

### **Answer the following questions.**

1. What is Cheltenham known as due to its location?
2. What is the Pittville Pump Room used for in Cheltenham?
3. How has the City Council of Cheltenham tried to reduce the negative impact of tourists on the town?
4. Who was Gustav Holst and what can visitors learn about him in Cheltenham?
5. What attracts visitors from all over the world to Cheltenham?
6. What festivals are held in Cheltenham every year that attract national and international names?
7. What event makes Cheltenham the center of horse racing for a week in March?

Correct answers:

1. Cheltenham is known as "The Western Gateway" due to its position. 2. The Pittville Pump Room in Cheltenham is used for balls, entertainments, taking medicinal waters, concerts, weddings, and still allows visitors to take the waters. 3. The City Council of Cheltenham has developed walking, cycling, and public transport routes as alternatives to cars, provides bicycles for short distance journeys, and recycles packaging, plastic bottles, and batteries left by tourists. 4. Gustav Holst was a well-known English composer born in Cheltenham, and visitors can learn about his life, music, and family at his birthplace museum. 5. The beauty and wonderful sights of Cheltenham, including parks, open spaces, greenery, and Montpellier place with its flowers, attract visitors from all over the world. 6. Cheltenham holds literature, music, jazz, and science festivals every year that attract national and international names. 7. Cheltenham becomes the center of the National Gold Cup in horse racing for a week in March.

# THE PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE



## DO

### Affirmative (+)

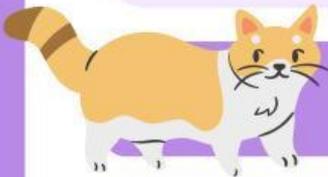
I sleep early.  
You sleep early.  
We sleep early.  
They sleep early.

### Negative (-)

I don't sleep early.  
You don't sleep early.  
We don't sleep early.  
They don't sleep early.

### Interrogative (?)

Do I sleep early?  
Do you sleep early?  
Do we sleep early?  
Do they sleep early?



## DOES

### Affirmative (+)

She sleeps early.  
He sleeps early.  
It sleeps early.

### Negative (-)

She doesn't sleep early.  
He doesn't sleep early.  
It doesn't sleep early.

### Interrogative (?)

Does she sleep early?  
Does he sleep early?  
Does it sleep early?

## TIME EXPRESSIONS

- always
- usually
- often
- sometimes
- seldom/rarely
- never

- everyday
- every year
- once/twice a week

## LANGUAGE IN USE

- General truth
- Habits
- Timetables/Scheduled events
- Permanent situations
- Newspaper headlines
- Telling stories
- Giving directions
- Opinions

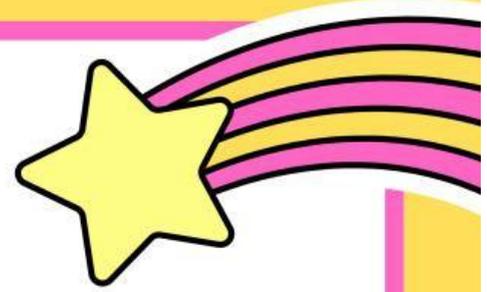


# PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE

**Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs.**

- 1- Sarah ..... (like) to play tennis.
- 2- They ..... (watch) cartoons on TV every Friday.
- 3- My mom ..... (cook) delicious meals for dinner.
- 4- We ..... (go) to the park after school.
- 5- ..... he ..... (study) English every day?
- 6- Dogs ..... (sleep) a lot during the day.
- 7- I ..... (not eat) vegetables.
- 8- The bus ..... (arrive) at 9:00 AM.
- 9- He ..... (play) the guitar in a band.
- 10- Dogs ..... (bark) when they see strangers.
- 11- She ..... (read) a book before bedtime.
- 12- ..... you often ..... (visit) your grandparents?
- 13- He ..... (always forget) his keys.
- 14- The sun ..... (rise) in the east.
- 15- They ..... (usually go) shopping on weekends.
- 16- I ..... (not like) spicy food.
- 17- Cats ..... (chase) after mice.
- 18- My dad ..... (work) in an office.
- 19- Birds ..... (sing) in the morning.
- 20- We ..... (play) board games on rainy days.

# PAST SIMPLE



We use the Past Simple for **completed actions in the past**.

POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	QUESTION
I / You / We / They He / She / It <b>played</b> .	I / You / We / They He / She / It <b>didn't</b> play.	<b>Did</b> I / you / we / they he / she / it play?

**Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.**

- 1- They \_\_\_\_\_ (study) for the exam for hours last night.
- 2- I \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in the garden all morning. Now, it's time to rest.
- 3- We \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for the bus for 30 minutes yesterday.
- 4- She \_\_\_\_\_ (clean) the house two hours ago.
- 5- The kids \_\_\_\_\_ (play) outside for the entire afternoon.
- 6- He \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) lasagne for dinner yesterday evening.
- 7- I \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) swimming last summer.
- 8- \_\_\_\_\_ the team \_\_\_\_\_ (practice) enough for the match last week?
- 9- You \_\_\_\_\_ (read) that book for a very long time.
- 10- They \_\_\_\_\_ (try) to fix the car for hours last weekend.
- 11- \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) breakfast in the morning?
- 12- My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (not come) home late last night.

