

## REVIEW AND CHECK

### I. GRAMMAR. Choose the correct alternative

1. Van Gogh and Gauguin \_\_\_\_ both painters.  
a) was      b) were      c) is
2. Where \_\_\_\_ Shakespeare born?  
a) was      b) were      c) is
3. \_\_\_\_ the tickets expensive?  
a) Was      b) Were      c) Did
4. I \_\_\_\_ a good movie on TV last night.  
a) watched    b) watch      c) watching
5. They \_\_\_\_ at the right airport.  
a) didn't arrived    b) don't arrived    c) didn't arrive
6. \_\_\_\_ you see the soccer game last night?  
a) Did      b) Do      c) Were
7. We \_\_\_\_ to Istanbul three years ago.  
a) go      b) were      c) went
8. When \_\_\_\_ in Los Angeles?  
a) you lived      b) did you live    c) did you lived
9. I \_\_\_\_ you at the party last night.  
a) didn't saw      b) didn't see    c) not saw
10. What time \_\_\_\_ home?  
a) did you get    b) you did get    c) got
11. \_\_\_\_ a big table in the living room.  
a) There are      b) There is      c) It is
12. How many bedrooms \_\_\_\_?  
a) are there      b) there are      c) are they
13. There aren't \_\_\_\_ pictures on the walls.  
a) any      b) some      c) a
14. \_\_\_\_ only three guests in the dining room.  
a) There was      b) There were    c) There is
15. How many people \_\_\_\_ in the hotel?  
a) there were      b) was there      c) were there

## II. VOCABULARY

### A. Complete the professions with *-er*, *-or*, *-ian* or *-ist*

1. act\_\_\_\_
2. art\_\_\_\_
3. paint\_\_\_\_
4. music\_\_\_\_
5. scient\_\_\_\_

### B. Complete the phrases with *go*, *have* or *get*.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ a good time
2. \_\_\_\_\_ an email
3. \_\_\_\_\_ away for the weekend
4. \_\_\_\_\_ a taxi
5. \_\_\_\_\_ on vacation

### C. Complete the sentences with *back*, *by*, *in*, *out*, or *to*.

1. I went \_\_\_\_\_ with my friends on Saturday night.
2. They went home \_\_\_\_\_ car
3. What time did you get \_\_\_\_\_ the restaurant?
4. I was born \_\_\_\_\_ 2001.
5. After lunch, I went \_\_\_\_\_ to work.

### D. Drag the word into the correct picture.



a rug    a bed    a sofa    a stove    an armchair

### E. Drag the preposition into the correct image



next to    on    behind    up    down

III. **READING COMPREHENSION.** Go through the article and choose TRUE or FALSE.

**How the modern detective novel was born**

Millions of readers, like me, love the books of Gillian Flynn and Ruth Rendell, of Lee Child and Laura Lippman. But most fans of modern crime fiction know very little about the writers who invented the modern detective novel.

Many of the best early detective stories were short stories. Edgar Allan Poe (1809–1849) was probably the author of the first detective story. Arthur Conan Doyle (1859–1930) created perhaps the most famous detective, Sherlock Holmes. Father Brown was also a detective who was nearly as popular as Holmes; he was created by G.K. Chesterton (1874–1936). Father Brown only appeared in short stories, and Sherlock Holmes appeared in over 50 short stories and only four novels, including *The Hound of the Baskervilles*, where he solves the mystery of an enormous ghost dog.

In 1916, in her book *The Mysterious Affair at Styles*, Agatha Christie introduced a new type of detective novel, and a new detective, Hercule Poirot. This book was a little bit different because the plot was more important than the characters and the writer asked readers to guess the name of the murderer. Later, in the 1930s and 40s, Dorothy Sayers wrote detective novels where the relationships between the characters were sometimes more interesting than the plot.

Reading can give us a fascinating view of the past, and when we read these detective stories and novels, we can also learn something about how people lived and thought in the 19th and 20th centuries. These authors are still very popular. They influence present-day authors, such as J.K. Rowling, and they are probably going to inspire crime fiction for decades to come.

1. Gillian Flynn and Lee Child are modern crime writers. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Sherlock Holmes only appeared in short stories. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Agatha Christie's novels were similar to older crime fiction. \_\_\_\_\_
4. She wanted her readers to try to solve the crimes themselves. \_\_\_\_\_
5. If you read detective fiction from the 19th. and early 20th. Century, you can learn about how people thought and behaved. \_\_\_\_\_
6. Not many people now enjoy Dorothy Sayers's books. \_\_\_\_\_

IV. LISTENING. Listen to the following mini conversations and choose the correct answer.



1

Joelle



2

Katie



3

Maura



4

Asya



5

Jake

1. Joelle's family lives in \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. New York
  - b. North Carolina
  - c. Canada
  
2. Last weekend, Katie \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. went out with friends
  - b. watched a movie
  - c. went to a friend's house
  
3. In Maura's bedroom, there is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. a TV and a cupboard
  - b. a bed and a desk
  - c. a wardrobe and a bed
  
4. Yesterday, Asya \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. went to bed late
  - b. had lunch with her brother
  - c. went out with her sister
  
5. Last New Year's Eve, Jack celebrated \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. at home
  - b. at a club
  - c. at a restaurant