

Name: _____

BÀI TẬP PTNL ENGLISH GRADE 10

Class: _____

END-OF-TERM TEST 1



End-of-term Test 1

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: A. bond B. laptop C. adopt D. grocery

Question 2: A. support B. rubbish C. trumpet D. upload

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3: A. access B. become C. design D. donate

Question 4: A. volunteer B. afternoon C. lemonade D. orphanage

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 5: Andriana is talking to Kate after the performance.

Andriana: You are an amazing singer. I barely take my ears off your songs

Kate: _____

A. All right, it was great talking to you. B. Thank you.
 C. Me too. D. No problem.



Question 6: Lisa is talking to a shop assistant.

Lisa: Could you please show me how to turn on this device?

Shop assistant: _____

A. Sure. Please press this button B. Let me see
 C. I'm not sure D. I feel so excited

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 7: We have had a plan that we _____ free school meals while we _____ fundraising activities for poor communities.

A. will provide - carry
 C. are going to provide - have carried B. will provide - are carrying out
 D. are going to provide - are carrying out

Question 8: My sister and I have totally different tastes. In fact we don't have much _____.

A. in use B. in reality C. in mind D. in common

Question 9: Many species are being driven to the verge of extinction _____ climate change.

A. because B. so C. due to D. in



Question 10: Watching a live concert on TV is fun, but it's not remotely the same atmosphere as when you attend a _____ show in person.

A. live B. alive C. living D. lively

Question 11: Children should be taught to be grateful _____ their parents _____ their love and support.

A. with - for B. for - to C. to - for D. with - to

Question 12: I would rather _____ at home with my family than _____ with my friends on New Year's Eve.

A. to stay - go out B. stay - go
C. to stay - going out D. stay - going

Question 13: As our city streets _____ more congested with traffic, planners _____ to wonder whether their previous attempts are in fact a part of the problem rather than a part of the solution.

A. becoming - begin B. are becoming - have begun
C. become - are beginning D. will become - begin

Question 14: The number of UK homes with access to the Internet _____ steadily over the past twenty years.

A. grew B. was growing C. have been growing D. has grown

Question 15: More and more people realise the importance of saving resources, so hotels everywhere _____ to improve their energy efficiency.

A. are forcing B. has forced C. are forced D. must force

Question 16: The student did not check the answers again, _____ there was no more time to do that.

A. for B. with C. so D. but

Question 17: The government _____ to take actions to reduce carbon footprint by 80% by 2050.

A. commits B. enables C. involves D. promises

Question 18: It can be said that recycling is increasing, _____ there are still waste disposal problems.

A. however B. meanwhile C. yet D. alternatively

Question 19: Scientists advise _____ more trees to reduce the effects of climate change and natural disasters.

A. to plant B. planting C. having planted D. to be planted

Question 20: The surgeons will use _____ technology to carry out the operation.

A. durable B. sustainable C. revolutionary D. state-of-the-art



Question 21: I wonder who should _____ responsible for a wrong medical analysis, the system's manufacturer, the programmer, or the doctor.

A. be held B. take C. shoulder D. bear

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word/phrase CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word/phrase in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Tommy wanted to take me out for dinner, but he lost his wallet and only had HK\$100, so we decided to go Dutch on that meal.

A. go home to cook B. do some window shopping
C. share the cost of the meal D. go without eating anything

Question 23: She was reluctant to admit that she was wrong.

A. unwilling B. voluntary C. ready D. selfless



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the phrase OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined phrase in each of the following questions.

Question 24: Environmental pollution is a hot potato nowadays, and it affects everyone's life.

A. something that is hotly debated B. something that is common
C. something that is not serious D. something that is not controversial

Question 25: My parents advised me to follow in my father's footsteps and become a surgeon, but I don't think I'd make a great doctor as I am not careful.

