NAME:…….…… G8-TEST 3 UNIT 4-MARKS:…….

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

1. A. ask	B. work	C. knob	D. skin
2. A. claim	B. cider	C. occur	D. back
3. A. census	B. culture	C. column	D. discard
4. A. goat	B. groom	C. gene	D. gamble
5. A. shortage	B. collagen	C. agency	D. bodyguard

II. Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.

1. Ethnic minority groups mainly live in the _____.

A. islands B. lowlands C. deserts D. mountains

2. In the Central Highlands, the biggest and tallest house in the village is the ____ house.

A. commune B. communal C. community D. communication

3. Among the ethnic minorities in Vietnam, the Tay _____ have the largest population.

A. areas B. people C. cultures D. minorities

4. Gathering and hunting still play an important role in the _____of the Laha.

A. culture B. literature C. history D. economy

5. The Gong Festival is held _____ in the Central Highlands.

A. year B. yearly C. annual D. annually

6. During the festival, they fly many _____ kites in different shapes and sizes.

A. colour B. colourful C. colourless D. colouring

7. Ethnic peoples live in a bamboo house called _____.

A. stilt house B. villa C. church D. apartment

8. This bamboo _____ is my grandfather's favourite musical instrument.

A. flute B. kite C. statue D. cake

9. The terraced fields of Sa Pa are the most beautiful _____ inthe world.

A. dances B. games C. terraces D. forests

10. Five-colour sticky rice is a _____ of most ethnic minorities in the northern mountainous regions. A. costume B. dish C. paddy field D. musical instrument

III. Circle the correct option in brackets.

1. I saw many (**visitor / visitors**) in the communal house.
2. The Kinh people often use (**sticky rice / sticky rices**) in their traditional dishes.
3. Children should sleep eight to ten (**hour / hours**) a day.
4. The Thai (**person / people**) live in the Northern Highlands.
5. They built a (**boarding school / boarding schools**) near my village.
6. There is an open (**fire / fires**) in the middle of the house.
7. The ethnic people use (**wood / woods**) to build their house.
8. They took much (**time / times**) to carve this wooden statue.
9. There are lots of (**school / schools**) for minority children nowadays.
10. The stilt houses of the Tay and Nung usually overlook a (**field / fields**).

LIVEWORKSHEETS

IV. Complete the dialogues with the sentences from the box.

A. Do you think it is matched with my dress?
B. Anyway do you think it is a good bag for school? **F. Bye!**
C. I think it is a very good bag. **D. I think the terrorist was very cruel.** **E. I hope so.**

1. Tina: Hi, Sam. I have a new bag. Do you think it is good? Sam: Yes, (1) _____

   Tina: Thank you. But what about the color? (2) _____

   Sam: I don't think so. (3) _____ Tina: Ok, I think so.

   Sam: Well, I have to go now. (4) _____ Tina: Bye!

2. Tony: What do you think about the terrorism last night?

   Kenny: (5) _____
   Tony: I think so. I hope next time there is no incident about it again.

   Kenny: (6) _____

V. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C, or D .

Vietnam is a multi-ethnic (1) _____ with a total of 54 ethnic groups living together in "S" shape strip of land. The Kinh people (considered as Vietnamese ethnic people) accounting for 86% of the population (2) _____ mainly in Red River Delta, Central Coastal Delta, Mekong River Delta and big cities. 53 other ethnic groups, whose number varies from less than a million such as Tay, Nung, Thai, Muong, Khmer to over three hundred people namely O Du, Brau, etc. are often known as ethnic (3) _____ . Most of the ethnic minorities retain resident area mainly in the midland and mountainous region (4) _____ from North to South.

The Vietnamese people had established a (5) _____ monarchy since the 10th century. The Cham people once early had a brilliant culture (6) _____ their history. The Tay, Nung, and Khmer people have reached a high stage of (7) _____ with the emergence of various social classes. Mean while, the Muong, H'mong, Dao, Thai ethnic groups, etc concentrated under the tutelage of local chieftains. Many ethnic groups also divided their populations into social echelons, especially (8) _____ living in the mountainous regions.

Some ethnic minority groups had mastered farming techniques. They early knew how to (9) _____ rice in submerged fields and carried out irrigation while others proceeded to go hunting, fishing, gathering and living a semi-nomadic life. Particularly, each ethnic group retained their own rich, distinct and unique cultures. Also, religions and beliefs are very different (10) _____ ethnic minorities.

1. A. province	B. country	C. city	D. village
2. A. concentrates	B. concentrate	C. concentrating	D. concentrated
3. A. majority	B. majorities	C. minority	D. minorities
4. A. stretching	B. stretched	C. to stretch	D. stretches
5. A. centralized	B. excited	C. experienced	D. decided
6. A. of	B. on	C. in	D. about

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7. A. develop	B. developmental	C. development	D. developmentally
8. A. tribes	B. poultry	C. plants	D. animals
9. A. fish	B. weave	C. raise	D. cultivate
10. A. between	B. from	C. among	D. front

LIVEWORKSHEETS