

## Midterm Test 2/2566 For Mattayom 4

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_ No. \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: 40 items 20 points.

Part 1: Vocabularies 20 items. 1-20

Part 2: Phrasal Verbs with run 5 items. 21-25

Part 3: Grammar 10 items. 26-35

Part 4: Reading 5 items. 36-40

Part 1: Vocabularies 20 items. 1-20	
<b>1.</b> The pipe is _____. There is water coming out. 1. blocked                      2. working 3. leaking                        4. flat	<b>2.</b> The washing machine has stopped _____. 1. flat                              2. working 3. leaking                        4. blocked
<b>3.</b> There is a _____ in the roof. 1. flat                              2. hole 3. leaking                        4. blocked	<b>4.</b> The car has a _____ tire. 1. flat                              2. hole 3. leaking                        4. blocked
<b>5.</b> The sink has a leaking pipe. We should call _____ to fix it. 1. a plumber                      2. a hire 3. a carpenter                    4. a mechanic	<b>6.</b> Our spare bedroom needs painting. We should call _____ to paint it. 1. a painter                        2. a hire 3. a carpenter                    4. a mechanic
<b>7.</b> We need someone to make a wooden table for us. We should call _____ to make it. 1. a painter                        2. a hire 3. a carpenter                    4. a mechanic	<b>8.</b> I think your problem should be a _____ fix. Just a broke vase. 1. simple                            2. rebuild 3. weak                             4. purchase
<b>9.</b> did you see my _____? I want fix my bike. 1. car                                2. tools 3. carpet                          4. window	<b>10.</b> There is a dirty carpet. You should clean it by _____. 1. herself                          2. themselves 3. itself                             4. yourself
<b>11.</b> "having the training or skills necessary to do something" Does the definition belong to? 1. electricity                      2. purchase 3. weak                             4. qualified	<b>12.</b> "the opposite of <i>strong</i> " Does the definition belong to? 1. electricity                      2. purchase 3. weak                             4. qualified
<b>13.</b> "a form of energy that makes things warmer" Does the definition belong to? 1. weak                             2. purchase 3. electricity                      4. heat	<b>14.</b> "the wood or metal around a door or window" Does the definition belong to? 1. weak                             2. purchase 3. electricity                      4. frame
<b>15.</b> "a type of power" Does the definition belong to? 1. weak                             2. purchase 3. electricity                      4. heat	<b>16.</b> "quickly and without warning" Does the definition belong to? 1. suddenly                        2. purchase 3. electricity                      4. heat
<b>17.</b> "to make the temperature of something lower" Does the definition belong to? 1. weak                             2. heat 3. electricity                      4. cool	<b>18.</b> "to buy something" Does the definition belong to? 1. purchase                        2. heat 3. electricity                      4. cool
<b>19.</b> "a problematic subject that people think and talk about" Does the definition belong to? 1. purchase                        2. heat 3. issue                             4. cool	<b>20.</b> "a long tube used to transport water, air, etc." Does the definition belong to? 1. suddenly                        2. purchase 3. electricity                      4. pipe

Part 2: Phrasal Verbs with run 5 items. 21-25

- 21.** I'm worried I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ my teacher. I'm supposed to be in class right now!
1. run around      2. run off  
3. run into      4. run out of
- 22.** I'm so tired! I've had to \_\_\_\_\_ town all day.
1. run around      2. run off  
3. run into      4. run out of
- 23.** Can you \_\_\_\_\_ your lines again, please? I didn't hear you clearly the first time.
1. run around      2. run through  
3. run into      4. run out of
- 24.** Sorry I had to \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday. I was almost late for my exam!
1. run around      2. run off  
3. run into      4. run out of
- 25.** Did we \_\_\_\_\_ bread again? How much toast did you make?
1. run around      2. run through      3. run into      4. run out of

