



MOCK TEST 14 – GRADE 9

Time allowed: 60 minutes

TRƯỜNG:	MÔN THI:
HỌ TÊN:	LỚP: ĐIỂM:

MÃ ĐỀ	SỐ BÁO DANH	ĐÁP ÁN TRẮC NGHIỆM			
■ □ □ □ 0 ○ ○ ○ 1 ○ ○ ○ 2 ○ ○ ○ 3 ○ ○ ○ 4 ○ ○ ○ 5 ○ ○ ○ 6 ○ ○ ○ 7 ○ ○ ○ 8 ○ ○ ○ 9 ○ ○ ○ ■	■ □ □ □ □ □ 0 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 1 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 2 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 3 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 4 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 5 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 6 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 7 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 8 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 9 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ■	■ A B C D 1 (A) (B) (C) (D) 2 (A) (B) (C) (D) 3 (A) (B) (C) (D) 4 (A) (B) (C) (D) 5 (A) (B) (C) (D) 6 (A) (B) (C) (D) 7 (A) (B) (C) (D) 8 (A) (B) (C) (D) 9 (A) (B) (C) (D) 10 (A) (B) (C) (D) ■	■ A B C D 11 (A) (B) (C) (D) 12 (A) (B) (C) (D) 13 (A) (B) (C) (D) 14 (A) (B) (C) (D) 15 (A) (B) (C) (D) 16 (A) (B) (C) (D) 17 (A) (B) (C) (D) 18 (A) (B) (C) (D) 19 (A) (B) (C) (D) 20 (A) (B) (C) (D) ■	■ A B C D 21 (A) (B) (C) (D) 22 (A) (B) (C) (D) 23 (A) (B) (C) (D) 24 (A) (B) (C) (D) 25 (A) (B) (C) (D) 26 (A) (B) (C) (D) 27 (A) (B) (C) (D) 28 (A) (B) (C) (D) 29 (A) (B) (C) (D) 30 (A) (B) (C) (D) ■	■ A B C D 31 (A) (B) (C) (D) 32 (A) (B) (C) (D) 33 (A) (B) (C) (D) 34 (A) (B) (C) (D) 35 (A) (B) (C) (D) 36 (A) (B) (C) (D) 37 (A) (B) (C) (D) 38 (A) (B) (C) (D) 39 (A) (B) (C) (D) 40 (A) (B) (C) (D) ■

Thí sinh lưu ý :

- Giữ cho phiếu phẳng, không bôi bẩn, làm rách, không tẩy xóa, để máy chấm.
- Tô **kín**, tô **đậm** các ô tròn tương ứng với mã Đề thi, Số báo danh và đáp án đúng cho Phần trắc nghiệm.
- Không được ghi đề, tô đề lên các ô vuông đen, để máy định vị chính xác

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

- A. environment

B. minimize

C. pesticide

D. prohibition
- A. divideded

B. supplieded

C. provideded

D. preventeded

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

- A. fertilizer

B. innovation

C. disappointed

D. unpolluted
- A. describe

B. destroy

C. erupt

D. damage

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- The medicine is on sale everywhere. You can get it at _____ chemist's.
A. each B. some C. certain D. any
- You are _____ only two pieces of luggage on the plane.
A. allowed B. made C. agreed D. received
- When small, I usually _____ fishing with my brother.
A. go B. went C. going D. use to go
- The guest bedroom is the _____ room in the house because it overlooks the garden.
A. quiet B. quieter C. quietest D. more quiet
- My aunt is a _____ teacher.
A. history B. historic C. historical D. historian
- The reason _____ he left was that he felt lonely.

- A. which B. what C. why D. how
11. I was late for school this morning because my alarm clock didn't _____.
A. come on B. go off C. put away D. take up
12. The children finally agreed _____ the candies equally.
A. divide B. dividing C. divided D. to divide
13. Eating too many candies every day _____ bad for young children.
A. is B. are C. was D. were
14. I like watching TV _____ to the cinema.
A. more than to go B. than going C. more than going D. rather than to go

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following sentences.

15. The air is naturally contaminated by foreign matter such as plant pollen and dust.
A. concentrated B. occupied C. filled D. polluted
16. Mayan culture and its artefacts illustrate the many mysteries surrounding the progression of the human race.
A. monument B. civilization C. construction D. facility

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following sentences.

17. The teacher encouraged the students to speak English in class.
A. required B. forced C. persuaded D. prevented
18. Beginning students know only a few English words. Advanced students know a lot.
A. Excellent B. Intelligent C. Basic D. Complex

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

19. - "Thanks a lot for the lovely dinner." - " _____ "
A. You're welcome. B. It's all right. C. Thank you too. D. Please don't say so.
20. - "I'm getting a bit overweight." - " _____ "
A. You might eat a bit more. B. You shouldn't eat so much.
C. You can't be hungry now. D. You need more nutritious food.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Although Asia has a rich cultural heritage, with written records extending back some 4,000 years, libraries were slow to **emerge** in the region. Temples and centers of religious learning established most of the earliest Asian libraries that had sizeable collections. These institutions developed in the period that roughly corresponds to the European Middle Ages, from about the 5th century to the 15th century. At the same time, court libraries grew to coexist with religious libraries in most Asian countries. Use of these libraries was restricted to court officials or to religious leaders. It was not until the early 20th century that Asian libraries became accessible to a wide public, and for the most part, public library systems did not emerge until after World War II ended in 1945.

