

Activity 4

Read the following text and answer the questions

Mount Sumbing



Mount Sumbing is one of the highest volcanoes on Java Island, with an altitude of around 3,371 meters above sea level. Located on the border of Magelang Temanggung, and Wonosobo Regencies, Central Java, Mount Sumbing is a favorite among climbers because it offers extraordinary natural scenery and challenging climbing routes. This mountain is known for its dense vegetation at the foot of the mountain, which then turns into grasslands and rocks at higher altitudes. The peak offers a stunning panorama with a view of Mount Sindoro standing side by side to the east. In addition, at the peak of Mount Sumbing there is an active crater that adds to the attraction for adventurers who want to experience the sensation of climbing a volcano.

Along the climbing route, climbers will be presented with various views such as lush pine forests, vegetable gardens owned by local residents, and beautiful expanses of edelweiss flowers on the higher plains. The Mount Sumbing climbing route has several popular routes, such as the Garung, Cepit, and Mangli routes, each offering different experiences and challenges. The weather on Mount Sumbing can be very changeable, so climbers need to prepare themselves well to face the cold temperatures and strong winds at the peak. With its stunning natural scenery and challenging climbing challenges, Mount Sumbing is a dream destination for climbers and nature lovers who want to enjoy the beauty of the mountains in Indonesia.

1. What makes Mount Sumbing a favorite among climbers?

- a) Its height makes it the tallest mountain in Indonesia.
- b) It has easy climbing routes with minimal challenges.
- c) It offers extraordinary natural scenery and challenging climbing routes.
- d) It is located near a famous beach.
- e) It is a dormant volcano with no active crater.

2. Which climbing routes are popular on Mount Sumbing?

- a) Kledung, Plawangan, and Selo routes.
- b) Senaru, Sembalun, and Rinjani routes.
- c) Cemoro Lawang, Ngadisari, and Pasuruan routes.
- d) Tegalalang, Ubud, and Nusa Penida routes.
- e) Garung, Cepit, and Mangli routes.



3. Which mountain can be seen standing side by side with Mount Sumbing?

- a) Mount Sindoro.
- b) Mount Kerinci.
- c) Mount Bromo.
- d) Mount Rinjani.
- e) Mount Merapi.

4. Describe the view of Mount Sumbing's peak

5. Write your conclusion based of the text that you have read above.

Can you understand the text easily?

Explain the difficulties you faced in comprehending the descriptive text.

Rate your understanding of today's topic (1-5)