

## 1. Fill in the Blanks

1. I wanted to go to the party, \_\_\_\_\_ I had an early meeting the next day.  
○ a) but      b) after      c) however      d) despite
2. She excels in both mathematics and physics. \_\_\_\_\_, her performance in other subjects is impressive.  
○ a) Nevertheless      b) Moreover      c) Because      d) Since
3. \_\_\_\_\_ the rain, they decided to have a picnic in the park.  
○ a) Although      b) In addition to      c) On account of      d) Nevertheless
4. He was late for the movie \_\_\_\_\_ he missed the bus.  
○ a) but      b) since      c) in spite of      d) following
5. I like hiking, \_\_\_\_\_ I'm not a fan of camping.  
○ a) when      b) however      c) because      d) as well as

## 2. Complete the following text with appropriate linking words from the list.

**Linking Words: However, Moreover, Despite, In Addition To, Nevertheless**

Linda is a dedicated student. She works part-time to support her studies. \_\_\_\_\_, she actively participates in various extracurricular activities. \_\_\_\_\_, her commitment to her academics remains unwavering. \_\_\_\_\_ her involvement in the school's debate club, \_\_\_\_\_, she has enhanced her communication skills. \_\_\_\_\_ facing financial challenges, she continues to strive for excellence.

## 3. Use the following linking words to complete the sentences:

**Moreover, In Addition To That, Nevertheless, Despite**

1. I enjoy hiking, swimming, and reading. \_\_\_\_\_, I find solace in nature.
2. He has a busy schedule; \_\_\_\_\_, he manages to find time for his hobbies.
3. The team faced numerous challenges; \_\_\_\_\_, they achieved their goals.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ the rain, they decided to proceed with the outdoor event.
5. I have a lot of work to do; \_\_\_\_\_, I need to attend a meeting later.

## 4. Determine if the following statements are true or false based on the correct use of linking words.

1. "After" is used to indicate a cause-and-effect relationship between two clauses. \_\_\_\_\_
2. "Despite" can be used to introduce additional information or items. \_\_\_\_\_
3. "However" is used to signal a continuation or persistence despite obstacles. \_\_\_\_\_
4. "In spite of" and "although" can be used interchangeably in all situations. \_\_\_\_\_
5. "On account of" is typically followed by a gerund. \_\_\_\_\_
6. "Moreover" emphasizes contrast or contradiction between two sentences. \_\_\_\_\_
7. "Following" is used to indicate a logical sequence of events. \_\_\_\_\_
8. "As well as" is primarily used to introduce a cause or reason for a situation. \_\_\_\_\_
9. "Nevertheless" always introduces a contrast to the preceding sentence. \_\_\_\_\_
10. "In addition to" suggests a chronological sequence between two events. \_\_\_\_\_