Final Exam
Adults 3 – 2023
AEF 2 - Units 1,2,3,6,8,9 and 10

Name: Date:

Part 1: Listening

1) Listen to the conversation. check (✓) A or B.

1   The book group meets at the wrong time for Tom.
A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
2   Tom has just bought a new camera.
A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
3   Tom's class is all taken on a computer.
A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
4   The college is near a movie theater.
A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
5   Sally wants to study on the same evening as Tom.
A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐

2) Listen to five speakers. Match them with the questions they are answering A–E.

Speaker 1 ☐   A   There were too many people.
Speaker 2 ☐   B   The staff wasn't polite.
Speaker 3 ☐   C   The city wasn't very clean.
Speaker 4 ☐   D   A friend has some advice.
Speaker 5 ☐   E   The hotel is too expensive.

Part 2: Use of English

3) Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

Example: I usually <u>get up</u> (get up) at seven o'clock.
a)   Tod _____ (watch) TV at the moment.
b)   The gym _____ (not clean) on Wednesdays.
c)   Ella _____ (have) blond hair, but now it's pretty dark.
d)   He _____ (look for) a job next month.
e)   She _____ (not go) out last night; she went home after work.
f)   I _____ (be) to Europe five times. How about you?
g)   They _____ (not listen) to the teacher at the moment.
h)   _____ you ever _____ (see) a giraffe?
i)   She _____ (meet) her new boss last week.
j)   I don't think it _____ (snow) this week. It's too warm.
k)   He _____ (cook) lunch when we arrived, so we offered to help.
l)   Pizza _____ (make) with flour, oil, tomatoes and cheese.

4) Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: <u>Where</u> do you live?
a)   I _____ wash the dishes now. I'll do it later.
b)   A pharmacy is a place _____ you buy medicine.

c) It was a warm day _____ she wore a big winter coat.
d) What _____ you do if you won the lottery?
e) I'm taking this watch _____ to the store. It doesn't work.

5) <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s) in each sentence.

1 You *must / must* not listen to your teacher. She's trying to help you.
5 You *must not / don't have* to wear a uniform at work if you don't want to.
8 You *don't have to / should* try on this shirt. I think it'll look great on you.
9 They *might / must* go to the beach tomorrow – if the weather's hot.
11 Who *did paint / painted* this picture? It's great!
12 She *said / told* us she was busy this weekend.
14 If I didn't have to, I *won't / wouldn't* go to that conference.

6) Complete the sentences with the correct word.

a) We _____ a really good time at the festival.
   spent   had   did
b) The opposite of crowded is _____.
   clean   safe   empty
c) Kate's really _____. She always gives me presents.
   cheap   lazy   generous
d) Is he looking _____ to the party?
   after   for   forward
e) Those jeans look nice. Would you like to _____ them on?
   take   try   wear
f) Enter our competition now! You could _____ a great prize.
   win   earn   make
g) We don't have much money _____ we aren't going to buy the house.
   because   so   although
h) I'm not very good _____ languages. I find them difficult.
   in   on   at
i) I'm not sure if I can come camping. It depends _____ my work.
   for   on   to
j) Did you wait long _____ your train?
   up   for   forward
k) Harry's worried _____ his driving test tomorrow.
   About   to   for
l) Leo fell in love _____ his girlfriend soon after they met.
   on   with   at

Part 3: Reading

7) Read the text and check (✓) A, B, or C.

The woman who can remember every day of her life

As part of our series on extraordinary people, this week we find out about Rita Howard, a woman with a very unusual talent.

What was the weather like yesterday? What were you thinking about when you woke up this morning? If someone asked you these questions, you probably wouldn't find it too hard to answer. But how about remembering the same information for this date last year, or even ten years ago? Most of us find it easy to remember what happened on the most important days of our lives, but soon forget the little details of the other days, weeks, months, and years. We often imagine that, without this regular "forgetting," our brains would be too crowded with memories and thoughts. For Rita Howard, however, it's as easy to remember a day thirty years ago as it is to tell us about yesterday.

Rita can choose any date from her 68 years and say where she was, what she was doing, and what day of the week it was. For years, she had no idea that this amazing memory was anything special. She was a hard-working student who always did well at school. Then later she became a historian, a job where she had many opportunities to use her ability to memorize all the facts she'd ever learned. Even so, it was only six years ago, when she was in a research project, that scientists actually told Rita she had hyperthymesia – an unusually good memory of her own experiences. Only around 20 people worldwide have the condition.

"People began to imagine that I knew everything," says Rita. "Whereas, of course, I only know everything about my own life!" Another common idea is that Rita has far more memories than everyone else. "In fact, we all have a similar number," she comments. "I'm just far better at finding and using mine than other people."

As Rita reached retirement age, she wondered if her memory would get worse. Three years later, however, it's just as good as ever. "Will that always be the case?" she asks. "Who knows? I know all about the past, not the future!"

Example: This is the first article in the series.
    A True ☐   B False ☑   C Doesn't say ☐

a) Most people don't find it difficult to remember recent events.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
b) People find it easier to remember their own lives than world events.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
c) We generally think that it's useful to forget small things.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
d) Rita Howard is best at remembering things which happened a long time ago.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
e) When she was young, Rita thought everyone had an excellent memory.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
f) People noticed her ability to memorize information when she was at school.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
g) People expect Rita to know about things that she hasn't experienced.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
h) Everyone's brain has as many memories as Rita's.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
i) Rita is working as a historian.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐
j) Age hasn't changed Rita's abilities.
    A True ☐   B False ☐   C Doesn't say ☐

8) Read the text again and answer the questions.

1 Which two details does the writer give as examples of things that are easy to remember? _____
2 What kind of information do most people forget really quickly? _____
3 How old is Rita Howard? _____
4 What kind of student was she?   _____
5 What did she expect to happen after she finished working? _____

Part 4: Writing

9) Write a short tourist guide about Santa Fe (100–150 words). Write about these things.

- The location
- The town's history
- The things the town is famous for
- Activities and sights for tourists
- The best places to eat and stay
- Advice for a successful visit

Include sentences using:
- Should / Shouldn't
- First conditional
- Have to / Don't have to / Must / Mustn't