

Protestant Reformation: Calvin & Zwingli

Matching:

1. _____ - a religious court made up of pastors and lay people
2. _____ - written by John Calvin proclaiming predestination, the belief that God has already decided not only who goes to Heaven, but also who goes to Hell
3. _____ - descendants of the remaining Anabaptists in the Netherlands
4. _____ - rejected the Trinity of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit, and insist that God alone is divine, and Jesus was merely a person.
5. _____ - born in 1509; studied law and was influenced by the humanists and Protestants of Paris; believed that church and state should work hand-in-hand
6. _____ - believed in adult baptism and rejected infant baptism
7. _____ - born in the Canton of St Gallen; believed in a world based on simplicity; primarily interested in civic reform where religious and secular authorities should work together and on equal footing to conduct civic reforms that would be informed by the Bible

Anabaptists

Unitarians

Consistory

Amish and Mennonites

John Calvin

The Institutions of the Christian Religion

Zwingli

1. Did Zwingli believe in the separation of church and state? _____
2. Under _____ leadership, Geneva became the most pious, most industrious, and most orderly city in Europe.
3. Zwingli's first conflict with the Church came in 1522 when he organized a _____ during lent, arguing that the concept of lent is not in the Bible, therefore it's irrelevant.
 - a) Bonfire
 - b) Barbeque
 - c) Pig roast
4. Zwingli abolished the Catholic _____ saying that the body and blood of Christ is not present in any form of bread and wine, so communion was only had 4 times a year and the church will focus solely on _____.
 - a) Supper, bible study
 - b) Choir, singing
 - c) Mass, preaching
5. The Anabaptists outright rejected the state, as they saw it as evil, refusing to pay _____ and to serve in the _____.
 - a) Taxes, army
 - b) Mortgages, cafeteria
 - c) Membership fees, congregation
6. Calvin was mainly concerned with _____ rather than theology.
 - a) Ancient stories
 - b) Family traditions
7. Zwingli also ordered the removal of statues, paintings and stained glass windows since these things were not in the bible either and they constituted _____.
 - a) Pretty things
 - b) Idolatry
 - c) Polygamy
8. Calvin's greatest emphasis was on religious _____, especially of the young.
 - a) Doctrine
 - b) Worship
 - c) Education
9. Calvin established four groups of church officials:
 1. _____ to preach
 2. _____ to instruct believers in the faith
 3. _____ to provide discipline
 4. _____ to administer to the poor