

Listen to the conversations. Now read the sentences. Then listen again and write the word or phrase that correctly completes the sentence.

Example: Tina doesn't care for fish.

1. Tina _____ spicy food.
2. Jeremy _____ food made with salt and oil.
3. Ryan's food tastes both sweet and _____.
4. Vincent used to be _____, but he's not now.
5. Katie _____ chocolate.

▶ 2.11 Listen to each statement. Choose the one that best describes what you see in the picture.



1 A B C D



2 A B C D



3 A B C D



4 A B C D

►2.12 Listen to the statement or question. Choose the letter of the correct response.

1 A B C

5 A B C

2 A B C

6 A B C

3 A B C

7 A B C

4 A B C

8 A B C

Write the correct vocabulary for each picture.

Example:



I'm a chicken lover.



Complete each sentence with use to or used to.

Example: We used to eat a lot of sweets, but now we're on a diet.

1. What did you _____ eat for breakfast?
2. Michael didn't _____ like salad, but now he loves it.
3. Didn't your grandmother _____ live nearby?
4. My parents always _____ make us speak politely to each other during dinner.

Complete each sentence with the word that creates a correct negative question. Use capitalization.

Example: You and your boss go out to lunch. You think the food is terrific. After a few bites, you say, “ Isn’t the food delicious?”

5. Your colleague says he’s going on vacation next week. You think he went on vacation just last week. You ask, “ _____ you on vacation last week?”
6. You go to a restaurant with a friend for lunch, but your friend orders only coffee. You ask, “ _____ you hungry?”
7. You go with your brother to a movie. You think the movie is very bad. As you leave, you say, “ _____ that movie terrible?”
8. You receive a nice birthday present from your grandmother. You don’t write to her. After a week, your mother asks, “ _____ you written a thank-you note yet?”
9. Your friend is a vegetarian, but he orders a hamburger at a restaurant. You say quietly to your other friend, “ _____ he a vegetarian?”

Choose the correct way to complete each negative yes / no question.

1. (Isn’t / Aren’t / Doesn’t) you George’s brother?
2. (Doesn’t / Wasn’t / Hasn’t) Greta speak Italian?
3. (Doesn’t / Doesn’t / Isn’t) this chicken wonderful?
4. (Wasn’t / Didn’t / Hasn’t) that movie awful last night?
5. (Didn’t / Aren’t / Haven’t) you tried ceviche before?
6. (Hasn’t / Don’t / Didn’t) Janet called her mother yet?
7. (Aren’t / Don’t / Haven’t) you like fish?
8. (Isn’t / Aren’t / Haven’t) you a big meat eater?

Complete each conversation with a negative question.

1. A: I’ll pass on the chocolate cake.
B: (you / like / chocolate cake) _____?
A: Actually, I’m on a diet.
2. A: That movie was great last night!
B: (you / love / the two main actors) _____?
A: They were awesome!

3. A: I've been so busy! I haven't done any sightseeing yet.
B: Really? (you / be / to the history museum) _____? It's really interesting.
A: No, I haven't.
4. A: Is there really a Bruno Mars concert this Saturday?
B: Yes, there is. (he / be / great) _____?
A: Are you kidding? I'm a huge fan.
5. A: Do you think Sara will meet us for dinner tonight?
B: Hey! (you / call her yet) _____?
A: Oops. I forgot.
6. A: Call me after 10:00 am tomorrow.
B: (you / go running / early every morning) _____?
A: I usually do. But I'll be up late tonight.

Choose the correct reply to each conversation.

Example: A: Aren't you on a diet?

- a. No, but thanks.
[b. I used to be. Not anymore.]
c. I couldn't live without vegetables.

1. **A:** How does the chicken taste?

B: _____

- a. It smells delicious.
b. It's great—not too salty.
c. I'm trying to avoid carbs.

2. **A:** Would you like some coffee?

B: _____

- a. I'd better pass.
b. Why don't we sit down?
c. I couldn't stop myself.

3. **A:** Don't you eat cake?

B: _____

- a. I don't know.
b. Please help yourself.
c. I don't care for sweets.

Read the article. Then choose the correct answer for each question.

Food Fusion: *Variety is the spice of life!*



What is fusion cuisine?

Recipes Restaurants Spices Techniques

What is fusion cuisine?

Fusion is putting together at least two different things. Fusion cuisine refers to combining ingredients—and sometimes techniques—from more than one culture. This could mean adding an unusual spice to a traditional dish, or it could mean using different ways of preparing food and ingredients from a variety of cultures.

Fusion cuisine became popular in restaurants in the 1970s. While many people think it is a new discovery, the idea has actually existed for hundreds of years. European explorers brought "exotic" foods like tomatoes, oranges, and rice back from their travels. People liked these foods so much that they began using them in traditional European menus.

The key to great fusion is choosing the best elements of various cultures' cooking and combining these to create new dishes. The goal is to come up with new, interesting dishes that surprise and delight our tastes.

One example of fusion cuisine is adding spicy chilies from Latin America to traditional Asian dishes, such as Japanese hand rolls with jalapeños. Another popular result of fusion is the wrap. Tortillas, originally from Mexico, are now filled with everything from teriyaki beef to curried chicken.

Anyone can create fusion cuisine. Make flavor and excitement your goals. Remember: Variety is the spice of life!

Example: What do you need to make fusion cuisine?

- a. tomatoes, oranges, or rice
- b. spicy chilies from Latin America
- [c. an ingredient from another culture]**

1. When did fusion cuisine begin?
 - a. more than 100 years ago
 - b. in the 1970s
 - c. just recently
2. What is the goal of fusion cooking?
 - a. to prepare more healthful food
 - b. to create new dishes
 - c. to learn more about different cultures
3. A Mexican tortilla filled with teriyaki beef is an example of fusion cooking because
 - a. it sounds delicious.
 - b. many people have eaten it.
 - c. it combines foods from two cultures.

4. A Who can create fusion cuisine?
- a. European explorers
 - b. anyone
 - c. people in restaurants

Writing Test

Write about two famous dishes from your country. Describe the taste of the dishes and why you like them. Write at least five sentences.

Write things you used to do that you don't do now and things you didn't use to do that you do now.
