UNIT4 Lớp 8

A. VOCABULARY

1. nhà rông
2. cơ bản
3. tinh vi, phức tạp
4. trang phục
5. tò mò, muốn tìm hiểu
6. tập quán, phong tục
7. nét độc đáo
8. sự đa dạng, phong phú
9. (thuộc): dân tộc
10 (nhóm): dân tộc
11.thuộc về truyền thống
12. thu thập, hái lượm
13. di sản
14. săn bắt
15. không quan trọng, không ý nghĩa
18. đa văn hóa
19. công nhận, xác nhận
21. đặc sản
23. ruộng bậc thang
24. truyền thống
25. độc nhất, độc đáo
26. cối xay nước

B. GRAMMAR REVIEW

I. ÔN TẬP CÂU HỎI. (QUESTION)

Theo quy tắc ngữ pháp, khi là câu hỏi thì chúng ta cần đảo trợ động từ (auxiliray verbs) lên trước chủ ngữ

1. Câu hỏi Yes/No (Yes/No Questions)

Câu hỏi dạng Yes/No Questions là dạng câu hỏi đòi hỏi câu trả lời là Yes (có) hoặc No (không).

Cấu trúc	Ví dụ

2. Wh-question

Trong tiếng Anh, khi chúng ta cần hỏi rõ ràng và cần có câu trả lời cụ thể, ta dùng câu hỏi với các từ để hỏi. Loại câu hỏi này được gọi là câu hỏi trực tiếp (direct questions)

a. Các từ dùng để hỏi trong tiếng Anh

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Who	Whom (Ai)	What	Whose
Where	Which	When	Why
How	How much	How many	How long
How far	How old	How often	What time

Các cấu trúc câu hỏi WH thường gặp

- Nguyên tắc đặt câu hỏi

-
-
-

Dạng	Cấu trúc	Chú ý
Dạng 1: Câu hỏi tân ngữ		
Dạng 2: Câu hỏi bổ ngữ		
Dạng 3: Câu hỏi chủ ngữ		

C.Trường hợp câu hỏi đặc biệt với WHICH

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Cách dùng	Ví dụ

B. BÀI TẬP VẬN DỤNG CƠ BẢN.

Bài 1: Khoanh tròn vào đápán đúng.

1. _____will you travel to this summer? I haven't decided yet.
A. Where B. What C. Who
2. _____did you sell yesterday? - Bread and cupcakes.
A. What B.Who C. Which
3. _____dress did she buy? -The red or the blue one?
A. What B.Whose C. Which
4. _____is playing the piano upstairs?
A. Who B. Whose C. Whom
5. To _____should I address the letter?
A. Who B. Whose C. Whom
6. _____ is your cat? It is two months old.
A. How old B. When C. How much
7. _____ did you begin working part-time here?
A. How long B. When C. How much
8. _____ people are there in the conference room?
A. How B. Howmany C. How much
9. _____time will you spend on your new carpet?
A. How long B. Howmany C. How much
10. _____do these shoes cost?
A. How long B. Howmany C. How much
11. _____do you go to the gym?
A. How B. How often C. How long
12. _____ did you get to work yesterday? I took a taxi because my car was broken.
A. How B. Why C. When
8. _____were you late for work yesterday? - Because of the traffic jam

A. How B. Why C. When
13. _____does this laptop belong to? It belongs to Jim.
A. Who B. Whose C. Which
14. _____ bag was stolen yesterday?
A. Who B. Whose C. Which

II. MẠO TỪ KHÔNG XÁC ĐỊNH : A/ AN/ MANY / A LOT/ A FEW / A LITTLE

1. A đứng trước ……?

- **……..**(một trò chơi); **…….** (một chiếc tàu thủy)
- **……** (một trường đại học); **……..** (một năm)
- **……..** (một người Âu); **……..** (một người thọt chân)

LIVEWORKSHEETS

2. An đứng trước……..?
- **……** (một quả trứng); **……** (một con kiến)
- **……..** (một niềm vinh dự…….. (một giờ đồng hồ)

3. An cũng đứng trước ……?.
- **……** (một tín hiệu cấp cứu); **……** (một thạc sĩ khoa học), **…….** (môt tia X)

4.A/An có hình thức……?
- **…….**(một con cọp); **……..** (một con cọp cái)
- **…….** (một ông chú); **……..** (một bà dì)

5.MANY / A FEW– Dùng cho ……?