Part 3: Grammar 10 items. 26-35

- 26.** The cake (**bake**) \_\_\_\_\_ by Mary yesterday. (*past simple*)
1. is baked      2. was baked  
3. baked      4. is baking
- 27.** A new shopping mall (**construct**) \_\_\_\_\_ in the city center. (*present simple*)
1. is constructing      2. constructed  
3. was constructing      4. is constructed
- 28.** This book (**write**) \_\_\_\_\_ by a famous author. (*present simple*)
1. writes      2. was writing  
3. is written      4. wrote
- 29.** The car keys (**lose**) \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday, but they (**find**) \_\_\_\_\_ this morning. (*past simple*) (*present simple*)
1. were lost / are found      2. lost / found  
3. were lost / were found      4. lose / find
- 30.** A beautiful song (**sing**) \_\_\_\_\_ by the choir at the event. (*present continuous*)
1. is been singing      2. was singing  
3. is being sung      4. sung
- 31.** The letter (**send**) \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday, and it should arrive by tomorrow. (*past simple*)
1. is sending      2. was sent  
3. sends      4. sent
- 32.** The team has been practicing for the championship match.
1. Active Voice  
2. Passive Voice
- 33.** A delicious dinner was prepared by the chef for the guests.
1. Active Voice  
2. Passive Voice

**34.** Rewrite each sentence in the passive voice.

"The chef is preparing a delicious meal."  
*(present continuous)*

\_\_\_\_\_ is being \_\_\_\_\_.

**35.** Rewrite each sentence in the passive voice.

"The mechanic fixed my car yesterday."  
*(past simple)*

\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.

Our homes waste a lot of power. This is why many people are changing their homes into "smart" homes. Smart homes use technology to be more efficient. Here are some devices you might find in a smart home.

# SMART HOME

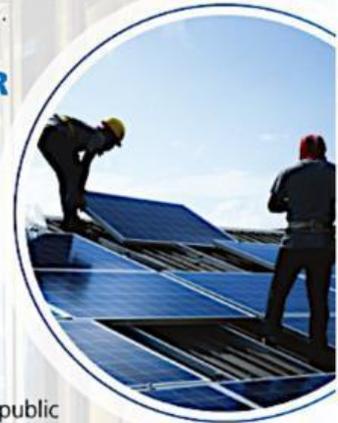


## SMART THERMOSTAT

Many people live in very hot or very cold places. Their living conditions require year-round heating or cooling. Smart thermostats are used to reduce the costs of heating and cooling. These devices are able to know when a person is at home. They can then adjust the temperature based on the person's preferences. They will also turn off when no one is in the house. This might not seem like big energy savings. However, studies have found that smart thermostats reduce energy costs by about 20%.

## SOLAR POWER

Solar power is created by the sun, which means it is free and renewable. In the past, using solar power wasn't very efficient. A solar panel cost more money than it saved. It also couldn't provide enough electricity for a full day. However, solar panels are now 70% cheaper than they were 10 years ago. This is why many homes are now installing solar panels. On average, a solar panel pays for itself in seven to eight years.



## SMART WATER FAUCETS

Smart faucets work like automatic faucets you find in public restrooms. But smart faucets have new technologies to help you save water. Temperature settings can be adjusted based on what you're doing. Smart faucets also adjust the amount of water being used. This means they will change settings when you're cooking, cleaning, or washing your hands.

These are just a few devices we can use to save money while saving our planet. Can you think of other ways to reduce energy and water use?

36. According to studies, what percentage of energy costs can smart thermostats reduce?

- 1. 5%
- 2. 10%
- 3. 15%
- 4. 20%

37. What is the source of solar power?

- 1. Wind
- 2. Earth's core
- 3. Sun
- 4. Water

38. On average, how long does it take for a solar panel to pay for itself?

- 1. 2-3 years
- 2. 5-6 years
- 3. 7-8 years
- 4. 10-12 years

39. Solar power is not a renewable source of energy.

- 1. True
- 2. False

40. Solar panels are more expensive now than they were ten years ago.

- 1. True
- 2. False