

Present Simple (1)

Form



Afirmative

I walk
You walk
He walks
She walks
It walks
We walk
You walk
They walk

Negative

I don't walk
You don't walk
He doesn't walk
She doesn't walk
It doesn't walk
We don't walk
You don't walk
They don't walk

Interrogative

Do I walk?
Do you walk?
Does he walk?
Does she walk?
Does it walk?
Do we walk?
Do you walk?
Do they walk?

Short answers

Affirmative

Yes, I / you / we / they do
Yes, he / she / it does

Negative

No, I / you / we / they don't
No, he / she / it doesn't

Third person singular

We add **-s** to the verb to form the third person singular (he, she, it).

I drink - he drinks
I run - he runs

BUT

- We add **-es** to verbs that end in -ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o.
I watch - he watches
- With verbs ending in consonant + y, we change the **-y** to **-ies**.
I cry - he cries
But with verbs ending in vowel + y, we just add **-s** as usual.
I play - he plays

Use

We use the Present Simple:

- for habits and actions that we do regularly:
He **visits** his friends every Sunday.
She **goes** to school by bus.
- for general truths:
The sun **rises** in the East.
- for permanent situations:
He **lives** in Athens.



Expressions used with the Present Simple

Frequency adverbs: always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never
(they are placed before the main verb)

Time expressions: every day / week / Friday...
on Mondays / Sundays...
at the weekend...
in the morning / afternoon...
in winter / spring...
once a day / week...