6. MUCH / A LITTLE : Dùng cho ……..……...?

Vd : water / time / money…..

Luyện tập: Điền A/ AN/ MANY / A LOT/ A FEW / A LITTLE

Điền mạo từ 'a', 'an' hoặc many / much vào chỗ trống sao cho thích hợp.

1. She asked me for ___ information about the meeting.
2. They will move to ___ mansion next month.
3. I'd like ___ grapefruit and ___ orange juice.
4. ___award was given to Jim yesterday.
5. We read ___ books and play ___ games when we have free time.
6. Jim doesn't want to borrow ___ money from anyone.
7. My friend and I threw ___ party last week.
8. It was ___ honor to be invited here today.
9. I've bought ___ umbrella for my sister.
10. My family often have____ eggs for breakfast.
11. Would you like_____cup of tea?
12. My brother doesn't like _____ cats.
13. Is there _____post office here?
14. I spend _____hours on my DIY project.
15. Mr. Peter used to be _____famous vet.

TEST 1

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. bulb	B. plumber	C. profitable	D. label
2. A. missed	B. liked	C. cleaned	D. stopped
3. A. environment	B. idea	C. condition	D. highland
4. A. brochure	B. change	C. machine	D. champangne
5. A. tests	B. neighbors	C. cooks	D. roofs

Mark the letter A, B, C or D that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress

6. A. invite	B. computer	C.minority	D. highland
7. A. wooden	B. communal	C.ethnic	D. famous

Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

8.My aunt has _____tea plantation in Daklak.

A.a few	B. many	C.a	D.an

9.How _____ethnic groups live on the northern areas of Viet Nam?

A.much	B.long	C.far	D.many

LIVEWORKSHEETS

10._____is the Keo Pagoda Festival?
A.When B.What C.Who D.How many
11. Mr Long drove very _____than he does now.
A.more careful B. carefully C. careless D.more carefully
12. It took me quite along time to _____ these glasses.
A.to wear B. wearing C.to wearing D. wear
13.I suggest _____ harder on your pronunciation .
A.working B. should work C.should D.could work
14. _____tall is an average model?
A.What B.Where C.How D.How much
15.Mr Long should add _____more salt to your noodles.It is more delicious.
A.many B.much C.a few D.an
16.We only see _____beautiful terraced fields here.
A.a little B.much C.many D.a few
17.Mrs.Mi hopes_____ showers to save water .
A.making B.to take C.make D.taking
18.If we pollute the water, we will not have _____fresh water to use in the future.
A.much B.many C.a few D.a
19. We have used _____ dictionary to look up the words for 4 years.
A. a B.many C.a few D. a little
20._____do you like best about this cartoon?
A. Who B. Where C. What D. Why

Mark the letter A,B,C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s).

21. If the headmaster were here, he would sign your papers **immediately**.
A. right now B. currently C. formerly D. at last
22.What is the name of **popular** Nung's instrument?
A. common B. nice C. ugly D. special

Mark the letter A,B,C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s).

23. Thousands are becoming **wealthy** because of the success of this year's harvest.
A. hungry B. poor C. rich D. full
24. The doctor advised Peter to **give up** smoking.
A. stop B. continue C. finish D. consider

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer that best completes each of the following exchanges.

25. "How about fixing the dripping faucet." - "_____"
A. We will. B. Good idea ! C. Yes, please. D. I'm afraid not.

26. Messi: "Could you mail this letter for me, please?" Kaka:" _____".
A. No, I couldn't B. Ok, go ahead C. Yes, here it is D. I'm sorry, I can't
27. Jack: "Let' s cover this song by Tinh instrument." –Son Tung"_____"
A. Yes, here it is B. No, not at all C. Yes, let's D. Good idea

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer

There is an ethnic group living in Ha Long Bay which is a UNESCO World Heritage site in Quang Ninh province, in the northeast of Viet Nam. It has got over 1,600 islands and

LIVEWORKSHEETS

islets. Among the many ancient fishing villages in Ha Long Bay, only Cua Van floating village remains. All the houses and buildings in the village float on huge wooden rafts. The villagers spend their days fishing and looking after the sea life. Then ***they*** sail to the mainland to trade their fish for things like food, drinking water or clothes. Most children go to floating schools and then spend the rest of then time learning important skills like swimming and fishing. They also help out their parents as much as they can.Then lifestyle may seem strange to many people, but it's so wonderful to live among such natural beauty and know you are protecting it. The villagers are able to help preserve their beautiful bay because they live directly on the water.

