

HWEO - Week 5 & WWAPT – Week 1

Language Arts Assessment

1. Unscramble the words that match the definitions:

solugrio: wonderful; beautiful

stonarnem: beautiful decorations

delbremt: shook with emotion

rispsg: small shoots or twigs from plants

2. Drag and drop the words to their definitions:

archaeologist

peasant

emperor

soldiers

a member of the class of farm workers and small farmers in Europe and Asia

people who serve in the army and who are not officers

the male ruler of an empire

a scientist who works in the field of archaeology, the study of past human life and culture

3. Choose the correct pronoun to answer to replace the underlined words or phrases. Remember that the tree was a character in the story:

A. The people would laugh and sing songs around a tree.

B. The woman hummed a lovely song, while the man put up the tree.

C. The weather was beautiful, and the man and I walked amongst the other fir trees.

D. The young fir tree watched, year after year, as the other bigger trees were taken away.

4. Put the following words in alphabetical order:

trunk	meadow	fir	adventure	tickled
	magical	admiring	ignored	

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

5. Fill in the boxes with the words that match the pictures:

cartoonist cyclist dentist pianist scientist florist

					

6. Put the words in the correct order:

A. promised / he / wear / the / to / everyday / armor

B. archaeologists / treasure / the / find / to / expect / didn't

C. need / to / museum / we / put / the / uniform / at / the

D. buy / peasant / wanted / to / the / the / jade / ring

E. soldiers / to / the / join / the / want / army

7. Read the story and choose the correct answer for each question:

A long, long time ago, countries were ruled by their kings and queens who lived in castles. They were called Nobles. Nobles had castles built by slaves. Usually, these slaves were peasants. Some of the main features of castles were: a castle gate (or a castle door), moats, drawbridges, high walls, curtain walls, and flanking towers.

Castle doors were hard to break because they were usually made from thick iron-studded wood. Moats surrounded a castle to make it harder for enemies to tunnel through them. If an enemy tried to swim across a moat or row their boats through the moat, they would have been easily spotted. Drawbridges were above the moats, and they connected the castle to the land outside. They were pulled up to stop enemies from going across them and entering the castles.

The high walls of castles made it very difficult for enemies to climb up them, and the curtain walls around castles were very tall and thick so as to shield the castle. Flanking towers were built in the curtain walls. Here, soldiers defending the castles could view and attack their enemies from.

Some examples of castles are, the Beeston Castle, the Middleham Castle, and the Dover Castle which is often considered to be one of the most iconic castles in all of England.

Question 1: What is the author's purpose for writing this article?			
A) to inform	B) to persuade	C) to entertain	D) all of the above
Question 2: Which feature of a castle could not be broken?			
A) high walls	B) castle doors	C) drawbridges	D) all of the above
Question 3: Where were soldiers when they needed to defend the castle?			
A) high walls	B) gate	C) flanking towers	D) castle door
Question 4: The moat around the castle was ...			
A) to swim	B) to row a boat	C) to play	D) to protect
Question 5: Which is the most impressive castle from this article?			
A) Dover Castle	B) Middleham Castle	C) Beeston Castle	D) all of the above

8. Read this story and answer the questions:

Labrador Retrievers



Do you know which breed of dog is the most popular in the United States right now? If you guessed the Labrador retriever, you are correct! Perhaps someone in your family or one of your friends has a lab, as they are called, at home.

Labrador retrievers have three different possible colors for their fur: black, chocolate, and yellow, which is actually a light tan color.

Labs are usually identified as black labs, chocolate labs and yellow labs.

Labrador retrievers are excellent family pets. These dogs like children and are sociable with strangers, making them a good neighborhood dog as well. Once trained, these dogs are obedient and don't get easily excited. Labs are a rather large breed of dog. A Labrador retriever can be 2 feet tall at the shoulder and weigh 90 to 100 pounds. That's why it is important that they are gentle with children because they are bigger than most children.

The name retriever comes from the fact that these dogs were originally bred to help hunters retrieve game in the field. If a hunter, for example, was hunting for ducks, the Labrador retriever would be able to swim in the water to fetch the duck for the hunter.

Today most Labrador retrievers don't go hunting but stay home and make wonderful family pets. Labrador retrievers love to play ball and Frisbee with the children in their families. Because labs are such patient and obedient dogs, they make good service dogs to help people who are blind or disabled.



1. What color is not appropriate for a Labrador retriever?
 - a. Yellow
 - b. Brown or chocolate
 - c. Black
 - d. White

2. About how tall is a lab at its shoulder height?
 - a. 1 foot
 - b. 2 feet
 - c. 3 feet
 - d. 4 feet

3. Labrador retrievers were originally bred for what purpose?
 - a. Guard dogs
 - b. Family pets
 - c. Hunting dogs
 - d. Service dogs

4. A service dog
 - a. Helps people who are disabled
 - b. Helps serve dinner
 - c. Helps hunters
 - d. Helps families with children

5. Which breed of dog is the most popular in the U.S. right now?
 - a. Golden retriever
 - b. Labrador retriever
 - c. Chesapeake Bay retriever
 - d. Curly-coated retriever