In general, Asian libraries have been slow to automate their operations, although many libraries in China, India, Japan, Singapore, South Korea, and Taiwan do have computerized systems. In the late 1990s most computer use in Asia was limited to microcomputer management of circulation. However, the public has access to online catalogs in increasing numbers of Asian libraries, particularly in documentation centers and national libraries. The high cost of international telephone lines and the slow delivery of documents from overseas have inhibited more rapid growth of online searching.

(Adapted from Microsoft Encarta 2009)

21. The word "**emerge**" as used in the passage mostly means _____.
A. submerge B. start to exist C. continue D. come into view
22. Which of the following is NOT true?
A. Asia has a rich cultural heritage.

- B. All Asian libraries had sizeable collections.
 C. China has computerized its libraries.
 D. You can search for materials online.
23. According to the passage, the first written records of Asia date from _____.
 A. 4,000 years ago B. the 5th century
 C. the 15th century D. the 1990s
24. Which of the following is not mentioned to have computerized library systems?
 A. India B. Japan C. North Korea D. South Korea
25. We can infer from the passage that.
 A. Asian libraries began about 4,000 years ago
 B. all Asian libraries have automated their operations
 C. religious libraries are very popular in most Asian countries
 D. the cost of international telecommunication in Asia is not cheap

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Travel is something which people do every day. It is very difficult to avoid the (26) _____ to travel. It may be a trip to school, university or to work. Travelling can often take a long time, especially when great distances need to be covered. People often (27) _____ travelling abroad for holidays. But for some people, travelling is not fun at all. Some people suffer from travel sickness. This means that they will (28) _____ very unwell each time they travel.

Travelling can be either affordable or costly. It often depends on (29) _____ far you want to travel and the choice of transport. People who need to travel short distances may choose not to use any transport at all. People often rely on their legs to take them to places nearby. This is often (30) _____ as certain modes of transport have been said to produce harmful emissions and damage the environment.

(<https://www.excellentesl4u.com/esl-reading-comprehension.html>)

- | | | | | |
|-----|---------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 26. | A. want | B. need | C. must | D. essential |
| 27. | A. enjoy | B. benefit | C. love | D. care |
| 28. | A. make | B. develop | C. become | D. happen |
| 29. | A. where | B. why | C. what | D. how |
| 30. | A. encouraged | B. encouraging | C. courageous | D. courage |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

31. Lack of animal protein in the human diet is a serious cause of the malnutrition.
 A B C D
32. Microwave oven thermometers are more cost than other kinds of thermometers.
 A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

33. The management does not accept responsibility for property left in the hall.
 A. You cannot bring your luggage into the hall.
 B. You must look after your things in the hall yourself.
 C. You should give your things in the hall to the manager.
 D. You should lock things in your suitcase in the hall.
34. He's the best player that our team has ever had.
 A. Our team has never had such a good player.
 B. Our team used to have a good player like him.
 C. Our team has once had a better player than him.
 D. Our team had him as one of the best players.
35. My brother really likes to own a horse.

- A. My brother's wish was that he owned a horse.
- B. My brother wishes he will own a horse.
- C. My brother wishes that he owned a horse.
- D. My brother wishes I owned a horse.

36. Although they worked very hard, they earned little money.

- A. They had little money so they worked very hard.
- B. They didn't have much money and they didn't work hard.
- C. In spite of working hard, they didn't earn much money.
- D. Earning little money, they didn't go to work.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words/ phrases given.

37. I/go/school/my dad's car /whenever/rain

- A. Going to school in my dad's car if it rain is my wish.
- B. I go to school in my dad's car whenever it rains.
- C. I drive my dad's car to school when it is raining.
- D. It's my only choice to go to school in my dad's car.

38. you /really /be /able/ dress /yourself/ age

- A. You should really be able to dress yourself at your age!
- B. You must really be able of dressing yourself in your age.
- C. You have really been able of dressing yourself by your age.
- D. You are really able of dressing yourself this age!

39. hilltop / have/good/ view /our village

- A. The hilltop can make our village views better.
- B. From the hilltop, our village can viewed very well.
- C. From the hilltop, we can have a better view of our village.
- D. From the hilltop, our village can have a better view.

40. museum /small/have/a lot of/unique artifacts

- A. This museum is small, but it has a lot of unique artifacts.
- B. This museum is small because it has a lot of unique artifacts.
- C. That museum is both small and has a lot of unique artifacts.
- D. Being small, this museum has a lot of unique artifacts.

THE END