

KINGFISHER READING



You are going to read an article about a bird called the kingfisher. Seven sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A-H the one which fits each gap (1-7). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use

Wildlife photographer Charlie James is an expert on the kingfisher, a beautiful blue-green bird that lives near streams and rivers, feeding on fish.

Old trees overhang the stream, half shading shallow water. Soft greens, mud browns and the many different yellows of sunlight are the main colors, as soft as the sounds of water in the breeze. The bird cuts like a laser through the scene, straight and fast, a slice of light and motion so striking you almost feel it. It has gone in a split second, but a trace of the image lingers, its power out of proportion to its size.

Charlie James fell in love with the kingfishers at an early age. (1)..... After all, it is the stuff of legend. Greek myth makes the kingfisher a moon goddess who turned into a bird. Another tale tells how the kingfisher flew so high that its upper body took on the blue of the sky, while its underparts were scorched by the sun.

(2)..... For despite the many different blues that appear in their coats, kingfishers have no blue pigment at all in their feathers. Rather, the structure of their upper feathers scatters light and strongly reflects blue.

(3)..... It's small wonder that some wildlife photographers get so enthusiastic about them. Couple the colors with the fact that kingfishers, though shy of direct human approach, can be easy to watch from a hideout, and you have a recipe for a lifelong passion.

A This is why a kingfisher may appear to change from bright blue to rich emerald green with only a slight change in the angle at which light falls on it.

B But his interest is this, the world's most widespread kingfisher and the only member of its cosmopolitan family to breed in Europe was getting noticed.

C A sure sign of his depth of feeling for this little bird is his inability to identify just what it is that draws him to it.

D The movement sends a highly visible signal to rivals, both males and females, as it defends its stretch of water against neighbors.

Charlie James's first hideout was an old blanket which he put over his head while he waited near a kingfisher's favorite spot. (4)..... But it took another four years, he reckons, before he got his first decent picture. In the meantime, the European kingfisher had begun to dominate his life. He spent all the time he could be a kingfisher - rich woodland stream.

The trouble was, school cut the time available to be with the birds. So he missed lessons, becoming what he describes as an "academic failure". (5)

At 16, he was hired as an advisor for a nature magazine. Work as an assistant to the editor followed, then a gradual move to a life as a freelance wildlife film cameraman. What he's really like to do now is make the ultimate kingfisher film. (6)..... "I'm attracted to the simple approach. I like to photograph parts of the kingfisher wings..."

The sentence trails off to nothing. He's thinking of those colors of the bird he's spent more than half his life getting close to, yet which still excites interest. (7)..... But, as Charlie knows, there's so much more to his relationship with the kingfisher than his work can ever show.

E The bird came back within minutes and sat only a meter away.

F The photographs succeed in communicating something of his feelings.

G "No speech, just beautiful images which say it all," he says.

H There is some scientific truth in that story.