DEFEAT OF THE AZTECS

Matching:

1. _____ - named Hispaniola by the Spanish sailors.
2. _____ - fragments of countryside on the island of Hispaniola that was farmed by the locals in return for Spanish protection.
3. _____ - son of a noble family who had emigrated to Cuba from Spain; known as a hidalgo
4. _____ - the Spanish left in the middle of the night, taking with them a large portion of Aztec gold, slowing them down, leaving them vulnerable to attack; some even drowned due to the weight of the gold.
5. _____ - fast spreading, painful, disfiguring, deadly disease that spread like wildfire
6. _____ - a noble without a hereditary title (didn't have it passed down to him)
7. _____ - language of the Aztecs
8. _____ - native word for pestilence
9. _____ - food-born illness that is mostly found in raw eggs and chicken
10. _____ - Native people to the island of Hispaniola
11. _____ - an infection of the digestive tract caused by drinking contaminated water

Cocoliztli **Dysentery** **"The Sad Night"** **Nahuatl** **Smallpox Virus**

Taino **Haiti** **Hernan Cortez** **Encomiendas** **Hidalgo** **Salmonella**

Fill-in-the-blank:

12. The natives of the Bahamas had a life of hard labor and _____ under Spanish control.
13. With _____ slaves and _____ crops the profit of agriculture in the Aztec community was quickly dwindling.
14. Spanish conquerors shipped _____ natives of the Bahamas to replace the diminishing Taino on their farms.
15. The real wealth of the Indies was in their rich reserves of _____.
16. Cortez and his crew attacked the Aztec's water supply by disconnecting the _____ from the nearby springs.
17. By spreading out their boats, the Spanish were able to stop _____ and _____ from reaching the Aztec city.
18. In 1521 The Spanish conquered the city of Tenochtitlan, which is the modern day city of _____.
19. The Spanish arrived with _____ such as Smallpox and Salmonella to which the Aztecs had no immunity.
20. The population of Hispaniola was wiped out due to their lack of _____ to European diseases.
21. Cortes needed _____ to pay off his investors of his voyage.
22. The European advantage of _____ was used in warfare.
23. Columbus's expedition of 1492 was to find a faster router to _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS