

TEST 2

Part 1**USE OF ENGLISH**

Choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences. (15 points)

1. It's traditional for the bride in the UK to a horseshoe on her wrist.
A. carry B. eat C. hold D. throw
2. In the UK, in the past, the bride usually a blue dress on her wedding day.
A. was wearing B. wear C. wears D. wore
3. What time the wedding reception start last night?
A. was B. do C. does D. did
4. Woodwinds are a type of instruments that make sounds when a person air into or across the mouthpiece.
A. puts B. plays C. flows D. blows
5. Pandeiro, the Brazilian traditional drum, by hitting it with your hand.
A. is playing B. plays C. played D. is played
6. American women's lives in the 19th century were not the same their lives now.
A. like B. as C. with D. to
7. In the 19th century, American women couldn't do many things. they had money, they couldn't buy a house.
A. As B. Because C. Even if D. So
8. Life for American women in the 19th century was really different to now.
A. comparing B. compared C. compares D. compare
9. Sao truc is played by farmers when they take a break working in the fields.
A. on B. in C. at D. from
10. A drum is played a stick.
A. by B. with C. on D. at
11. Drums and tambourines are all instruments.
A. percussion B. wind C. brass D. woodwind
12. In the past, women stop working when they got married. They had no choice.
A. must B. could C. had to D. used to
13. tradition, children often play tricks on April Fool's Day.
A. In B. On C. By D. At
14. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of others.
A. bride B. violin C. kind D. finger
15. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of others.
A. instrument B. percussion C. century D. anything

Part 2 SPEAKING

Match the questions with the correct responses. There is ONE EXTRA response. (10 points)

1. What did people usually throw at the bride and groom?
2. What are bagpipes usually made of?
3. Which country does the didgeridoo come from?
4. How is sao truc played?
5. How was the bride usually dressed in the UK?

- a. By putting your fingers on the holes to change the sound.
- b. She usually wore a blue dress.
- c. Salt is believed to bring fertility.
- d. Flowers.
- e. They are made of wood and sheepskin.
- f. It is played by the Aboriginal people in Australia.

1., 2., 3., 4., 5.

Part 3 WORD FORMS

Supply the correct forms of the given words. (10 points)

1. The Khene is _____ played by Laotian people. (TRADITION)
2. Kate has been working as a professional _____ for over 20 years. (MUSIC)
3. Couples coming from different _____ backgrounds may consider having two separate weddings. (CULTURE)
4. According to _____, the reason why we wear our wedding rings on the fourth finger dates back to the ancient times. (HISTORY)
5. Rice is often _____ at the bride and the groom at the wedding ceremony. (THROW)

Part 4 READING COMPREHENSION

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions. (5 points)

A musical instrument is a device that is used to make musical sounds. The earliest instrument was mainly used for ceremonies. It could be a horn to celebrate the success of a hunt. It could also be a drum used during a religious ritual. The simplest form of musical instruments was probably a flute which dates back to around 67,000 years ago. As technologies developed and humans wanted to produce musical sounds for different purposes, more musical instruments were invented. Although there are hundreds of musical instruments, most of them fall into five main **categories**: brass, string, keyboard, percussion and woodwind.

1. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. How musical instruments were created
- B. The history of musical instruments
- C. What musical instruments are
- D. Kinds of musical instruments



3. Which instrument is not mentioned as examples of earliest instrument?

- A. a horn
- B. a saxophone
- C. a drum
- D. a flute



2. What purpose was the earliest instrument used for?

- A. for dating
- B. for creating music
- C. for ceremonies
- D. for hunting



4. The word "categories" is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. music
- B. instruments
- C. purposes
- D. types



TEST 2

5. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A. The first kind of musical instruments was invented by hunters.
- B. It was simple to play a flute.
- C. With technological developments, more musical instruments can be created.
- D. Musical instruments are used for a hundred purposes.



2. Choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best completes each numbered blank in the passage. (10 points)

Bagpipes are a woodwind musical instrument. Sometimes they are also called "pipes". They consist of a bag that holds air. The bagpipe player blows air (6) the bag with a tube to keep (7) full of air. To create music, the player presses the bag and the air comes out through a kind of a flute called "chanter". There are usually several tubes (8) from the bag that make sounds whenever the bag (9) These are called drones. Each drone is used to (10) a different note. Bagpipes are traditionally linked to Scotland. You can also find bagpipes in other places in Europe, North Africa and the Middle East.

6. A. through	B. in	C. into	D. inside
7. A. itself	B. its	C. him	D. it
8. A. coming	B. come	C. comes	D. to come
9. A. are pressed	B. is pressed	C. presses	D. press
10. A. play	B. playing	C. be played	D. plays

3. Fill in each blank with ONE suitable word. (10 points)

During the Chinese colonial period, Vietnamese culture was heavily affected (11) Chinese culture. Women's roles were not recognized and men (12) considered the heads of the family and the society. In the family, women had to do all the housework and take (13) of their husbands, their parents and children. Women always had to depend on and listen to men. (14) many women had the chance to study. They just learned to become a good wife and a good mother. Luckily, in recent decades, the role of Vietnamese women in the home and in the society has changed. Vietnamese women have become more independent and have been (15) more recognition in the society.

Part 5

WRITING

1. Rearrange the given phrases to make a complete sentence. (10 points)

1. did/the bride/and/What/their wedding day?/groom/on/eat

→

2. father/gave/worth/Maria's/a necklace/dollars./1/million/her

→

3. women/go/While/they/could/do many jobs./some/could/not/to work,

→

4. around/the world/Cultures/weddings/in/ways./all/celebrate/different

→

5. were/advances/in the 19th century./in/men/women's/rights,/but/There/women/were/still/not/equal/to

→

2. Rewrite the following sentences with the given beginnings in such a way that the meanings stay unchanged. (10 points)

6. It was compulsory for women in the 19th century to stay at home and do all housework.

→ Women in the 19th century had _____.

7. People play the sarangi with a bow.

→ The sarangi _____.

8. African Americans were the first to play the banjo.

→ The banjo _____.

9. People play the piano by pressing keys on a keyboard.

→ The piano _____.

10. People use wood and metal to make the pandeiro.

→ The pandeiro _____.

Part 6 LISTENING You will hear a talk about wedding traditions in Vietnam.

Task 1. Listen and decide whether each of the following statements is TRUE or FALSE. (10 points)

1. All the ceremonies take place at one time. _____
2. The proposal ceremony is the first one. _____
3. The engagement ceremony happens right before the wedding. _____
4. On the wedding day, there are some small ceremonies. _____
5. At the end of the wedding ceremonies, there will be a party for the two families and their guests. _____

VIETNAM



Task 2. Listen again and complete the sentences. For each blank, use NO MORE THAN ONE WORD and/or A NUMBER. (10 points)

6. At the proposal ceremony, the _____'s family ask the bride's family for their permission for the couple to get married.
7. The engagement ceremony happens _____ before the wedding.
8. Only after the engagement ceremony will the _____ know about the wedding.
9. The wedding ceremony takes place first at the _____'s house.
10. At the end, there is a wedding _____ for the two families and their guests.