28. The passage is mainly about:

A. How Ha Long bay became a UNESCO World Heritage.

B. The beauty of nature in Ha Long bay.

C. The life of people in Cua Van ancient village.

D. The geographical features of Ha Long bay.

29. The word *"**they**"* in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to.

A. the houses B. the villagers C. the builders D. the schools

30. According to the passage, the villagers' lifestyle may seem_____to many people.

A. strange B.dangerous C. tiring D. boring

31. The villagers not only fish but also_____the sea life.

A. damage B.pollute C. look at D. look after

32. The villagers are able to help preserve their beautiful bay because they_____

A. live on the land B. live far from the sea C.don't live on the water D.live directly on the water

33. According to the passage, which statements is NOT true?

A. Ha Long bay has above1,600 islands and islets.

B. Because of floating life, children in Cua Van floating village don't go to school.

C. The children try to help their parents.

D. The villagers have preserved their beautiful bay.

Mark the letter A B, C, or D on your answer that needs correction the following questions.

34. Nam is(A) tallest(B) student in(C) his class(D).

35.They suggested(A) ban(B) the sale of(C) alcohol at(D) football matches.

36.People who(A) exercise frequently(B) have more greater (C) physical endurance than those who don't(D)

Make the questions (Yes / No) for the following sentences.

37.The boys played *Tinh* instrument.

→_____

_____

38.We watched the Ban Flower Festival in Dien Bien 2 years ago.

→_____

_____

39.They will practice a folk dance of the Thai people.

→_____

_____

40.English plays an important part in our society nowaday.

→_____

_____

41.They are doing the homework at the moment.

_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

→_____

___

42.He eats five-colour sticky rice.

→_____

___

43.She often goes to boarding school.

→_____

___

44.They had the meeting in the communal house.

→

TEST 2

Choose the word whose <u>underlined</u> part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1.A. rulers	B. crops	C. flutes	D. posts
2.A.flute	B. feature	C.costume	D.livestock
3.A. knew	B. flew	C. grew	D. drew
4.A. hear	B. dear	C. heart	D. near
5.A. lived	B. played	C. promised	D. cleaned

Mark the letter A, B, C or D that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress

6. A. happen	B. listen	C.finish	D. communal
7. A. harvest	B. arange	C. costume	D. famous

Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

8.Do you know where _____now?

A. John is working B. is John working C. John works D. John working

9. Mr Buong's village lies near the foot of a mountain and _____ the river.

A.near B. at C. next D. to

10. Although it rained very heavily, _____Tim still went to class on time.

A.but B.and C.Ø D.however

11. Liz took a lot of photos to show the trip to _____ parents.

A. she B.her C. hers D. him

12. He was born_____Janaury, 15th 2001.

A. on B. at C. in D. of

13.Many tourists enjoy festivals in Viet Nam _____ they don't understand Vietnamese culture much.

A. though B. when C. if D. because

14.Children _____ drink milk every day. - It's good for them.

A.should B.don't C.are D.didn't

15.We'll go swimming today_____ it's hot.

A. so B. because C. so that D. then

16._____ does Hoa Ban Festival take place? - In March.

A. What B. Where C. When D. How

17.During the festival, they fly many_____ kites in different shapes and sizes.

A. colour B. colourless C. colourful D. colouring

18._____do they use in the festival? – a flute.

A. When B. How often C. How D. What

19.Please turn off_____lights when you leave_____ room.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

A. the-the B. a-a C. the-a D. a-the

20.There sre fewer Thai than Kinh, so they are an_____group.

A.ethnic B.small C.big D.special

21. The Cham in Ninh Thuan _____sheep and cows.

A.weave B.run C.rise D.raise

22.Would you pass me_____salt, please?

A.many B.a C.much D.some

Mark the letter A,B,C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined words.

23. After her mother **died**, she was raised by her grandparents.

A. grown up B. weave C. played D. lived

24. I am **crazy about** my children.

A. keen on B. worried C. happy D. sad

Mark the letter A,B,C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word.

25. After two hours traveling by bus, we **came out of** Vung Tau.

A. came up with B. got up C. reached D. went on

26.Last night,when he came to visit us, we were watching an **boring** film on T.V.

