



Name: _____

1. Read the clues carefully to figure out the words that fit into the crossword. Use your knowledge and context clues to help you complete the puzzle before listening to the audio.

Agriculture
Behavior
Companionship
Domestication
Evolution
Genetics
Predation
Socialization
Wildcats

Process by which wild animals or plants are tamed or adapted to live alongside humans.
Small to medium-sized carnivorous mammals that resemble domestic cats but live in the wild.
Practice of farming and cultivating land to produce food, fiber, and other products
Gradual process by which living organisms change and adapt over time
The way living organisms act or conduct themselves in response to internal and external stimuli.
Branch of biology that studies how traits are passed from parents to offspring through genes.
Process through which individuals learn and internalize the behaviors of their culture or society.
Feeling of friendship and support that comes from spending time with others.
The act of one animal hunting, killing, and feeding on another animal for food.

Listen to the audio and answer the questions.



1. After watching the video, read the statements below and decide if they are true or false based on the information you learned.

Cats were first domesticated in Ancient Egypt.

Domesticated cats share many genetic traits with wildcats.

Cats became domesticated primarily to help humans with farming by controlling pests.

2. Select the answer that best matches the information from the video.

a. Why did cats begin to live near human settlements?

- A. To find food
- B. For companionship
- C. To avoid predators
- D. To enjoy the warmth of homes

b. Which ancient civilization is most closely associated with the early domestication of cats?

- A. Roman
- B. Greek
- C. Egyptian
- D. Mesopotamian

c. What role did cats primarily serve in early agricultural societies?

- A. Guards
- B. Companions
- C. Pest controllers
- D. Transport animals

d. How did the behavior of cats change as they became domesticated?

- A. They became less independent
- B. They became nocturnal
- C. They developed stronger social bonds with humans
- D. They started to hunt larger prey

3. Carefully consider the content of the video and use your understanding to answer the following open-ended questions.

A. What factors contributed to the domestication of cats, and how did these factors influence their relationship with humans over time?

B. How did the domestication of cats benefit human societies, and how might these benefits have influenced the spread of domesticated cats across different cultures?



Great job!

Now wait for the teacher to grade your exercises.