

PRESENT SIMPLE

	ZDANIA TWIERDZĄCE	ZDANIA PRZECZĄCE	ZDANIA PYTAJĄCE
I	I GO TO SCHOOL	I DON'T GO TO SCHOOL	DO I GO TO SCHOOL?
YOU	YOU GO TO SCHOOL	YOU DON'T GO TO SCHOOL	DO YOU GO TO SCHOOL?
HE	HE GOES TO SCHOOL	HE DOESN'T GO TO SCHOOL	DOES HE GO TO SCHOOL?
SHE	SHE GOES TO SCHOOL	SHE DOESN'T GO TO SCHOOL	DOES SHE GO TO SCHOOL?
IT	IT GOES TO SCHOOL	IT DOESN'T GO TO SCHOOL	DOES IT GO TO SCHOOL?
WE	WE GO TO SCHOOL	WE DON'T GO TO SCHOOL	DO WE GO TO SCHOOL?
YOU	YOU GO TO SCHOOL	YOU DON'T GO TO SCHOOL	DO YOU GO TO SCHOOL?
THEY	THEY GO TO SCHOOL	THEY DON'T GO TO SCHOOL	DO THEY GO TO SCHOOL?

ALWAYS	ZAWSZE
OFTEN	CZĘSTO
USUALLY	ZAZWYCZAJ
SOMETIMES	CZASAMI
RARELY	RZADKO
SELDOM	RZADKO
NEVER	NIGDY
EVERY DAY, MONTH, YEAR	CODZIENNIE, CO MIESIĄC, CO ROK.
ONCE A WEEK, MONTH, YEAR	RAZ NA TYDZIEŃ, MIESIĄC, ROK
TWICE A WEEK, MONTH, YEAR	DWA RAZY NA TYDZIEŃ, MIESIĄC, ROK

UWAGA!

Jeśli czasownik zakończony jest na -ss, -sh, -ch, -x i -o, dodajemy -es, a nie samo-s, np.

I kiss he/she/it **kisses**

I push he/she/it **pushes**

I watch he/she/it **watches**

I do he/she/it **does**

Jeśli czasownik zakończony jest na -y po spółgłosce, „y” zamieniamy na „i” i dodajemy -es, np.

I try he/she/it **tries**

ale nie wpadajmy w pułapkę mechanicznego zamianiania „y” na „i”. Jeśli przed „y” jest samogłoska, nic nie zamieniamy i dodajemy „s”, np.

I say he/she/it **says**



Zadanie 1.

Wybierz właściwą formę czasownika.

Przykład: Caroline (drink/drinks) a lot of orange juice.

1. We (live/lives) in Poland.
2. Tom (don't read/doesn't reads/doesn't read) a lot.
3. My favorite T-shirt (is/are/am) green and yellow.
4. They (drink/drinks) too much coke.
5. My best friend (come/comes) from Kraków.
6. He (know/knows) many videogames.
7. My sister (think/thinks) Taylor Swift (is/are/am) a great singer.
8. We always (wash/washes) the dishes after dinner.
9. I (love/loves) Ryan Gosling. He (is/am) super handsome.
10. I'm (go/goes) to school by bus.
11. In the "Twilight" books, the vampire Edward (love/loves) Bella.

Zadanie 2.

Uzupełnij zdania odpowiednią formą czasu Present Simple.

Przykład: Mark's sister (doesn't learn/not learn) French.

1. We _____ (not play) baseball at school.
2. My father _____ (work) as a bus driver.
3. My best friend often _____ (call) me during the weekends.
4. I always _____ (do) my homework after school.
5. What time _____ (you) _____ (wake up) on Sundays?
6. I'm Polish, and I _____ (live) in Poland.
7. Harry Potter _____ (is/are) a young magician.

Zadanie 3.

Napisz pytania do podanych odpowiedzi. Użyj poprawnych wyrazów.

1. Krzysztof / speak / Italian?

-No, he doesn't. He speaks German.

2. they / go / to the same school?

-Yes, they do. They have English lessons at Mad About English.