A.long B.bad C.interesting D.new

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer that best completes each of the following exchanges.

27. A: Would you like to have lunch with us? **B:** _____.

A. All right B. Yes, I would C. No, I wouldn't like D. Yes, I'd love to

28. A: Congratulations on your winning **B:** _____.

A. Good idea B.That's kind of you C.Thanks D. Yes, of course

Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.

29. Mr. Smith(A) is going to buy(B) a new Japanese(C) cars, doesn't he(D)?

30. I met(A) a lot of interesting(B) people while(C) I was studying at(D) Ho Chi Minh City.

Choose the word A,B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

The country and the city have advantages and (31)_. People in the country live in more beautiful surroundings. They enjoy (32)____ and quietness, and can do their work at their (33)_____ pace because no one is in a (34)____. They live in larger, more comfortable houses,and their neighbors are more friendly, and ready to help them (35)_____ they need it. Their life, however, can be (36)____ and they may be isolated, which is a serious problem (37)__ they are ill or want to take children to school.

The city has all the services that the country lacks, but it (38)_____ has a lot of disadvantages. Cities are often polluted. They not (39)_____ have polluted air but also have noisy streets. Everyone is always in a hurry and this (40)_____ that people have no time to get to know each other and make friends.

31.A. joy	**B.**enjoyment	**C.**happiness	**D.**disadvantages
32.A.quiet	**B.**quietly	**C.**peace	**D.**peaceful
33.A.less	**B.**own	**C.**just	**D.**only
34.A.hurry	**B.**hurried	**C.**hurriedly	**D.**hurrying
35.A. When	**B.**which	**C.**what	**D.**that
36.A.bore	**B.**bored	**C.**boring	**D.**bores
37.A. unless	**B.** because	**C.** although	**D.** if

LIVEWORKSHEETS

38.**A.** also	**B.** yet	**C.** already	**D.** so
39.**A.** never	**B.** ever	**C.** hardly	**D.** only
40.**A.** aims	**B.** means	**C.** asks	**D.** said

Put "a", "an" or "many / much" in the gaps.

41.My father works as ___ electrician.

42.It is cold because_____heating systems are broken.

43.Did you buy _____pair of shoes yesterday?

44.She took _____hamburger and ____apples, but she didn't eat ____apples.

45.James offered me _____cup of coffee and _____piece of cake. _____cake is

46.This is _____ unique custom of this ethnic group.

47.No one in my family likes drinking _____ beer.

48.It took me _____hour to finish my homework.

Make the questions (Yes / No) for the following sentences.

49.The ethnic minorities in Vietnam often live in mountainous areas.

→_____

___

50.Their costumes are colorful and unique.

→_____

___

51.They often gather together at the communal house in special occasions.

→_____

___

52.Ethnic people often hold festivals in spring.

→_____

___

53.Life in the mountainous areas is quite difficult because of the extreme weather.

→_____

___

Complete the sentences, using the correct form of the words in brackets.

54.Nga eats more _____ than Tung does because she likes fast food. (healthy)

55.The _____ houses of many ethnic groups are used to worship the ancestors. (commune)

56.Most of the Central Highlands is _____. (mountain)

57.Do villagers today dress _____ as in the past? (tradition)

58. I am _____ in her hometown with a lot of paddy fields. (interest)

UNIT 4:TEST 3

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. look	B. wooden	C. cook	D. flood
2:A. plumber	B. debt	C. garbage	D. doubt
3. A. weather	B. wealthy	C. ethnic	D. both
4. A. lamps	B. crops	C. halls	D. flutes
5. A. watched	B. missed	C. played	D. looked

Mark the letter A, B, C or D that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress

6.A. gather	B. statue	C. ethnic	D. unique

LIVEWORKSHEETS

7.A. hunting B. custom C. feature D. overlook

Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

8.We are _____ the chicken in the rice field.
A.playing B. raising C. herding D. running

9.Most mountain girls know how to_____clothes.
A.raise B. grow C. dance D.weave

10.Many Vietnamese ethnic minority students are studying at _____ schools.
A.private B. international C. national D. boarding

11._____ does Hung Temple Festival take place? – In Phu Tho.
A. What B. Where C. When D. Why

12. _____ do the cattle provide the Tay? – Milk, meat and clothing.
A. What B. Where C. When D. Why

