

## Presente Simple y Presente Continuo

**Instrucciones:** Completa las oraciones con la forma correcta del verbo en presente simple o presente continuo.

1. She usually (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the gym on Mondays, but today she (stay) \_\_\_\_\_ at home.
2. Look! The children (play) \_\_\_\_\_ in the park.
3. He (not like) \_\_\_\_\_ coffee, but he (drink) \_\_\_\_\_ it because he is tired.
4. I (work) \_\_\_\_\_ at a bank. At the moment, I (have) \_\_\_\_\_ lunch with my colleagues.
5. They (live) \_\_\_\_\_ in London, but this month they (travel) \_\_\_\_\_ around Europe.

## Pasado Simple y Pasado Continuo

**Instrucciones:** Completa las oraciones con la forma correcta del verbo en pasado simple o pasado continuo.

1. I (watch) \_\_\_\_\_ TV when you (call) \_\_\_\_\_ me last night.
2. While she (read) \_\_\_\_\_ a book, her brother (play) \_\_\_\_\_ video games.
3. We (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the beach last summer.
4. He (not see) \_\_\_\_\_ the car coming because he (look) \_\_\_\_\_ at his phone.
5. They (study) \_\_\_\_\_ for the exam when the power (go) \_\_\_\_\_ out.

## Presente Perfecto

**Instrucciones:** Completa las oraciones con la forma correcta del verbo en presente perfecto.

1. She (finish) \_\_\_\_\_ her homework already.
2. I (never be) \_\_\_\_\_ to Japan.
3. They (live) \_\_\_\_\_ in this city for five years.
4. He (not see) \_\_\_\_\_ that movie yet.
5. We (work) \_\_\_\_\_ together on several projects.

## Futuro con Will y Going To

**Instrucciones:** Completa las oraciones con la forma correcta del verbo en futuro simple con "will" o futuro con "going to".

1. I think it (rain) \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.
2. She (visit) \_\_\_\_\_ her grandmother next weekend.
3. Look at those clouds! It (rain) \_\_\_\_\_ soon.
4. They (not come) \_\_\_\_\_ to the party because they are sick.
5. We (travel) \_\_\_\_\_ to Spain this summer.

### Condicionales Tipo 1 y 2

**Instrucciones:** Completa las oraciones con la forma correcta del verbo en condicional tipo 1 o tipo 2.

1. If it (rain) \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow, we (stay) \_\_\_\_\_ at home.
2. If I (be) \_\_\_\_\_ you, I (not do) \_\_\_\_\_ that.
3. She (buy) \_\_\_\_\_ a new car if she (have) \_\_\_\_\_ enough money.
4. If they (study) \_\_\_\_\_ harder, they (pass) \_\_\_\_\_ the exam.
5. If he (call) \_\_\_\_\_ me, I (help) \_\_\_\_\_ him.

### Voz Pasiva de Presente y Pasado

**Instrucciones:** Reescribe las oraciones en voz pasiva.

1. They make delicious cakes.  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. The teacher explained the lesson.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. People speak English all over the world.  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. The company will launch a new product.  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Someone broke the window.

### Verbos Seguidos de Infinitivo o Gerundio

**Instrucciones:** Completa las oraciones con la forma correcta del verbo (infinitivo con "to" o gerundio).

1. She enjoys (read) \_\_\_\_\_ books in her free time.

2. They decided (move) \_\_\_\_\_ to a new city.
3. I can't stand (wait) \_\_\_\_\_ in long lines.
4. He plans (start) \_\_\_\_\_ his own business.
5. We discussed (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the beach this weekend.

### **Pronombres Relativos**

**Instrucciones:** Completa las oraciones con el pronombre relativo correcto (who, which, that, whose, where).

1. The man \_\_\_\_\_ lives next door is very friendly.
2. This is the book \_\_\_\_\_ I was telling you about.
3. The woman \_\_\_\_\_ car was stolen is my neighbour.
4. They visited the museum \_\_\_\_\_ has the famous painting.
5. That's the place \_\_\_\_\_ we first met.

### **Conectores de Causa y Consecuencia**

**Instrucciones:** Completa las oraciones con el conector de causa o consecuencia correcto (because, so, therefore, as a result, due to).

1. She was late \_\_\_\_\_ she missed the bus.
2. It was raining, \_\_\_\_\_ we stayed indoors.
3. He studied hard, \_\_\_\_\_ he passed the exam.
4. The game was canceled \_\_\_\_\_ the weather conditions.
5. There was a traffic jam, \_\_\_\_\_ we arrived late.