# PAST SIMPLE

# IRREGULAR VERBS

## List



Write the past simple tense of the following irregular verbs

BE  
\_\_\_\_\_

BEGIN  
\_\_\_\_\_

BREAK  
\_\_\_\_\_

BUILD  
\_\_\_\_\_

BUY  
\_\_\_\_\_

COME  
\_\_\_\_\_

CUT  
\_\_\_\_\_

DRAW  
\_\_\_\_\_

DRINK  
\_\_\_\_\_

DRIVE  
\_\_\_\_\_

EAT  
\_\_\_\_\_

FALL  
\_\_\_\_\_

FEEL  
\_\_\_\_\_

FIND  
\_\_\_\_\_

GET  
\_\_\_\_\_

GIVE  
\_\_\_\_\_

GO  
\_\_\_\_\_

GROW  
\_\_\_\_\_

HAVE  
\_\_\_\_\_

KNOW  
\_\_\_\_\_

LEAVE  
\_\_\_\_\_

LEND  
\_\_\_\_\_

LET  
\_\_\_\_\_

LOSE  
\_\_\_\_\_

MAKE  
\_\_\_\_\_

MEET  
\_\_\_\_\_

PAY  
\_\_\_\_\_

PUT  
\_\_\_\_\_

READ  
\_\_\_\_\_

RIDE  
\_\_\_\_\_

RISE  
\_\_\_\_\_

RUN  
\_\_\_\_\_

SAY  
\_\_\_\_\_

SEE  
\_\_\_\_\_

SELL  
\_\_\_\_\_

SEND  
\_\_\_\_\_

SET  
\_\_\_\_\_

SHOW  
\_\_\_\_\_

SING  
\_\_\_\_\_

SIT  
\_\_\_\_\_

SLEEP  
\_\_\_\_\_

SPEAK  
\_\_\_\_\_

SPEND  
\_\_\_\_\_

STAND  
\_\_\_\_\_

STEAL  
\_\_\_\_\_

SWIM  
\_\_\_\_\_

TAKE  
\_\_\_\_\_

TEACH  
\_\_\_\_\_

TELL  
\_\_\_\_\_

THROW  
\_\_\_\_\_

WAKE  
\_\_\_\_\_

WEAR  
\_\_\_\_\_

WIN  
\_\_\_\_\_

WRITE  
\_\_\_\_\_

# FUTURE SIMPLE



We use the Future Simple for future **predictions and intentions**.

POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	QUESTION
I / You / We / They He / She / It <b>will</b> play.	I / You / We / They He / She / It <b>won't</b> play.	<b>Will</b> I / you / we / they he / she / it play?

**Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.**

- 1- I believe they \_\_\_\_\_ (win) the championship next year.
- 2- She's confident she \_\_\_\_\_ (get) a promotion at work.
- 3- I guess we \_\_\_\_\_ (not finish) the project this week.
- 4- They \_\_\_\_\_ (travel) to Europe for their vacation next summer.
- 5- The weather forecast predicts it \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) tomorrow.
- 6- \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (start) a new fitness routine next month?
- 7- He \_\_\_\_\_ (launch) his own business in a couple of years.
- 8- She \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) her grandparents over the holidays.
- 9- I think scientists \_\_\_\_\_ (discover) a way to stop climate change.
- 10- The company \_\_\_\_\_ (not expand) its operations next year.
- 11- \_\_\_\_\_ we \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) for coffee next Friday?
- 12- He \_\_\_\_\_ (run) his first marathon in six months.

# SIMPLE FUTURE TENSE

**Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs.**

- 1- She ..... (visit) her grandparents next weekend.
- 2- They ..... (not go) to the party; they have to study.
- 3- ..... you ..... (watch) the movie tonight?
- 4- We ..... (have) a picnic in the park on Saturday.
- 5- I ..... (not eat) dessert before dinner.
- 6- They ..... (play) soccer after school.
- 7- ..... she ..... (travel) to Europe next summer?
- 8- ..... they ..... (read) the book before the exam?
- 9- She ..... (call) you as soon as she arrives.
- 10- I ..... (finish) my project by the end of the week.
- 11- He ..... (not come) to the meeting; he's busy.
- 12- Will you ..... (join) the art class next semester?
- 13- ..... they ..... (visit) the museum this weekend?
- 14- ..... he ..... (buy) a new car in a few months?
- 15- We ..... (start) the concert at 8 PM.
- 16- She ..... (not wear) a jacket; it will be warm.
- 17- ..... they ..... (take) a vacation this year?
- 18- ..... she ..... (sing) at the talent show?
- 19- I ..... (not forget) your birthday; I'll bring a gift.
- 20- How many people ..... (attend) the event?