13. _____ is this festival held among the ethnic group? – Every month.
A. How B. How often C. When D. Why

14. The *Tay* is _____ second larrgest ethnic group in Vietnam.
A. a B. an C. the D. many

15. Vietnam is a country with _____ ethnic groups.
A. many B. a little C. much D. an

16. The *Kinh* is _____ majority ethnic group of Vietnam.
A. few B. many C. an D. a

17. _____ changes in the Vietnamese culture are explained through myths and folktales.
A. Many B. Much C. a D. a little

18. Mr Long detests_____a conversation with Mary.
A. have B.to have C.having D. has

19. My father arrives in Singapore_____Monday evening.
A. in B.at C. from D. on

20. They canceled the Huong pagoda_____it rained heavily.
A. because of B. because C. although D. in spite of

21. We are looking for a _____table for the new living room.
A. round beautiful blue **B.** beautiful round blue **C.** blue round beautiful **D**. beautiful blue round

22. We can learn how _____ banh chung at Tet.
A. make B. to make C. making D.made

Mark A, B, C or D indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the sentences

23. He won the school speaking English **<u>contest</u>**, which made his parents veryproud.
A.lesson B.course C. career D.competition

24. Button decided **to <u>continue</u>** with his studies for another two years.
A. get on B. carry out C. go on D. turn off

Mark A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the sentences

25. Do you mind if I **<u>borrow</u>** your dictionary?
A. give B. take C. collect D. lend

26.*Dan Tinh* is a **<u>traditional</u>** musical instrument.
A.modern B.old C. ancient D.beautiful

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Mark A, B, C or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges

27. A: Would you like to have lunch with us? **B:** _____.

A. All right | B. Yes, I would | C. No, I wouldn't | D. Yes, I'd love to like

28. A: "Do women play an important role in Lai Chau?" Buong**: "**_____".

A. Yes, they do | B.No, they do | C. No, thanks | D. No, of course

Mark A B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the questions.

29. Lan often goes to school by bus, but today she goes on foot.
A B C D

30. I looked everywhere for my keys, but I could only find your .
A B C D

31. : I'm becoming increasingly forgetable. Last week I locked myself out of the house twice.
A B C D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world. It is also the highest trash pile in the world. About 400 people try to reach the top every year. This many climbers means a lot of trash. It is very dangerous to climb Mt. Everest. The air is very thin and cold. Most people carry oxygen bottles; they could die without it. When the oxygen bottles are empty, people throw them on the ground. When strong winds rip their tents, ***people leave them behind***. They don't have enough energy to go down the mountain safely. Trash is a terrible problem. Since people first began to climb Mt. Everest, they have left 50,000kilos of trash on the mountain. Several groups have climbed the mountain just to pick up the trash. When people plan to climb the mountain, they have to plan to take away their trash.

32. What is the main topic of the passage?

A. Wind on the mountain | B. A problem with trash | C. A dangerous mountain | D. Climbing safely

33. Where do climbers put their empty oxygen bottles?

A. On the ground | B. In trash can | C. On their back | D. In their tent

34. The climbers didn't leave anything on the mountain, but one is NOT TRUE.

A. Special groups will pick the rubbish up.
B. They will recycle the rubbish there.
C. They don't have the energy to take the rubbish away.
D. Other climbers will use the rubbish later.

35. Why do climbers on Mt. Everest carry bottle of oxygen?

A. The weather is cold. | B.Climbing makes them tired. | C. The air is very thin. | D. They are thirsty

36. In line 5, ***people leave them behind***, what does the word ***them*** refer to?

A. Tents | B. Oxygen bottles | C. Strong winds | D. Other climbers

Make questions for the underlined words.

37.The Muong people often play flute, trumpet and gong.

→_____

___

LIVEWORKSHEETS

38.The Viet is the largest ethnic group in Vietnam.
→ _____

39.The Muong live in mountainous areas with abundant land for growing wet rice.
→ _____

40.They are harvesting their crops in the fields.
→ _____

Using the words given to write the meaningful sentences.

41. I/visit/my neighbors/yesterday/no one/be/home.
→ _____

42. You/like/cup/of/coffee/you/like/glass/of/water?
→ _____

43. Mr. Smith/seem/nice/man/he/be/selfish.
→ _____

44.Ann/want/lose/weight/she/go/the gym/regularly.
→ _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS