

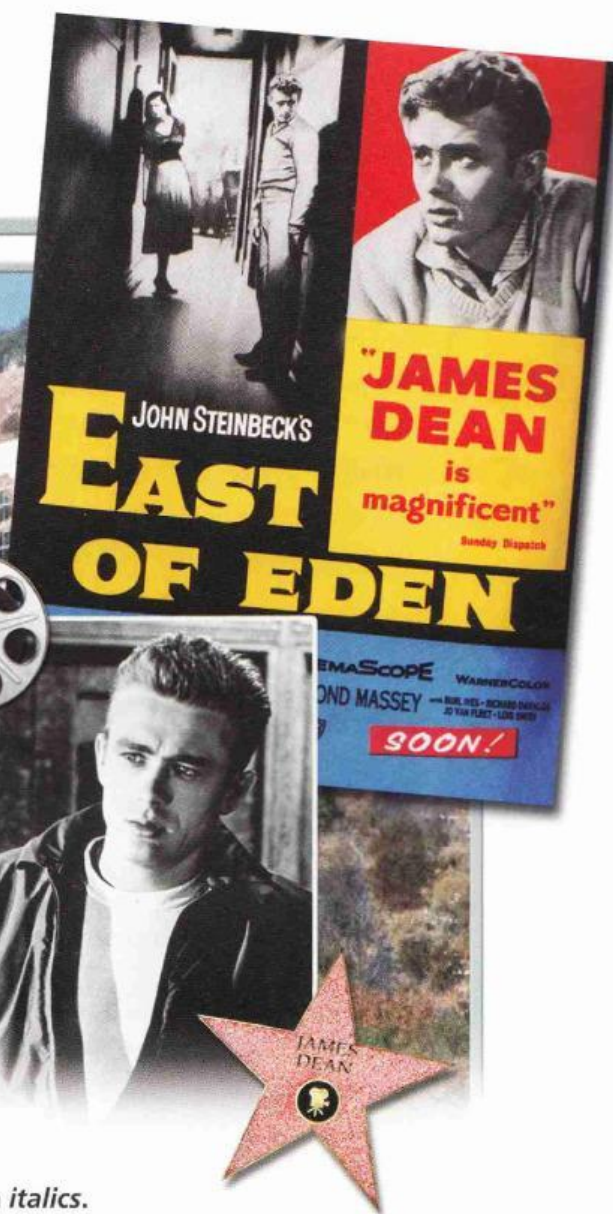
Before you start

- 1 Read about James Dean.
Look at the **highlighted** grammar examples.

STARS WHO DIED YOUNG:
James Dean

James Dean died in a terrible car accident in 1955. He **was** only twenty-four when he died but he **was** already a big Hollywood star. Dean **loved** sports cars and he **used to drive** very fast – he **didn't like** slow cars!

On 30 September 1955, Dean left Los Angeles in his Porsche sports car. He stopped at Salinas and then **continued** towards Palm Springs. He **was driving** west on US Highway 466 when another car crashed into him at a junction. He **wasn't wearing** a seat belt and when the crash happened, he **died** immediately.



- 2 Now read the sentences. Choose the correct words in *italics*.
The **highlighted** grammar examples will help you.

- 1 My grandfather *was* / *were* a student in the 1950s.
- 2 He *loves* / *loved* his years at university. He studied physics.
- 3 But he *didn't like* / *liked* physics so he changed to chemistry.
- 4 He finished university and then he *lived* / *living* in London.
- 5 He *was working* / *worked* in London when he met his wife.
- 6 He *wasn't* / *didn't* earning much money when he married my grandmother.
- 7 When my father was born, they *moved* / *were moving* to the country.
- 8 I *used* / *use* to visit him every summer when I was young.

- Unit 44
- Unit 45
- Unit 46
- Unit 46
- Unit 47
- Unit 47
- Unit 48
- Unit 49

- 3 Check your answers below. Then go to the unit for more information and practice.

1 was 2 loved 3 like 4 lived 5 was working 6 wasn't 7 moved 8 used

Practice

1 GRAMMAR IN USE Choose the correct words in *italics* in the text.

Leslie Howard

Leslie Howard (0) *is / was* a famous film star in the 1930s in Hollywood. But he (1) *wasn't / didn't* American – he (2) *were / was* British. In those days there (3) *not be / weren't* a lot of British actors in Hollywood, most of the film stars (4) *was / were* American. Leslie Howard (5) *be / was* a very good actor and his films (6) *was / were* very successful, but he (7) *wasn't / weren't* happy in Hollywood and he went back to England. His most famous film (8) *did / was* 'Gone With The Wind' in 1939.



2 Write questions and short answers. 3.04 Listen and check.

0 Thomas Edison / a famous inventor ? (✓)

Was Thomas Edison a famous inventor? Yes, he was.

1 Christopher Columbus / Spanish ? (✗)

2 Grace Kelly / a famous scientist ? (✗)

3 Gustave Eiffel / French engineer ? (✓)

4 Michelangelo and Raphael / film directors ? (✗)

5 the Wright brothers / American ? (✓)

6 John F Kennedy and Winston Churchill / actors (✗)

3 GRAMMAR IN USE Complete the conversations with *was*, *were*, *wasn't* or *weren't* and the word(s) in brackets (). 3.05 Listen and check.

1 A Where (0) *were you* last night? (you)

B (1) at that new Chinese restaurant in Dover Street. (I)

A (2) good? (it)

B No, (3) terrible. (the food)

2 A (4) a doctor? (your grandfather)

B No, (5) He was a dentist. (he)

A (6) successful? (he)

B Yes, (7) very rich. (he)

3 A (8) at home yesterday morning? (you)

B No, (9) at home – we were at the supermarket. (we)

A (10) with you? (the children)

B No, (11) with our neighbours. (they)

Practice Use the spelling rules to help you complete these exercises. ➤ page 316

- 1** In each group, one past form is made in a different way from the others.
Find the ones that are different.

0 talked asked made passed 3 died smiled phoned cried
1 walked played went visited 4 watched told took had
2 stopped robbed planned listened 5 carried worried studied enjoyed

- 2** Write the past form of the verbs in the box below.

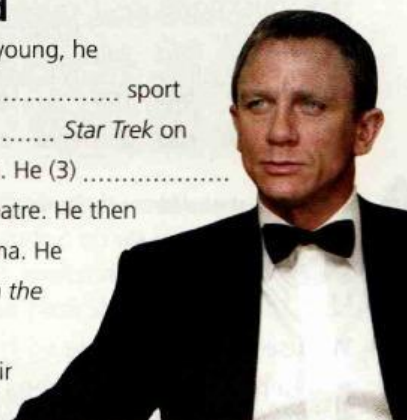
+ -ed	repeat the consonant and add -ed	+ -d	(-y) + -ied	irregular verbs
<i>happened</i>	<i>robbed</i>	<i>phoned</i>	<i>hurried</i>	<i>told</i>

happen hurry
phone rob tell
carry enjoy go
live make plan
smile stop
study watch

- 3** **GRAMMAR IN USE** Choose past forms from Exercise 2 to complete the text.
▶ 3.06 Listen and check.

DANIEL CRAIG – the new James Bond

Daniel Craig was born in Chester, England in 1968. When he was young, he (0) lived in the Wirral, near Liverpool. At school he (1) sport and he was in several teams. When he was a child, he (2) *Star Trek* on television and he says it is his ambition to appear in a *Star Trek* film. He (3) to London when he was sixteen and joined the National Youth Theatre. He then (4) acting at the Guildhall School of Music and Drama. He (5) his first film for the BBC in 1996 – *Our Friends in the North*. In 2006 he got the part of James Bond. Many people were surprised when this (6), because Craig has blond hair and all the other actors who have played Bond have dark hair.



- 4** Complete these sentences. Put the verbs in brackets () in the past tense.
Then put the underlined words in the correct position. ▶ 3.07 Listen and check.

- 0 Jane (start) a new job month. last *Jane started a new job last month.*
1 I (play) football all the time I was young. when
.....
2 Europeans (see) potatoes for the first time about five hundred years. ago
.....
3 Somebody (rob) our local bank Wednesday. on
.....
4 My father (have) an American motorbike he was young. when
.....
5 April I (win) a bicycle in a magazine competition. in
.....
6 Six months my brother (stop) smoking. ago
.....

Practice

1 Use the words below to write questions and short answers.

- 0 die / President Kennedy / 1963 ? (✓) *Did President Kennedy die in 1963? Yes, he did.*
- 1 fly / Neil Armstrong / to Mars ? (X)
.....
- 2 win / Tony Curtis / an Oscar ? (X)
.....
- 3 invent / Alexander Graham Bell / the telephone ? (✓)
.....
- 4 paint / Michelangelo / the *Mona Lisa* ? (X)
.....
- 5 write / Ian Fleming / the James Bond books ? (✓)
.....
- 6 exist / computers / in the 1990s ? (✓)
.....

