

Rhinoceros



Rhinoceros is a four-legged bulky herbivorous mammals with one or two horns located right above its nose. We may know them by the short version of their name "Rhino". They are considered to be one of endangered animal by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN). In Indonesia, we can find them in Sumatera and Java, especially in Ujung Kulon National Park.

Rhinoceros have a large and muscular body with four short legs. They have a big head and a very short neck. The position of their head is lower than their back which makes the head seems like facing downward all the time. There is one or two horns on their head located on their nose which became their unique feature. It is made of keratin, the same substance that build up hair and fingernails. Their body is covered with a thick layers of collagen.

The pregnancy period of a Rhinoceros is different from one species to another, but mostly it took up to 18 months for the baby to be born. A full grown Rhinoceros can reach the height of 1,8 m with approximate weight of 2.300 kg. They can run at the speed of 50 to 55 km/h. They can live up to 50 years. They have a short range sight but they have a good hearing and smelling.



LANGUAGE FEATURES

Simple
present
tense

General
Nouns

Linking
Verb

Technical
Term