

ОТНОСИТЕЛЬНЫЕ МЕСТОИМЕННИЯ / НАРЕЧИЯ

Who — кто, который, которые. Употребляется с одушевленными существительными:

*The boy **who** is standing near the window is Robert.*
*The people **who** are waving me from the other side of the street are my friends.*

Whom — который, которые. Употребляется с одушевленными существительными в косвенных падежах:

*The boy **whom** I spoke to is my son.*
*That's the girl to **whom** I gave my book.*

Which — который, которая, которые. Употребляется с неодушевленными существительными:

*The book **which / that** I bought yesterday is on the shelf.*
*He asked me a question to **which** I didn't know the answer.*

Which — что, это. Относится ко всему предшествующему предложению. Перед таким **which** обычно ставится запятая:

*You help Peter, **which** is very kind of you.*
*You haven't fastened the belt, **which** is very dangerous for you.*

Whose — чей:

*Ann, **whose** son has won the first prize, is happy very much.*

When — когда (о времени):

*I remember the day **when** I met my husband.*

Where — где (о месте):

*The city **where** I was born is very huge.*

Why — почему (причина):

*That's the reason **why (that)** I didn't come yesterday.*

That используется:

1. В значении который / которые, когда относится к людям, вещам, времени, месту:

*The dress **that** you are wearing doesn't suit you.*

2. После прилагательных в превосходной степени:

*This is the most interesting book **that** I have ever read.*

3. После порядковых числительных:

*This is the first time **that** he has done his homework.*

4. После слов **all, any, only**:

*You should read all the books (**that**) your teacher recommended you.*

5. После слов, обозначающих промежутки времени (**the day / week / month / time** и т. д.):

*I remember that day (**that**) we got married.*

Относительное местоимение **that** употребляется только в придаточных ограничительных предложениях. Его также можно заменить на **who** (для людей) или **which** (для предметов).

Относительные местоимения **which, whom, that** могут опускаться, когда они выполняют функцию дополнения или обстоятельства в придаточных предложениях:

*Here is the book (**which / that**) you gave me.*
*The woman (**whom**) you see in the hall is my best friend.*



Запомните!

В описательных придаточных определительных предложениях заменить союзные слова **who, whom, which** словом **that** нельзя:
*We received a letter **which** contained some important information.*

That часто используется в разговорной речи, **who** и **which** более характерны для письменного английского:

*(Разговорная речь) Robert Burns is a Scottish poet **that** wrote a lot of wonderful poems and songs.*

*(Письменный, официальный английский) Robert Burns is a Scottish poet **who** wrote a lot of wonderful poems and songs.*

Упражнение 7

Заполните пробелы в предложениях, используя *who, whom, whose, what, which, that, when, where, why*.

- The miracle of Internet is that you can virtually get _____ your heart wants.
- I can't understand _____ is happening to us. — The matter is _____ one of us has changed.
- It was quite clear _____ had written the letter.
- The reporter angrily threw away the newspaper _____ he had been reading.
- When I arrived for my first class I saw a group of children _____ were watching with interest _____ was going on on the training-ground.
- I know a boy _____ writes poetry.
- The old man lives quite alone and the woman _____ lives next door to him helps him a lot.
- I couldn't understand _____ he was getting at.
- I'm beginning to understand _____ has happened.
- I think I will find a book _____ I will be able to read with a dictionary.
- There is an article there _____ I have wanted to read for a long time.

12. It's difficult to say _____ he meant.
13. I wonder _____ was the first to draw our attention to this problem.
14. I can tell you about very interesting phenomena _____ were observed by our scientists.
15. Our friends _____ we waited for a long time come to us.
16. _____ does this money belong to.
17. _____ is this woman? — She is my sister.
18. Yesterday I spoke to the man _____ was born in China.
19. I don't remember the data _____ he mentioned in his report.
20. The book _____ I have just read is very interesting.
21. It's my uncle _____ you saw at the theatre with me on Saturday.
22. Someone _____ is a fine athlete is good at games.
23. Life is very different from _____ it used to be.
24. I saw a mountain _____ top was covered with snow.
25. My son helps me about the house, _____ is very kind of him.
26. This is the woman _____ passport I have found.
27. _____ of them is your teacher?
28. _____ wrote this composition?
29. _____ was written in this letter?
30. They came to cheer me up, _____ was very nice of them.
31. That was not _____ I wanted.
32. He gave me a helping, _____ was very kind of him.
33. The neighbour, _____ I saw this morning, bought a new car.
34. It will be the match _____ everyone will remember.
35. This is the only book by this writer _____ I have ever read.
36. The teacher hasn't checked the compositions yet, _____ we wrote yesterday.
37. I know nobody _____ lives in that house.
38. _____ of these stories do you like?
39. She didn't say _____ she had seen there and _____ he had told him.
40. They are not _____ you take them for.
41. _____ lesson did she miss yesterday?
42. He saw at once _____ was the right way.
43. We understood _____ you wanted us to do.
44. _____ do you want juice, coffee or tea?
45. _____ is there in the bag?
46. _____ pens are those?
47. _____ is that boy? — He is my friend.
48. _____ is that woman? — She is a teacher.
49. _____ car do you like best?
50. _____ student in your class works hard?
51. _____ does she look like?

52. Have you found the book _____ was missing?
53. The girl _____ lives in the house is my friend.
54. Mike is out, _____ makes it impossible to see him now.
55. _____ children were ready in time?
56. Steve failed his exam, _____ was a shock.
57. New Zealand is a country _____ I would like to visit.
58. I need the books _____ I gave you last month.
59. My school, _____ is the best in our city, has won the competition.
60. This is the best car _____ I've ever driven.
61. The article _____ I translated yesterday was very difficult.
62. She said nothing, _____ made him more angry.
63. The money, _____ is on the table, must be paid for your driving lessons.
64. He remembered that accident _____ he had seen before.
65. The goalkeeper didn't pay attention, _____ made us lose the game.
66. They had been living in this city for almost three years _____ their son came back to England.
67. I thought we had come to talk about this problem _____ we had been discussing for hours already.
68. Helen rose from the arm-chair in _____ she had been sitting at least for an hour.
69. This is the first essay _____ we have written in English.
70. The flat was dirty, _____ made me upset.
71. The roads were wet and dangerous, _____ made him drive carefully.
72. I asked my sister _____ she had bought the day before.
73. They asked _____ was present that day.
74. _____ did you live _____ you met Helen?
75. _____ were you doing yesterday _____ your mother came?
76. _____ month is the warmest?
77. There are a lot of tasty dishes in the menu. _____ one would recommend?
78. Mark tried to stop Jack _____ had been shouting for the last 15 minutes.
79. I knew all those facts, _____ helped me win the first prize.
80. _____ has she become?
81. _____ is the article _____ you have written?
82. That's the building _____ I work at.
83. _____ did you ask for?
84. _____ do you want: sweets, cake or cookies?
85. I don't know _____ he has told her.
86. I told my friends _____ I had seen in Tokyo.
87. _____ is your favourite food?