2 GRAMMAR IN USE There are five more mistakes in the conversation. Find and correct them.

3.08 Listen and check.

- TOM Did you ^{go} ~~went~~ to the cinema yesterday? TOM What do you mean?
- SILVIA Yes, we do. SILVIA Well. There was a queue when we got to the cinema, so we don't wait.
- TOM What did you saw? TOM So, what did you done?
- SILVIA We didn't saw anything. SILVIA We went to Video City and rented a DVD.

3 GRAMMAR IN USE Look at the pictures. Then describe what Janice did yesterday evening. Use the words and phrases in the box with the verbs in the past simple.

3.09 Listen and check.

brush her teeth go home on the bus go to bed at have a shower
make a snack send some emails watch television from and then then



Janice went home on the bus at six o'clock. She

.....

.....

.....

Practice Use the spelling rules to help you complete these exercises. ➤ page 316

1 GRAMMAR IN USE Complete the text. Use past continuous forms of the verbs in brackets () and short forms. 3.10 Listen and check.

A few years ago we (0) *were living* (live) in France at the time of the Cannes film festival. My wife (00) *wasn't working* (not work) that weekend so we decided to drive to Cannes to see some of the new films. The sun (1) (shine) when we arrived and the town looked beautiful. It was very busy – lots of people (2) (walk) in the streets. But it wasn't very hot that day so people (3) (not sunbathe) on the beach. We got to our hotel and went to the restaurant. We had a big surprise – Juliette Binoche (4) (sit) at the back of the restaurant! But she (5) (not have) lunch, she (6) (talk) to some other famous film stars. It was so exciting!

2 Complete the questions and short answers below. Use information from Exercise 1. 3.11 Listen and check.

- 0 *Was* the sun *shining* when they arrived? – Yes, it was.
- 1 lots of people in the streets? – Yes, they were.
- 2 people on the beach? – No, they weren't.
- 3 Who at the back of the restaurant? – Juliette Binoche
- 4 she lunch? – No, she wasn't.

3 GRAMMAR IN USE Last night there was a robbery at the Denmore Hotel. The police want to know what everybody was doing at five past eight. Look at the photos from the hotel cameras. Read all the questions before you answer them.



Mr Denby



Steve Burton



Mr and Mrs Grant



Maria



Alfredo and Alex



Marco

- 0 Was Mr Denby carrying some suitcases? *No, he wasn't. He was swimming in the pool.*
- 1 Was Steve Burton eating in the restaurant?
- 2 Were Mr and Mrs Grant paying the bill?
- 3 Was Maria swimming in the pool?
- 4 Were Alfredo and Alex using the Internet?
- 5 Was Marco cooking in the kitchen?

Practice

1 Choose the correct words in *italics*. 3.12 Listen and check.

- 0 After I brushed my teeth I *went* / *was going* to bed.
- 1 I *went* / *was going* to the dentist five times last year.
- 2 My computer *broke down* / *was breaking down* yesterday.
- 3 Hilary fell on the ice last winter and *broke* / *was breaking* her arm.
- 4 We were relaxing in the garden *when* / *while* we suddenly heard a loud noise.
- 5 Karl didn't hear the doorbell because he *listened* / *was listening* to his iPod.
- 6 After I left university, I worked in a bank and then I *moved* / *was moving* to an insurance company.
- 7 My cousin couldn't visit us in August because she *did* / *was doing* a summer course.
- 8 I was having a shower *when* / *while* the phone rang.