A. do a different job from my father's B. reject my father's advice on job
C. know more about my father's job D. work for my father

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

The best thing about globalization is that it creates a 'global village' that we're all a part of. I love feeling (26) _____ to the rest of the world in that way. Of course, a global village has a global culture (27) _____ the old national cultural boundaries. For some people, this creates fears about losing their national (28) _____ and becoming something they're not. I understand how they feel, but I believe a global culture will lead to more respect for other people, and (29) _____ the world a more peaceful place. Also, in a global village, we will be able to solve global environmental problems by discussions. Such problems include air or water pollution that is created in one country crossing into another, over-fishing in the world's oceans and climate change. If we all feel that we are on the same (30) _____, we can deal with problems together, and that makes me hopeful for the future.

(Adapted from Close-Up B2 student's book)

Question 26: A. connected	B. added	C. adjusted	D. attached
Question 27: A. in spite of	B. other than	C. irrespective of	D. instead of
Question 28: A. identification	B. identity	C. personality	D. idea
Question 29: A. cause	B. create	C. make	D. do
Question 30: A. world	B. side	C. ground	D. basis



Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.

Britain has become a nation watching more television online and using smartphones and tablets to access the web more than any other developed countries, according to new research.

The British love of the latest devices has even seen the UK overtake Japan in mobile internet use, according to a new report from the UK media regulator Ofcom. The research compared data across 17 countries, including the US, China, India, Russia and Germany.

An obsession with Facebook, Twitter and Gangnam style clips on YouTube has seen UK consumers download 424 megabytes of data each per month on their smartphones and tablets, almost 60% more than a year ago.

Much of the increase in use of mobile devices has been **driven** by the popularity of social networking sites such as Facebook and Twitter, with 40% of UK adults accessing their profiles. British 18 to 24-year-olds are the world's top mobile social networkers.

UK internet users spent an average of 728 minutes a week online in total, although **this** is a slight drop from the 746 minutes recorded in the last report.

The British love of the latest gadgets is also seen in the changing face of the living room. Almost 24% of TVs sold in the UK in the first quarter of this year were 'super large'.

The popularity of video-on-demand services such as the BBC's iPlayer have made Britons the most likely to watch or catch up with TV online. Almost a quarter of Britons use an online catch up TV service each week.

Despite the rise of digital technology, good old-fashioned linear TV viewing is showing no signs of losing its popularity. TV viewing in the UK has remained stable at 242 minutes per person daily.

(Adapted from *The Guardian*)

Question 31: What is the main idea of the passage?

A. British people's love for gadgets	B. Britons' invention of gadgets
C. British people's investment in gadgets	D. Britons' benefits from gadgets

Question 32: The word **driven** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. inspired	B. involved	C. included	D. influenced
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Question 33: According to the passage, _____

A. the British use more mobile devices, but spend less time online.
B. the British spend more on latest devices, but less on TV online.
C. the British rank second to Japan only in mobile internet use among developed countries.
D. the British use more mobile devices although they use less social networking sites.



Question 34: The word **this** in paragraph 5 refers to _____.

A. UK internet users B. the amount of time spent online in a week
 C. the Internet D. the UK

Question 35: According to the passage, which of the following has not seen an increase?

A. the use of mobile devices B. the download from the Internet
 C. the use of video-on-demand services D. linear TV viewing

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Girls can't do math. Boys can't read.

These negative stereotypes are not only reinforced by teachers and parents but by a child's peers in the classroom as well, a new study finds. The study found that girls benefited from their peer's positive beliefs about their greater ability to read. However, student stereotypes about the weak reading skills of boys created a prediction of poor motivation and performance among the boys. Researchers asked the students about motivation and confidence in their own reading abilities and **administered** a questionnaire about gender stereotypes and reading. Then, their level of reading skill was tested. A year and a half later, skill and enjoyment levels for reading were retested in the same students. Boys believing in the reading stereotype were much less likely to feel good about their reading abilities and much less motivated to read.

The very real cost of stereotypes

The cost of negative beliefs about the abilities of boys and girls have been studied for decades. Toddler boys are expected to look masculine and play with 'boy toys' while toddler girls were expected to look like girls and play with feminine toys. By elementary school, it's seen as **desirable** for girls to like language and arts while boys should be interested in math and science. Yet, national tests in the United States have shown for years that girls in elementary and middle school are as good at math and science as boys.

These stereotypes have real world effects.

