1P2 EXAM 3 VOCABULARY

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1. A ___is a small rubber craft carried on an aircraft or large boat which can be filled with air and used in an emergency.

2. A _____is a small boat carried by ships in order to save people if the ship sinks.

3. A _____is usually a ring filled with air or light material that floats, designed to help keep someone afloat in the water.

4. A _____(2 words) is a small, fast rescue boat which large vessels, especially passenger ferries and cruise ships, use for man overboard situations.

5. An _____(2 words) is a special type of waterproof dry suit that protects the wearer from hypothermia from immersion in cold water.

6. A _____(2 words) is used to produce a bright light signal in the sky during any emergencies at sea.

7. A _____is something that you wear on a boat to make you float if you fall into the water by accident.

8. A _____(2 words) flare is a flare designed with a parachute to slow the flare's descent so that it is visible for a longer time.

9. A _____boat is an enclosed lifeboat that is launched from a ramp on the ship, without a davit.

10. The _____(2 words) is the place on a ship where passengers should assemble in the event of an emergency.

11. An _____is an LSA used to escape from smoke-filled or toxic environments.

12. An emergency _____(2 words) is a protective device that sprays water into your eyes in order to clean chemicals or hazardous substances from your eyes.

13. A _____is a flat surface used for transporting people who are ill or wounded or dead.

14. A _____is used to locate a survival craft or dis- tressed vessel by creating a series of dots on a rescuing ship's radar display.

15. The _____(2 words) is used on merchant vessels to embark survival crafts.

16. An _____is used to alert search and rescue services in the event of an emergency out at sea.

17. A _____(2 words) is a gun or rocket that throws a line to another vessel or a person in distress.

18. An _____(2 words) is an inflatable slide used to evacuate a vessel quickly.

19. _____(2 words) is the general name for any lifeboat or life-raft used to abandon ship.

20. A _____(2 words) is a VHF handheld radio that should be taken in the lifeboats in the case of abandoning ship.

21. A _____(2 words) is a device that sprays chemicals that put out fires.

22. A _____(2 words) is a heavy-duty hose for use in fighting a fire.

23. If there is a _____, for example an oil_____(same word), it means that the cargo, or in this case the oil, goes into the sea.

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24. If there is a _____, or a liquid or gas_____s (same word), it escapes from a hole or crack in a pipe or container.

25. A _____is an accident that happens when two ships or other vehicles hit each other with force.

26. _____is a distress situation in which a ship goes under water.

27. _____is a distress situation in which a ship hits the seabed.

28. If a ship is aground, they can try to _____cargo (=throw cargo overboard) to make it refloat.

29. A Person _____is a distress situation in which a person accidentally falls into the sea.

30. _____is a situation in which an area is covered with water.

31. _____is an accident in which a ship turns over in the water.

32. If a ship or a car has a _____, there is a mechanical failure and the engine stops working.

33. If a ship has a _____, it means that it has some inclination because of problems of stability.

34. In an accident, the _____persons are the people who have been hurt or physically harmed

35. A _____is a person who has died as a result of an accident.

36. A _____is an exercise that seafarers do regularly to practice responses to emergency situations.

37. They do this simulating fire, or abandoning ship, etc.

38. When a vessel is not able to maneuver, we say that it is 'not under _____.

39. On VHF, you can say 'Report _____' to know what is broken on a vessel, or what deficiencies she has after an accident.

40. The left side of the hull looking forward is the _____ side.

41. The right side of the hull looking forward is the

42. The left side of the vessel aft is the _____. (Two words)

43. The right side of the vessel aft is the _____. (Two words)

44. The left side of the vessel forward is the _____. (Two words)

45. The right side of the vessel forward is the _____. (Two words)

46. The left center part of the vessel is the _____. (Two words)

47. The right center part of the vessel is the _____. (Two words)

48. The main body of the ship is called the _____.

49.The fore end of the ship is called the _____.

_____.

50. Line in the middle of the ship that divides the ship in two parts (forward and aft):

51. Line in the middle of the ship that divides the ship in two parts (port and starboard):

52. (movement) Towards the bow:

53. (movement) Towards the stern: _____or abaft

54. Across the vessel, from one side to the other:

55. vessel under the waterline:

56. Part of the vessel above the waterline: _____(Two words)

57. They divide the hull horizontally:

58. Space for cargo in dry-cargo ships:

59. Space for cargo in liquid-cargo ships:

60. Length of the hull excluding any attachments:_____(Three letters)

61. Line where the hull of a ship and water are in contact:

62. The maximum breadth (or width) of the hull; measured amidships:

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63. Depth of water needed to float a vessel, or distance from the waterline to the lowest point of the ship:

64. The height of a ship from the waterline to the highest point of the ship: _____(Two words)

65. The height of a hull from the highest point of its main deck to the lowest point: _____

66. The vertical distance between the waterline and the main deck:

67. Body of a vessel: _____

68. Room or platform from which the ship can be commanded:

69. A flat piece of wood or metal at the back of a boat, that moves from side to side in order to control the direction of the vessel:

70. An opening in the deck of a ship: _____

71. Used to cover and protect the cargo in the holds and make them watertight: _____(2 words)

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