2 Match the sentences 1 and 2 with A and B.

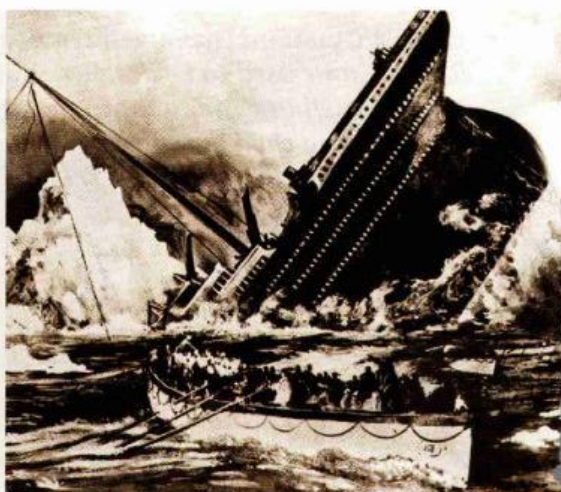
- | | |
|--|--|
| 0 1 When my father arrived, we looked at his photos. | A We started looking at the photos before my father arrived. |
| 2 When my father arrived, we were looking at his photos. | B My father brought the photos with him. |
| 1 1 My aunt worked for Mr O'Reilly. | A She was his assistant. |
| 2 My aunt was working for Mr O'Reilly when she heard the news. | B She was speaking to a client on the phone. |
| 2 1 I was having a party when she told me the news. | A I had a party after she told me the news. |
| 2 When she told me the news I had a party. | B The party started before she told me the news. |
| 3 1 Paul travelled a lot in his last job. | A He was on a plane to Rio. |
| 2 Paul was travelling when the accident happened. | B He was an international salesman. |

3 GRAMMAR IN USE Complete the text. Use the correct form of the verbs in brackets ().

3.13 Listen and check.

The sinking of the TITANIC

ON THE NIGHT of 14 April 1912 the cruise ship *Titanic* (0) *was* (be) in the middle of its first journey between England and New York. It (1) (travel) across the north Atlantic, south of Greenland. As usual, a sailor (2) (watch) the sea in front of the ship; he (3) (look) for icebergs. But it was dark and there was no moon, so he couldn't see anything. Suddenly, at exactly 11.40, the ship (4) (hit) a huge iceberg. The ship quickly began to sink. At the time of the accident many of the passengers (5) (sleep). The sailors



(6) (tell) everybody to leave the ship, but there (7) (not be) enough boats for all the people. In the end more than 1,500 people (8) (die).

Practice

- 1** Read the information. Then complete the answers below.

0 How are films different?

Films used to be in black and white but now they are in colour.

	IN THE PAST	NOW
0 films	in black and white	in colour
1 cameras	big and heavy	small and light
2 phones	attached to wires	mobile
3 transport	ride horses	drive cars
4 work	work on farms	work in factories and offices
5 children	finish school at 12	finish school at 16
6 location	live in the country	live in towns
7 entertainment	go to the cinema	watch TV and DVDs

- 1 What about cameras? Cameras
- 2 What about phones? Phones
- 3 How is transport different? People
- 4 Do people work in the same places as in the past?
No, most people
- 5 What about schools? Children
- 6 Do people live in the same places as in the past?
No, most people
- 7 What about entertainment? People

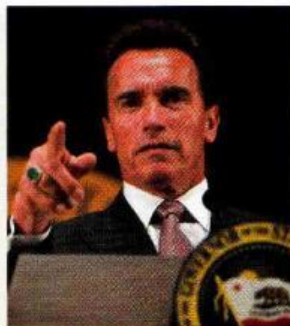
- 2** Find the mistakes in the sentences and correct them. **3.14** Now listen and check.

- 0 ~~Were~~^{Did} people use to smoke inside cinemas in the 1950s?
- 1 Films didn't used to have sound but now they do.
- 2 Did use to be cameras very expensive?
- 3 Harrison Ford used to being a carpenter before he became a film star.
- 4 Glenda Jackson use to be a film actress but now she is a politician.
- 5 Did Bruce Willis used to have a lot of hair?
- 6 It wasn't use to be expensive to go to the cinema but now it is.

- 3** **GRAMMAR IN USE** Choose the correct words in *italics* in the text. **3.15** Listen and check.

The politician who used to be a film star

Arnold Schwarzenegger's life is very different today. He (0) *use / used* to be an actor but now he is a politician. These days he lives in California but he (1) *didn't live / didn't use to live* there, he used to (2) *live / living* in Austria. He (3) *had / use to have* an Austrian passport for many years but he (4) *got / used to get* an



American passport in 1983 when he (5) *became / used to become* a US citizen.

When he was young he (6) *wasn't use to be / didn't use to be* interested in politics – his main interest was exercise and he (7) *used to spend / used spend* hours in the gym every day, building his muscles. He was very successful and he (8) *won / used to win* the Mr Universe competition five times. ■

Review MODULE 6

Use the irregular verb list to help you complete these exercises. ➤ page 314

- 1 UNITS 44, 45 AND 46 Complete the text with past simple forms of the verbs in brackets () and no short forms.

