

Name: _____ Date: _____

1) Reading Comprehension. Read the text below and mark the statements TRUE (T) or FALSE (F).

Vicente Ferrer was born in Barcelona, Spain in 1920. As a young man, he joined the Society of Jesus because his greatest desire and vocation was helping others.

In 1952, he left for Mumbai as a Jesuit missionary to complete his spiritual training, and came face to face with India for the first time. From that moment, he devoted his life to ending the suffering of the country's poorest people. Unfortunately, his work made certain people suspicious because they thought he was a menace to their interest. These people obtained an order to have him removed from the country. As a result, over 30,000 farmers, supported by intellectuals and India's political and religious elite, organised a 250 km march from Manmad to Mumbai in protest for the deportation order.

In an interview with Vicente Ferrer, Indira Gandhi, then the Prime Minister of India, recognized his work and promised to find a solution. In 1968, Vicente left India for Spain. Three months later, thanks to the personal interest of Indira Gandhi, he was given a new visa and settled in Anantapur (Andhra Pradesh). When he arrived in this arid region, he immediately set up irrigation systems in a completely desert area.

He left the Society of Jesus in 1970 and together with his wife Anne Perry, created Rural Development Trust (RDT) – one of the first organisations dedicated to the development of rural areas in India.

1. Vicente Ferrer was not a Jesuit when he went to India. ____
2. Not everybody liked Ferrer's work. ____
3. Indian farmers wanted to remove Ferrer from the country. ____
4. Indira Gandhi was interested in Ferrer's work. ____
5. Vicente Ferrer created RDT before he met his wife. ____

2) Complete the dialogue below. For some blanks, follow the instructions in brackets

Jenny phones her friend Meg.

Jenny: Hi, Meg!.....? (invite Jenny to go to the beach).

Meg: Oh, yes! I'd love to go to the beach.....? (ask about obligation)

Jenny: No, we don't have to book a room in a hotel. My parents have a flat at the seaside, so we can go there.

Meg: That's great!

Jenny:? (ask about transport)

Meg: We can go by bus. It's very near.? (make a request)

Jenny: Of course I can get the tickets. It's a pity I've left my credit card at home. If I had it now,

Meg: Don't worry. You can get them tomorrow.

3) **Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form**

The Boston Marathon is one of the world's most famous races and it 1) _____ (BE) in the news many times, for example, when Kenyan runner Geoffrey Mutai set a world running record in 2011. The Boston Marathon is an annual marathon and it 2) _____ (TAKE) place every year in the Boston area on the 3rd Monday in April. The first Boston Marathon 3) _____ (ORGANISE) in 1897 by the Boston Athletic Association. The same organization still runs the event. To complete the race, you must 4) _____ (RUN) a distance of 26 miles and 385 yards. The Boston marathon is now one of Boston's biggest events. More than twenty thousand people run in the marathon each year. Last April, the Marathon 5) _____ (HAVE) about 36,000 registered participants.

4) **Choose the word that best fits the blank**

Mr Alex Fraser lived his entire life in a small town in the North of England. He never left his house 1) _____ he had been born and he never married. He never went on holiday and he did not enjoy 2) _____ out with friends. He worked in a local factory for over forty years but the workers knew 3) _____ about him. He wore the same old clothes every year. He shopped at the local stores, but he bought only the 4) _____ food in the shops, and he never changed his products from one week to the next. He 5) _____ dead in the street last month. His neighbours were really surprised 6) _____ they learned that Mr Fraser was a millionaire! He had no bank account and his money was not invested 7) _____. Hundreds and thousands of bank notes and coins were discovered 8) _____ the police in the various drawers, cupboards and boxes in the house. "I have lived in this town 9) _____ fifty years, and I had absolutely no idea that he had so much money", one of his neighbours said. "In fact we used 10) _____ sorry for him. We thought he was a poor old man unable to buy anything better for himself!

1	a) what	b) when	c) where
2	a) going	b) to go	c) go
3	a) very little	b) very much	c) very few
4	a) more basic	b) most basic	c) basic
5	a) are found	b) were found	c) was found
6	a) because	b) so	c) why
7	a) anywhere	b) nowhere	c) somewhere
8	a) for	b) by	c) with
9	a) since	b) for	c) from
10	a) feel	b) feeling	c) to feel

5) WRITING

Write a paragraph of about 70 words on **ONE** of the following:

- 1) You have recently bought a new product, but you don't like it. Write a short **article** for a magazine saying what you bought and why you don't like it.
- 2) Your best friend has invited you to his/her wedding but you can't go. Write an **email** to him/her refusing the invitation. Apologise to him/her and say why you can't go.