

Maximilien de Robespierre

NUMBER
THE
EVENTS
IN THE
RIGHT
ORDER



1. He became a lawyer in 1781.
2. Robespierre became very popular for his attacks on the monarchy and his advocacy for democratic reforms. He also opposed the death penalty and slavery.
3. Maximilien de Robespierre was born in Arras (France) in 1782.
4. He was executed in 1794.
5. In 1790 he participated in writing the Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen, the foundation of the French constitution.

OLYMPE DE GAUGES

NUMBER
THE
EVENTS
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1. In 1791 she wrote Declaration of the Rights of Woman and of the female Citizen.
2. She died in 1793.
3. From 1789 on, she was a social reformer and writer who challenged conventional views on a number of matters: slavery, orphans and especially the role of women as citizens. Many consider her among the world's first feminists.
4. She was born in France in 1748.