



REVIEW UNIT 8

A. LISTENING

Listen to a talk about online shopping and tick (✓) true (T) or false (F), then answer the questions.

	TRUE	FALSE
1. Online shopping is buying a product or service over the internet.		
2. Online shopping is inconvenient. You can waste your money and time.		
3. The online products you receive are sometimes not exactly what you expect.		
4. You won't have to pay for the shipping if you return a product.		

Listen again and give short answers to the following questions. Use no more than THREE words.

5. How many ways can you pay when you shop online?

6. Is it hard for you to stop shopping when you become a shopaholic?

B. PHONETIC

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the other words.

7. A. <u>con</u> venience	B. neig <u>hbor</u> hood	C. <u>dol</u> lar	D. cust <u>om</u> er
8. A. <u>sa</u> le	B. out <u>stan</u> ding	C. <u>ca</u> ke	D. displ <u>ay</u>

II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the others.

9. A. access	B. addic <u>ted</u>	C. bargai <u>n</u>	D. complaint
10. A. schedule	B. simila <u>r</u>	C. rarely	D. specific

C. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences

11. Linda is a _____, she spends too much time and money shopping.

A. housewife	B. shopaholic	C. free person	D. businessman
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12. I spent the whole morning just _____ online for clothes, but I didn't buy anything.



A. browsing B. browse C. to browse D. browsed

13. All the items at IVY modal Shop are _____ for two days. Some of them are 50% off.
 A. online B. on sale C. out of stock D. expensive

14. My mother _____ things at the market. She sometimes buys some things at the supermarket.
 A. often buy B. buy often C. often buys D. buys often

15. Some people may be _____ to online shopping. They cannot stop buying things, even things they don't really need.
 A. excited B. fantastic C. addicted D. busy

16. Linda doesn't like shopping online. She _____ goes to the open-air market.
 A. never B. sometimes C. rarely D. always

17. Buying things _____ the Internet helps us get exactly what we want and need.
 A. on B. in C. at D. for

18. Shopping at a shopping centre is _____. It has almost everything you want there.
 A. difficult B. cheap C. time-consuming D. convenient

II. Choose the most suitable response A or B to complete each of the following exchanges.

19. A: Would you like to go shopping with me? - B: _____.
 A. Hurry up! We'll be late for the lesson. B. I don't like.
 C. I want some donuts. D. I'm afraid I'm busy now.

III. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following sentences.

20. My mother spent the whole morning just browsing online for clothes, but she didn't buy anything.

A. surfing B. paying C. buying D. selling

21. The loaf of bread you bought at the bakery expired five days ago.

A. spoiled B. finished C. started D. opened

IV. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined words(s) in each of the following questions.

22. This milk can be found in some speciality shops and famers' markets.

A. famous B. well-known C. typical D. common

23. My mother fancies shopping there, and she rarely misses one.

A. never B. now C. usually D. sometimes

**V. Find the mistake and correct it.**

24. The fair offers opportunities for tourists learning about the life of ethnic people in Viet Nam.

A

B

C

D

25. You can never bargain at a supermarket although the prices are fixed.

A

B

C

D

VI. Complete each sentence with a suitable adverb of frequency: *rarely, never, sometimes, usually*

26. These brands are _____ on sale, just once or twice a year so we decide to go there to see.

27. My family doesn't _____ go to the supermarket because it's far from our house.

28. My mother _____ goes to a dollar store. She says there's nothing worth buying there.

29. I _____ buy things online, just one or twice a week. I prefer to shop at stores.

VII. Use the correct tense and form of the verbs in brackets to complete the sentences.

30. We can (use) _____ these vouchers for the next shopping.

31. We (not / have) _____ Music next semester. We have Art instead.

32. The sale on all video equipment (start) _____ on Monday next week.

33. The bus schedule says that there (be) _____ a bus to Hung Vuong Plaza at 9:00.

34. The supermarket (open) _____ at 8:00 tomorrow. You can go there to buy some things.

VIII. Use the word in brackets in the correct form to complete each sentence.

35. Jack and I are talking about the _____ of online shopping nowadays. (**POPULAR**)

36. During holidays, a lot of people go to shopping centres to see _____. (**DECORATE**)

37. While Jimmy was browsing some websites, he saw an _____ about a trip. (**ADVERTISE**)

D. READING**I. Read the passage and choose the best answer to complete the passage.**

Over the years, shopping (38) _____ a very common activity. Lots of people enjoy going to shopping centers or stores, but it's more than a (39) _____ hobby for some of them. They have become shopaholics, people who simply enjoy shopping and walking around spending money without being able to stop doing it.



Some people go shopping when they are sad, worried activity or lonely and they want to feel better. They use this way to forget their problems. Shopaholics say that they feel more important and (40) _____ after they buy something.

We think that women enjoy shopping more than men, but that's not true. Men really like shopping because they feel they have power and control. Also, men usually buy big items while.

Shopaholism can cause many problems. Some of them can be psychological; and in women (41) _____ their money on clothes, cosmetics, decorations for their houses, or things for the family that case, people should get help. It can also cause (42) _____ problems.

38. A. become	B. became	C. has become	D. has became
39. A. common	B. best	C. special	D. unpopular
40. A. good	B. well	C. better	D. best
41. A. have	B. spend	C. take	D. make
42. A. finance	B. financially	C. financial	D. financier

II. Read the passage and answer the questions.

A corner shop or a convenience shop is a British tradition. It is a small retail shop. We can find a corner shop at the end of a local street in many neighbourhoods in towns and cities across the UK. The corner shop sells all kinds of household goods and simple food and drinks like snacks, groceries, coffee, soft drinks. It also sells newspapers, magazines, and cigarettes.

Convenience stores are originally from America. They are like the British corner shops. The only difference is that convenience stores are often open 24 hours. Probably the most well-known convenience store is 7-Eleven. You can find a convenience store at any residential area, a filling station, a railway station, or alongside a busy road.

Today, there are convenience stores all over the world. Each country has its own brand of convenience stores as well as the global brand 7-Eleven.

Both corner shops and convenience stores sell things at higher prices than the supermarket, but they are much more convenient.

43. What is a corner shop in UK?

⇒ _____

44. Are cigarettes sold in the corner shop?

⇒ _____

45. What is the difference between the British corner shops and the American convenience stores?



⇒ _____

46. Do corner shops and convenience stores sell things at lower prices than the supermarket?

⇒ _____

E. WRITING

I. Rewrite the sentences without changing their meanings.

47. Finding a traditional butcher shop nowadays is very hard.

⇒ It is _____

48. I'd like to try shopping at an open-air market. I'd like to learn how to bargain. (*dùng từ nối "AND"*)

⇒ I'd like _____

II. Arrange the words to make suitable sentences.

49. when / Customers/ products / touch / they / shop / can't / online./

⇒ _____

50. The shop owner / respect. / treats / with / a lot of / his customers /

⇒ _____