

Post-test Question

Name :

Class :

Subject :

1. Words "it" in line 4 refers to?
 - A. The plantation
 - B. Luxury branded things
 - C. The plaza
 - D. Singapore
 - E. Suburban street
2. The word "satisfy" in line eighth has the closet meaning with?
 - A. Pleased
 - B. Free
 - C. Frighten
 - D. Threat
 - E. Loved

Descriptive Text of Historical Place and Tourism Object 8The Shard is an 87-storey skyscraper, which sits in the heart of London. It is known as the shard of glass. Construction began in 2009 and was completed three years later in 2012; making it Western European's tallest building. Designed by architect Renzo Piano, The Shirt is the second tallest free standing structure in the UK. Its exterior boasts 11,000 glass panels — that's equivalent in area to eight football pitches or two-and-a-half Trafalgar Squares. The building was developed to have multiple uses, describes on the website as a 'vertical city where people can live, work and relax'. This motto was clearly taken on board that was found on the 72nd floor towards the end of construction.

3. What is the text about?
 - A. The architect Renzo Piano
 - B. The Shard glass panels
 - C. The Shard, building in London
 - D. The tallest building in London
 - E. The heart of London
4. In Europe, the Shard gains popularity on its ...
 - A. Location
 - B. Function

- C. Height
 - D. Age
 - E. Usage
5. What probably makes people interested to stay in the Shard?
- A. It has multiple uses
 - B. It is the tallest building in UK
 - C. It was built by famous architect
 - D. It is located in the heart of London
 - E. It is very cheap
6. "..., making it Western European's tallest building." What does the underlined word "it" refers to?
- A. The Shard
 - B. The glass
 - C. London
 - D. Skyscraper
 - E. Renzo Piano

Descriptive Text of Historical Place and Tourism Object 9Natural Bridge National Park is luscious tropical rainforest. It is located 110 kilometers from south of Brisbane and is reached by following the Pacific Highway to Nearing and then by travelling through the Numina Valley. This scenic roadway lies in the shadow of Lamington National Park. The phenomenon of the rock formed into a natural 'arch' and the cave through which a waterfall cascades is a short one-kilometer walk below a dense rainforest canopy from the main picnic area. Swimming is permitted in the rock pools. Night-time visitors to the cave will discover the unique feature of the glow worms. Picnic areas offer toilets, barbeque, shelter sheds, water and fireplaces; however, overnight camping is not permitted.

7. What is the function of paragraph 1?
- A. as an identification
 - B. as an orientation
 - C. as a thesis
 - D. as a classification
 - E. as an abstract
8. The text above is in form of.....
- A. hortatory exposition
 - B. narrative
 - C. description
 - D. report
 - E. explanation
9. What is the communicative purpose of the text?
- A. to present two points of views about natural bridge national park
 - B. to explain the bridge national park
 - C. to describe the bridge national park

- D. to retell the bridge national park
 - E. to persuade readers to treat preserve the bridge national park
10. Where is the natural bridge national park located?
- A. 110 kilometers from South of Brisbane
 - B. 110 kilometers from Pacific Highway
 - C. 110 kilometers from Numinbah Valley
 - D. 110 kilometers from Lamington National Park
 - E. 110 kilometers from Nerang
11. What the visitors will see in the night?
- A. a common glow worm
 - B. the unique feature of the glow worms
 - C. a great dark cave
 - D. the unique rocks
 - E. the fantastic bridge
12. The word 'luscious' in the text means.....
- A. succulent
 - B. dense
 - C. dull
 - D. dry
 - E. arid

Descriptive Text of Historical Place and Tourism Object 10Kediri is a name of a town. It is situated in a valley between the Kelud and Willis mountains and inhabited by about 1.3 million people. In the center of the town there is a large hill which is called the Dathok Mountain. Because of the topography of the region, Kediri is called a chilly town by the locals. There is a big river called Banta's cutting off the Centre of the town. Beside the temples, Kediri is also famous for its products like cigarettes and a special kind of tofu or bean curd. This highly nutritious food is delicacy of Kediri and has a distinctive taste. The cigarettes factory dominates the town economy and employs the majority of the women labor force. Kediri and the cigarettes factory are inseparable and it is considered the biggest cigarette factory in Indonesia. Most of the local people work in this factory. Those who do not work here are farmers or traders.

13. What does the above text tell about?
- A. The history of Kediri
 - B. The famous products of Kediri
 - C. The description of Kediri
 - D. The people
 - E. The islands
14. Which one has a distinctive taste?
- A. The cigarette
 - B. The special food

- C. The bean curd
 - D. The highly nutritious food
 - E. explanation
15. "Those who do not work here ..." (last sentence). The underlined word refers to
- A. The local people
 - B. The factory workers
 - C. The farmers
 - D. The traders
 - E. The local formers

Descriptive Text of Historical Place and Tourism Object 11The Suramadu Bridge (Indonesian: Jembatan Suramadu), also known as the Surabaya–Madura Bridge, is a bridge with three cable-stayed sections constructed between Surabaya on the island of Java and the town of Bangkalan on the island of Madura in Indonesia. Opened on June 10, 2009, the 5.4-km bridge is the longest in Indonesia and the first bridge to cross the Madura Strait. The cable-stayed portion has three spans with lengths 192 m, 434 m and 192 m. The bridge has two lanes in each direction plus an emergency lane and a dedicated lane for motorcycles. The first toll bridge in Indonesia, fares have been initially set at Rp. 30,000 (US\$3 in 2009) for four-wheeled vehicles and Rp. 3,000 (US\$0.30) for two-wheelers. The bridge was built by a consortium of Indonesian companies PT Adhi Karya and PT Waskita Karya working with China Road and Bridge Corp. and China Harbor Engineering Co. Ltd. The total cost of the project, including connecting roads, has been estimated at 4.5 trillion rupiah (US\$445 million).Construction was started on August 20, 2003. In July 2004, a girder collapsed, killing one worker and injuring nine others. Work on the bridge halted at the end of 2004 due to lack of funds, but was restarted in November 2005. The main span of the bridge was connected on March 31, 2009, and the bridge was opened to the public in June 10, 2009. Within a week of the opening, it was discovered that nuts and bolts as well as maintenance lamps had been stolen and that there was evidence of vandalism of cables supporting the main span.

16. Suramadu's bridge also known as....
- A. Longest bridge
 - B. sura and madu
 - C. Surabaya-Madura bridge
 - D. toll bridge
 - E. cable bridge
17. Suramadu's bridge connects the island....
- A. Java and Sumatra
 - B. Java and Bali
 - C. Sumatra and Kalimantan
 - D. Java and Madura
 - E. Java and Surabaya
18. Length of the Suramadu's bridge is....
- A. 5.400 meters
 - B. 192 meters

- C. 494 meters
 - D. 526 meters
 - E. 2004 meters
19. The following statement is true, except
- A. Suramadu's bridge is also known Surabaya-Madura bridge
 - B. the long of Suramadu's bridge is 5400 meters
 - C. suramadu's bridge connects the islands of Java and Madura
 - D. bridge was opened on March 31, 2009
 - E. The bridge was built by Surabaya government
20. What is the text purpose?
- A. To inform readers about tourism in Kebumen
 - B. To entertain reader about Petruk Cave
 - C. To explain the reader about floors in Petruk Cave
 - D. To Introduce The Local tourism in Kebumen
 - E. To describe Petruk Cave