woman.

After having a short conversation, the young man asked to marry her. She accepted only in one condition, the man should never mention where she came from. The man agreed and they got married. They had a handsome yet naughty boy named Samosir.

One day, Samosir made his father angry. The man shouted loudly and said the prohibited words. He said that Samosir was son of fish. Suddenly, rain fell for weeks and turned the valley into a lake.

14. From the text above we know that ...
- A. Samosir is not son of fish
 - B. The man is rich
 - C. The goldfish turns into a beautiful woman
 - D. The beautiful woman is not married to the man
15. What is the main idea of paragraph 2?
- A. The man caught a gold fish
 - B. Fishing is the man's hobby
 - C. The man married the goldfish
 - D. They have a handsome boy
16. What is the moral lesson of the story?
- A. Don't go fishing
 - B. We have to keep our promise
 - C. Don't eat fish
 - D. We must not marry a goldfish
17. The word "he" in the sentence "At home, he put the small fish on the table" refers to...
- A. Samosir
 - B. Goldfish
 - C. Beautiful woman
 - D. Young man

Text for number 18-25

Once upon a time there lived a little girl named Snow White. She lived with her aunt and uncle because her parents were dead.

One day she heard her uncle and aunt talking about leaving Snow White in the castle because they both wanted to go to America and they didn't have enough money to take Snow White.

Snow White didn't want her uncle and aunt to do that so she decided that it would be best if she ran away. The next morning she ran away into the woods. She was very tired and hungry. Then she saw a little cottage. She knocked but no one answered so she went inside and fell asleep.

Meanwhile, the seven dwarfs were coming home from work. There they found Snow White sleeping. Then Snow White woke up. She saw the dwarfs.

The dwarfs said, "What is your name?"

Snow White said, "My name is Snow White."

Then, Snow White told the dwarfs the whole story.

The dwarfs said, "If you want, you may live here with us."

Snow White answered, "Oh, could I? Thank you."

Finally, Snow White and the seven dwarfs lived happily ever after.

18. What type of the text is used by the writer?
 - A. Narrative
 - B. Report
 - C. Anecdote
 - D. Comparative
19. What tense used in the text above?
 - A. Simple Present Tense
 - B. Simple Past Tense
 - C. Past Perfect Tense
 - D. Present Perfect Tense
20. Why Snow White ran away to the woods?
 - A. Her parents passed away
 - B. Her uncle was angry with her
 - C. Her uncle and aunt would go to America
 - D. Snow White was happy to run away
21. When did Snow White run away to the woods?
 - A. In the afternoon
 - B. In the morning
 - C. In the evening
 - D. In the full moon
22. Where did Snow White live after she ran away to the woods?
 - A. She lived in the cave
 - B. She lived in the lion nest
 - C. She lived everywhere in the woods
 - D. She lived in the dwarfs' cottage
23. According to the text, before she ran away into the woods, why did Snow White live with her uncle and aunt?
 - A. Because she loved them very much
 - B. As a result of forcing attitude from them
 - C. Because her parents were dead
 - D. Because she were afraid of the dwarfs
24. The communicative purpose of this text is...
 - A. To inform the readers about important and newsworthy events
 - B. To entertain readers with fairy tale
 - C. To share an account of an unusual event
 - D. To persuade readers to accept his/her opinions
25. The organization of the text above is...
 - A. Abstract, orientation, crisis, incident, coda
 - B. Identification – Description
 - C. Orientation – Complication – Resolution
 - D. description, background events, sources

Text for number 26-28

Once upon a time there was a peacock who was very proud of its beautiful looks. Its only disappointment was that it live next to an ugly owl. Every day, peacock come to the owl house would insult the owl on its looks while the owl stayed quiet.

All the other animals in the forest tried to make the peacock see sense, but it was too swayed by its own good looks.

One night, it rained heavily and flooded the peacock's nest. Peacocks are homeless and have no food. Peacock came to the owl house to ask for food and the owl gave it. Then the owl told the peacock to stay

26. What is the story about
- A. Two birds in the forest
 - B. a beautiful peacock
 - C. a beautiful peacock, and the owl
 - D. Animals in the forest
27. From the story, we know the owl was ...
- A. Brave
 - B. Wise
 - C. Patient
 - D. Humble
28. The peacock ignored other animals' advice to change attitude because ...
- A. Peacock believed it was the prettiest
 - B. Peacock cloud change others to do so
 - C. Peacock thought that is was right
 - D. Peacock didn't trust other people

Question for number 29-30

In a kingdom, there lived 3 corn farmers. All three are smart and diligent farmers. In one season, the land of the three farmers experienced pest problems. Their corn harvest is in danger of failing.

To overcome this, farmers first use pesticides. The second farmer built a cage around his land to prevent pests from entering. The third farmer tried to make a scarecrow. All to no avail.

Then, the king called the three farmers. The king gave a stick to each and told them to break it.

The sticks break easily. Then the king gave him a hundred sticks and the three of them had trouble breaking them.

The king said, "When you work alone, you are weak, but together you become strong." Three farmers worked together, combined strategies, and succeeded.

29. From the text we know that the three farmers earned money by ...
- A. Cultivating their fields
 - B. Selling crops to a market
 - C. Collecting firewood
 - D. Working on others fields
30. What is the conflict faced by the farmers in the story?
- A. Three farmers with the king
 - B. Three farmers have a good harvest
 - C. The village head gave the three farmers challenge
 - D. The three farmers efforts to help their crops failed