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Từ vựng: .....  
 Đọc: .....  
 Nghe: .....  
 Mini Test: .....

## GLOBAL ENGLISH 7: UNIT 8 – IN THE NEWS

### VOCABULARY 1

**Lưu ý:** Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu đề có chú thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

#### A. NEW LESSON

##### 1. Unit 8 Vocabulary

No.	New words	Meaning	No.	New words	Meaning
1	<b>in brief</b>	tóm lại	10	<b>attack (n)</b>	sự tấn công, công kích
2	<b>advert = advertisement (n)</b>	sự quảng cáo, tờ quảng cáo	11	<b>military (adj)</b>	thuộc quân đội, quân sự
3	<b>trial (n)</b>	sự thử nghiệm, cuộc thử nghiệm	12	<b>political (adj)</b>	liên quan đến chính trị, chính phủ
4	<b>handwritten (adj)</b>	viết bằng tay	13	<b>adopt (v)</b>	nhận làm con nuôi, làm theo
5	<b>proposal (n)</b>	sự đề xuất, đề nghị	14	<b>spread (v)</b>	rải, truyền bá
6	<b>word of mouth (idm)</b>	sự truyền miệng	15	<b>issue (v)</b>	in ra, lưu hành
7	<b>censor (v)</b>	kiểm duyệt	16	<b>pretend (v)</b>	giả vờ, giả bộ
8	<b>permanent (adj)</b>	lâu dài, vĩnh cửu	17	<b>get around (phr.v)</b>	đi quanh, đi xung quanh
9	<b>circulate (v)</b>	lưu hành, lưu thông, truyền	18	<b>face extinction</b>	đối mặt với nguy cơ tuyệt chủng

##### 2. Cambridge Vocabulary

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	<b>unwell (adj)</b>	không khỏe	4	<b>mend (v)</b>	sửa chữa
2	<b>appointment (n)</b>	cuộc hẹn	5	<b>agriculture (n)</b>	nông nghiệp
3	<b>variety (n)</b>	sự đa dạng	6	<b>elsewhere (adv)</b>	nơi khác

**\*Note:** *n = noun: danh từ; adj = adjective: tính từ; v = verb: động từ;*  
*adv = adverb: trạng từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ; idm = idiom: thành ngữ.*

**\*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ 1 dòng vào vở ghi.**

## B. HOMEWORK

### I. Circle the correct answer

0. I must book a \_\_\_\_\_ for our game of tennis tomorrow.

(A) court

B. field

C. team

1. Have you read Steve's \_\_\_\_\_ for the new project?

A. proposals

B. propose

C. proposing

2. The proposal has been made to protect native animals which \_\_\_\_\_ due to cat attacks.

A. face extinction

B. facing extinction

C. face extinct

3. There are two major \_\_\_\_\_ parties in the US - the Democratic Party and the Republican Party.

A. political

B. politics

C. politic

4. Spain last week and Germany this week - he \_\_\_\_\_, doesn't he?

A. got around

B. getting around

C. gets around

5. An 80-year-old woman was hurt in a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

A. word of mouth

B. proposal

C. attack

### II. Fill in the blanks with suitable words/ phrases (hints and the first letters are provided)

0. I'm trying to i\_\_\_\_\_ **illustrate** (make clearer) to you what it's like when you are there.

1. The town was once again under a \_\_\_\_\_ (a violent act intended to hurt).

2. They've employed her for a six-month t \_\_\_\_\_ (a test, usually over a limited period of time).

3. Congress (hội nghị) has rejected (từ chối) the latest economic p \_\_\_\_\_ (a suggestion, sometimes a written one).

4. Are you s \_\_\_\_\_ (telling something to a lot of people) gossip (tin đồn) again?

5. Management will be c \_\_\_\_\_ (sending something from one person to another) a supplementary (phụ, bổ sung) report at the budget meeting.

### III. Match to make meaningful sentences

0. <del>It is awesome to see</del>	a. <del>these magnificent creatures in flight.</del>
1. The children pretended that	b. by word of mouth.
2. People learn about the band	c. they were dinosaurs.
3. In brief, I have made up my mind	d. they're hoping to adopt.
4. They have no children of their own, but	e. power in the 16 <sup>th</sup> century.
5. Spain was an important military	f. to quit the job.

0- a	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-
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### IV. Fill in the blanks with the given words in the box, some words may not be used. Change the form of the words if necessary

permanent	censor	relatives	advert	trial	brief	mouth	pretend
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0. Have you got any \_\_\_\_\_ **relatives** you have never met?

1. They're doing clinical (lâm sàng) \_\_\_\_\_ on a new drug.

2. Students discovered the center by word of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The book was heavily \_\_\_\_\_ when it was first published.
4. Are you looking for a *temporary* (tạm thời) or a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ job?
5. "So will the restaurant remain open?" - "Well, in \_\_\_\_\_, yes, but with some *significant* (quan trọng) *modifications* (những sự sửa đổi).