Alfred Hitchcock

ALFRED HITCHCOCK (0) *was* (be) one of the most famous and successful film directors of the 20th century. He was born in London in 1899 and he (1) (die) in Los Angeles in 1990. Hitchcock (2) (begin) his career at Gainsborough Studios in London in 1920. In those days films (3) (not have) sound and Hitchcock (4) (not be) a director; he (5) (be) a designer. But Hitchcock (6) (do) a good job and they (7) (ask) him to direct a film in 1925.

Hitchcock (8) (make) his first film in Germany. He (9) (use) a lot of interesting ideas from German cinema in this film. After that he (10) (direct) many films in England. But at the end of the 1930s he (11) (move) to Hollywood to make his first American film.



That film was called *Rebecca* and it (12) (win) the best film Oscar in 1940. After that success he (13) (direct) many more movies in Hollywood, including *Psycho*, *Rear Window* and *The Birds*, but he (14) (not win) any more Oscars. Hitchcock (15) (become) famous because his films were very exciting and sometimes frightening.

- 2 UNITS 47, 48 AND 49 Choose the correct words in *italics* in the conversation.

3.16 Listen and check.

- ALAN Hi, Sadie. What's wrong with your arm?
SADIE Oh, I (0) *burnt* / *was burning* it while I (1) *cooked* / *was cooking* yesterday.
ALAN Does it hurt?
SADIE Not really. I (2) *bought* / *was buying* some special cream at the chemist's. That helps.
ALAN Mike usually does the cooking in your house, doesn't he?
SADIE Well, he (3) *used to do* / *was doing* it, but these days he's too busy.
ALAN His new job?
SADIE Yes. He (4) *wasn't* / *didn't* use to work full-time, but now he has to work until seven every evening.
ALAN So do you have to do everything in the house?
SADIE Yes. He (5) *started* / *was starting* the new job about two weeks ago, so now I'm really tired!
ALAN I'm sorry to hear that. But (6) *had you* / *did you have* time to go to the music festival on Sunday?
SADIE Yes, I (7) *go* / *did*. But when we (8) *got* / *were getting* there, it (9) *used to rain* / *was raining*.
ALAN So what did you (10) *do* / *done* ?
SADIE It (11) *was* / *were* OK. They (12) *had* / *used to have* a big tent and all the bands played in there.

3 UNIT 49 Complete the second sentence so it means the same as the first.
Use one, two or three words and short forms.

- 0 Jake lived in the Far East when he was young.
Jake used to live in the Far East.
- 1 Long flights used to be expensive.
Long flights to be cheap.
- 2 I had short hair when I was young.
I to have long hair.
- 3 Was Sweden a republic in the 19th century?
Did Sweden a republic?
- 4 Most people didn't have cars before 1900.
Before 1900, most people to have cars.

4 ALL UNITS There are four more mistakes in the text. Find and correct them.

When I was a child, there were only a few TV channels and the programmes ^{were} ~~was~~ in black and white. So I use to love going to the cinema. The colour pictures were very exciting. We were used to eat sweets and drink lemonade while we are watching the films. But my parents stopped taking us to the cinema when I was twelve because they used to buy a colour TV.

5 ALL UNITS Complete the text with the correct words or phrases, A, B or C below.

CINEMA

– Early history

The first movies were made in the United States, France and Britain in the late 19th century. In the early days films (0) very new and you used to look at strange machines to see them. But in 1905 the first cinema (1) in Pittsburgh, USA. This was possible because Thomas Edison and the Lumière brothers (2) film projectors – that make films appear on screens.

– Silent movies

The early films (3) sound. Cinema owners (4) silence while the film (5) so they employed musicians to play the piano during the film. Some large cinemas even (6) bands. To help people understand what was happening, directors (7) words on the screen called 'intertitles'. The most popular films (8) comedies and there were many famous stars.

- 0 A was B did **C were**
- 1 A opened B was opening C used to open
- 2 A used to invent B invented C did already invent
- 3 A didn't have B hadn't C didn't had
- 4 A not wanted B didn't wanted C didn't want
- 5 A was playing B did play C were played
- 6 A were having B had C having
- 7 A did put B used to put C use to put
- 8 A were B were being C was