A 2019 study found girls significantly outperformed boys in all grades in reading and writing ability, with the gap increasing from elementary to high school. In the US and across many European countries, studies find more women enroll in colleges and have, on average, higher grades.

What's to be done?

Jan Retelsdorf, an educational psychologist, said: "Our answer would be that the teachers and the parents who also have an effect on how students develop in reading should try to create a climate where individual development is the focus. Adults should try to be role models for this. Even though this is a stereotype, a father should perhaps not only play soccer with his boy, but read a book."

(Adapted from the article by Sandee LaMotte, CNN)



Question 36: Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A. Gender Stereotypes Starting from Classroom - a Study
- B. Gender Stereotypes in Secondary School - a Solution
- C. Gender Stereotypes in Education - Consequences
- D. Gender Stereotypes in Education - Causes, Effects and Suggestions

Question 37: The word administered in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. transferred
- B. gave
- C. raised
- D. managed

Question 38: According to paragraph 1, which of the following statements are TRUE?

- A. Stereotypes about the ability to read and do math affected both males and females.
- B. Teenagers are influenced more by their peers' beliefs than by their parents.
- C. Boys' motivation to read was not affected by gender stereotypes.
- D. The study was about the students' motivation and confidence in exams.

Question 39: The word desirable in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. able
- B. equal
- C. suitable
- D. willing

Question 40: Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. Boys and girls are expected to play with different kinds of toys.
- B. Girls always do as well as boys in math and science in national tests.
- C. According to the 2019 research, girls are better than boys in reading and writing.
- D. Girls tend to like language and art while they are not confident in math.

Question 41: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Girls do not have any problems with stereotypes in class while boys have many difficulties.
- B. Boys in general are not good at reading skills because they are not hardworking.
- C. In many Western countries, more women attend universities, according to studies.
- D. Teachers and parents are not important in wiping away gender stereotypes.

Question 42: Why do teachers and parents should become role models to develop students' reading?

- A. Because they are educated about the importance of reading.
- B. Because they can influence the improvement of students' reading.
- C. Because they are experienced in developing reading.
- D. Because they play a minor role in creating motivation for students' reading.



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 43: It is unnecessary to buy concert tickets in advance.

- A. Concert tickets must not be bought in advance.
- B. Concert tickets can't be bought in advance.
- C. Concert tickets do not need buying in advance.
- D. Concert tickets are unnecessary to be bought in advance.

Question 44: It is said that someone invented the magnetic compass about a thousand years ago.

- A. Someone has been said to invent the magnetic compass about a thousand years ago.
- B. The magnetic compass is said to have been invented about a thousand years ago.
- C. A thousand years ago, the magnetic compass was said to be invented.
- D. A thousand years ago, someone said to have invented the magnetic compass.

Question 45: There is surely a better way of encouraging people to recycle more

- A. There has been a better way of encouraging people to recycle more.
- B. It is likely that encouraging people to recycle more is the best way.
- C. People need to be encouraged to have a better way to recycle more.
- D. There has to be a better way of encouraging people to recycle more.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 46: Cutting out waste in energy consumption means that business costs can cut, so it
A B C
helps hotels go green.
D

Question 47: From Houses to Homes is a charity building healthy homes and improving
A B C
access for healthcare and education.
D

Question 48: Due to global warming, the average temperature on Earth may be risen by as much as 7°C by the end of the 21st century.



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in following questions.

Question 49: There have been great developments in science. Yet, it is still impossible to forecast earthquakes accurately.

- A. Although science has significantly developed, we are still unable to forecast earthquakes accurately.
- B. Unless there are great improvements in science, forecasting earthquakes accurately will be impossible.
- C. Science and technology develop a lot, which means forecasting earthquakes accurately.
- D. Despite the impossibility of accurate earthquake forecast, science has developed significantly.

Question 50: He visited Germany three years ago. It was the last time he went to a music festival.

- A. It took him three years to go to a music festival in Germany for the last time.
- B. He not only went to a music festival but also visited Germany in the last three years.
- C. It's three years since he went to a musical festival before visiting Germany.
- D. He hasn't been to a music festival since he visited Germany three years ago.

