LKPD UNIT 1 CHAPTER 1

ENGLISH GRADE IX

A. MATCH THE COLUMN A WITH COLOMN B!

NO	COLUMN A	COLUMN B
1	Bekantan is a reddish-brown monkey with a long and big nose.	Mangroves
2	The mascot of the capital city of South Kalimantan.	Bekantan's behaviour
3	The synonym of AT RISK	Habitat destruction
4	Nasalis larvatus	endangered
5	A place where bekantans and their groups live	Protect the mangrove forest
6	They eat, sleep and play in trees.	Physical appearance
7	Bekantans consume young leaves, fruits and flowers.	Proboscis
8	The major threat of Bekantan	Scientific name
9	One of the ways to save Bekantan's live	Bekantan
10	Animal that have long nose	Diet







B. FILL THE BLANK SPACE WITH THE WORD PROVIDED!

Stomach	**Fruits**	**attract**	**face**	**characteristic**
has	**native**	**larger**	**height**	**tails**

The proboscis monkey or Nasalis larvatus, known as Bekantan in Indonesia, is a type of long-nosed monkey with bulging stomach. This animal is a (1……..) of Borneo that is often found in riverside, mangroves, wetlands and coastal lowland forests in Brunei, Kalimantan (Indonesia), Sabah and Sarawak (Malaysia).

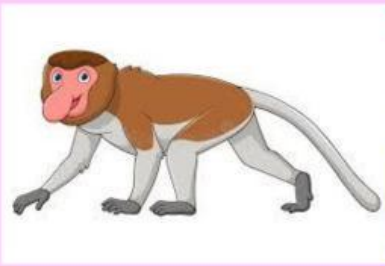
Proboscis monkey adult (2……..) reddish-brown fur around the head and shoulders, and gray fur around the arms, legs, and tail. Their (3…….) have the same length as their body size. Proboscis monkey's (4……) is red and they have brown eyes, and small ears. Physically, male's body is (5…….) than female with a (6 …….) of 75.5 cm and weight of 23 kg, while female with a height of 62 cm and weight of 11 kg.

The main (7……..) of proboscis monkey is their large nose that hang beyond their mouth. Male has large nose like proboscis expands that make them so-called proboscis, while female's nose is not. Male uses their large nose to (8……) female. Female prefers male with larger nose as a partner. Their nose will swell and turn red when they are happy or angry.

The other characteristic of proboscis monkey is their bulging (9 ……) . Their stomach has bacteria that help to digest the leaves they eat and help to neutralize toxins in certain leaves.

Bekantan consumes unripe (10……) , seeds, leaves and sometimes insects. 95 percent of the food they eat is mangrove tree leaves. They prefer to eat the ripe leaves.

LIVEWORKSHEETS







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