#### V. Match the word with its definition

0. lawyer	0 - A	<del>A. someone whose job is to give advice to people about the law and speak for them in court</del>
1. advertisement	1 -	B. written using your hand rather than printed by a machine
2. circulate	2 -	C. to legally take another person's child into your own family and take care of him or her as your own child
3. pretend	3 -	D. to send something such as information, ideas, or documents from one person to another
4. adopt	4 -	E. to behave as if something is true when you know that it is not, especially in order to deceive people or as a game
5. handwritten	5 -	F. a picture, short film, song, etc. that tries to persuade people to buy a product or service

#### Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài đọc.

## Part 4

For questions **25–30**, complete the second sentence in each pair so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Use the word in capitals. **Do not change the word in capitals.** You have to use between **two** and **five** words, including the word in capitals. Here is an example (0).

#### Example:

0 The bed was so uncomfortable that we complained to the hotel manager.

**SUCH**

It ..... that we complained to the hotel manager.

The gap can be completed by 'was such an uncomfortable bed' so write:

Answer:

0

WAS SUCH AN UNCOMFORTABLE BED

Write **only** the missing words **IN CAPITAL LETTERS** on your answer sheet.



- 25 Even though the weather was bad, we had a great holiday.

**SPITE**

In ..... , we had a great holiday.

- 26 I invented an excuse because I didn't want to go to Sue's party.

**CAME**

I ..... an excuse for not going to Sue's party.

- 27 It was three years since I had seen Mark.

**FOR**

I ..... three years.

- 28 I didn't know there was a problem so I couldn't help.

**KNOWN**

Had ..... the problem, I could have helped.

- 29 I think it would be better to have a quiet evening at home this Saturday.

**SOONER**

I ..... a quiet evening at home this Saturday.

- 30 Sam probably decided to work late this evening.

**MUST**

Sam ..... to work late this evening.

## Test 3

## Listening Part 2



### Questions 8–13

43

For each question, choose the correct answer.

- 8 You will hear two friends talking about a play.  
Why did the girl leave the theatre early?
- A She felt unwell.
  - B She hated the play.
  - C She had an appointment.
- 9 You will hear two friends talking about the food at a school party.  
They agree that
- A there was lots of variety.
  - B everything there was tasty.
  - C the food they took was popular.
- 10 You will hear two friends talking about a soccer match they both watched on TV.  
Why was the boy disappointed?
- A The team he supports lost.
  - B His favourite player was injured.
  - C The quality of the match was bad.
- 11 You will hear two friends talking about a new science building at their school.  
They agree that
- A it looks great from the outside.
  - B the equipment is very good.
  - C it is very well decorated.
- 12 You will hear a girl talking about a blog she has started writing.  
How does she feel about it?
- A delighted that other people like it
  - B surprised it was so easy to set up
  - C satisfied with its appearance
- 13 You will hear a girl telling her friend about learning Chinese.  
The boy suggests that the girl should
- A use websites to help her.
  - B find a conversation class.
  - C buy a good textbook.

## Test 2 Exam practice

## Listening Part 1

You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1–8, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

- 1 You hear part of a conversation in a watch repair shop.  
What is the man doing?  
**A** refusing to accept the watch for repair  
**B** encouraging the customer to buy a watch  
**C** advising the customer to have the watch mended elsewhere
- 2 You are on a train and you hear a woman leaving a message on an answering machine  
Why is she calling?  
**A** to arrange a lift from the station  
**B** to change the time of her evening meal  
**C** to find out bus times from the station
- 3 You hear a talent show judge commenting on a performance she has just seen.  
What does she think of the man's performance?  
**A** He lacks confidence.  
**B** He chose the wrong song.  
**C** He has a weak singing voice.
- 4 You hear the beginning of a talk in a community centre.  
What will the talk be about?  
**A** local history  
**B** transport problems  
**C** modern agriculture

- 5 You hear a man talking about saving money.  
He wants to buy  
**A** a motorcycle.  
**B** a bicycle.  
**C** a car.
- 6 You hear a woman talking about a concert being cancelled.  
What does she think about this?  
**A** She is glad it will not take place.  
**B** It should be re-arranged for a later date.  
**C** She should have been told sooner.
- 7 You hear a man and woman talking about a flat they are considering renting.  
What do they both like about it?  
**A** the size  
**B** the low rent  
**C** the furniture
- 8 You hear a woman talking about her tablet computer.  
How does she feel about it?  
**A** She finds something about it annoying.  
**B** She wants to get a more powerful model.  
**C** She spends too much time using it.

**I. Complete the sentences, using the words in the box**

<b>fleet</b>	<b>decisive</b>	<b>hostile</b>	<b>propeller</b>
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1. The entire \_\_\_\_\_ was sunk.
2. The speaker got a \_\_\_\_\_ reception from the audience.
3. The government must take \_\_\_\_\_ action on gun control.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ suddenly stopped turning.

**II. Write these sentences in another way beginning as shown**

1. Remember to phone me as soon as you come home.  
→ Don't forget \_\_\_\_\_.
2. I've spent years building up my collection.  
→ It took \_\_\_\_\_.
3. This car was too expensive for me to buy.  
→ I couldn't afford \_\_\_\_\_.
4. My father doesn't let me go out late at night.  
→ My father doesn't allow \_\_\_\_\_.

**Lưu ý:** Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.