

## QUIZ I - XIV CYCLE

### GRAMMAR

#### 1 Write the comparative or superlative form.

Example: The people in Thailand are some of the friendliest (friendly) in the world.

- 1 The subway in Tokyo is \_\_\_\_\_ (modern) one I've ever been on.
- 2 What's \_\_\_\_\_ (quick) way to get around Seoul?
- 3 Are trains here \_\_\_\_\_ (expensive) as in Canada?
- 4 I think my old car was \_\_\_\_\_ (economical) than my new one.
- 5 You look much \_\_\_\_\_ (good) with short hair!

#### 2 Complete the email with *a*, *an*, *the*, or – (no article).

Dear Paula,

We're having a wonderful time here in Mexico City. We arrived yesterday afternoon so we had time to find <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ nice little hotel and relax after <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ trip. <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ hotel is in <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ downtown area, but it's not too noisy.

We woke up early this morning because <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ sun was shining in through the window. We had <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ quick breakfast (great coffee!) and then went out to explore <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ city.

Later, we're meeting Katie's friend Santiago, who's <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ economics student. He's going to take us to <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ best taqueria in Mexico City (at least he says it is!). I think <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Mexican cities are all wonderful, but I can't believe what <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ fabulous city Mexico City is!

We'll be back home <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ next Friday. See you soon!

Love,

Julia

## VOCABULARY

### 3 Complete the compound nouns in the sentences.

Example: Watch out for the radar camera when you drive out of town.

- 1 I never drive during \_\_\_\_\_ hour because the traffic is so bad.
- 2 Can you believe that drivers didn't wear seat \_\_\_\_\_ in the past?
- 3 Excuse me, is there a gas \_\_\_\_\_ near here?
- 4 I don't like riding my bike in towns with no biking \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 The \_\_\_\_\_ transportation is excellent here. You don't need a car at all.

### 4 Complete the sentences with the correct preposition.

Example: Are you listening to me?

- 1 Is there anything that you're really afraid \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2 I'm tired \_\_\_\_\_ my job. I need a change.
- 3 Try not to laugh \_\_\_\_\_ Bill when he speaks Portuguese – his accent is terrible!
- 4 It can take long time to get downtown – it depends \_\_\_\_\_ the traffic.
- 5 This restaurant reminds me \_\_\_\_\_ the one we went to in San Francisco.

### 5 Complete the phrasal verbs in the sentences.

Example: Slow **d**own! You're going way too fast!

- 1 We need to **h**\_\_\_\_\_ out to the airport at 6:00 if the flight is at 9:00.
- 2 We're going to **r**\_\_\_\_\_ out of gas soon. There's very little left.
- 3 Watch **o**\_\_\_\_\_ for radar cameras on this road – you don't want to get caught.
- 4 My GPS wasn't working and I **e**\_\_\_\_\_ up in the wrong part of town.
- 5 If you want a ride home, I could **p**\_\_\_\_\_ you up outside the supermarket.

## PRONUNCIATION

### 6 Match the words with the same sound.

bridge	<del>limit</del>	rush
coach	seat	accident

Example: fish limit

- 1 complain \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 shower \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 chess \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 jazz \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 tree \_\_\_\_\_

### 7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: scooter

- 1 un | der | ground
- 2 per | so | nally
- 3 a | fraid
- 4 fa | mous
- 5 pe | de | stri | an

## READING

### 1 Read the opinions about bike riding in cities and check (✓) A, B, or C.

#### Pieter – Utrecht, The Netherlands

I bike to work every day because it is faster than driving. By bike, I can be at work in 16 minutes. By car, I have to use a longer route that takes around 37 minutes. I know that bike culture in the Netherlands is very different from, say, the USA. Here, everyone learns to ride a bike at a very young age. There's an old Dutch expression: "You're not made of sugar." It means: "The rain won't hurt you, so go outside and continue doing things!" In Utrecht, we don't see bikes as fashion items or a way to save the planet—they're just a way to get from A to B. Most people don't wear helmets, and that's fine. Personally, though, I think things can still be improved. For example, the company where I work doesn't provide any bike parking with a roof, which can be annoying. And the parking lots downtown are too expensive.

#### Rosa – Madrid, Spain

Madrid is the worst city in Spain for bike riders. Part of the problem is the hills, but also there is no bike culture. There aren't many bike lanes and drivers aren't used to seeing bikes. It can be scary! Did you know it's only mandatory to wear a helmet in two countries in the whole world? Anyway, in the spring, I try to bike to work once or twice a week. But in the summer it is too hot, and I'm too worried about the traffic to bike in the winter when the evenings are darker. Most of the time, I drive to work. I tried the subway, but the tickets were expensive, and I have free parking at work, so .... I would like Madrid to be a better biking city. Perhaps we can close some roads during rush hour so that only bicyclists can use them.

#### Artem – Copenhagen, Denmark

I'm a city planner here in bike-friendly Copenhagen. Since 2016, more bikes have been entering the downtown area each day than cars. In my profession, we want to keep traffic moving. In the twentieth century, the focus was on cars: "How many cars can we get into the downtown area?" Now, we concentrate more on the number of people, which means we think more about bikes and public transportation. For example, in Copenhagen, 62% of people commute to work or school by bike and only 9% use a car. But even here, 54% of the physical space for transportation is given to the car. In my opinion, the "look" of cities in the future will be very different. For most people, how fast they can reach their destination is the most important thing. That's why it's a mistake to promote the "green" benefits of bicycling. But for town planners, the environment is very important.



Example: Pieter's commute to work takes \_\_\_\_\_ if he cycles.

A 37 minutes ☐ B less than half the time ☒ C half an hour ☐

1 Pieter says \_\_\_\_\_ have different ideas about bikes.

A older people ☐ B people in the USA ☐ C younger people ☐

2 Pieter uses a Dutch expression about \_\_\_\_\_.

A the weather ☐ B children ☐ C roads ☐

3 Pieter thinks some people see bikes as \_\_\_\_\_.

A dangerous ☐ B an accessory ☐ C for fit people only ☐

4 Pieter thinks the company where he works should have \_\_\_\_\_ for employees.

A less car parking ☐ B free bikes ☐ C better bike parking ☐

5 For Rosa, driving is \_\_\_\_\_ than bike riding.

A faster ☐ B more expensive ☐ C safer ☐

6 Rosa worries about biking \_\_\_\_\_.

A during rush hour ☐ B in the dark ☐ C up hills ☐

7 Rosa would like to change \_\_\_\_\_ to encourage more bike riders in Madrid.

A the subway system ☐ B the law ☐ C the roads ☐

8 According to Artem, there are \_\_\_\_\_ entering Copenhagen each day.

A more people than before ☐ B fewer cars than bikes ☐

C more commuters ☐

9 Today, city planners focus on the number of \_\_\_\_\_ moving around the city.

A cars ☐ B vehicles ☐ C people ☐

10 For most people, \_\_\_\_\_ doesn't affect their decision to ride a bike.

A the environment ☐ B speed ☐ C cost ☐