Chapter 2

Festivals of the World

Given below are the descriptions about some popular festivals of the world. Complete their names by unscrambling the given letters :

1 It is the mid-autumn festival celebrated in the month of September in Vietnam. It is also known as the moon festival. It is a family celebration and children are the center of the holiday. It is celebrated by eating moon cakes, lighting lanterns and gazing at the moon and stars. Lion dance is also performed by children on the streets.

(URTGN) _____ Thu

2 It is one of the world's biggest celebration held forty-six days before Easter in Brazil. The highlight of this 40 days event is Samba School Parade. Thousands of performers clad in colourful costumes dance down the parade route alongside dazzling floats. Judges award a prize to the most spectacular group of dancers.

Brazilian _____ *(IRANCLAV)*

3 It is a fun festival of Spain particularly in Bunol province. It is celebrated on the last Wednesday in August. On this day, first a ham is placed at the top of a tall, greased pole. People struggle to climb the top of the pole to bring down the ham. Then a big tomato fight statu in which people throw tomatoes at each other.

La _____ *(AMTONIAT)*

4 It is a Buddhist festival of Sri Lanka observed on a grand scale. It is organized in the month of July or August as a ritual enacted to request gods for rainfall. This festival is best-known for well-decorated elephants. Besides this, other traditions such as fire dances, and various other cultural dances are also organized.

Esala _____ *(EPRAEARH)*

5 It is the new year festival of Nepal which always falls in the middle of April. The main attraction of this festival is a ceremonial pole of about 25 m made from a peeled tree trunk. This 4-day festival includes chariot procession of Gods Bhairav and Bhadrakali followed by huge parades, on the new year eve. The pole is pulled down on the new year morning as the symbol of destruction of evil.

(SIBTEK) _____ JATRA

LIVEWORKSHEETS